March 2021 – Aboriginal adults







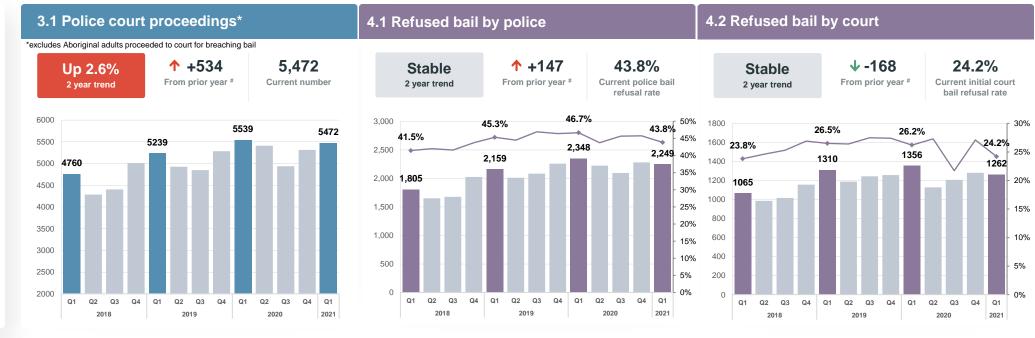




March 2021 – Aboriginal adults





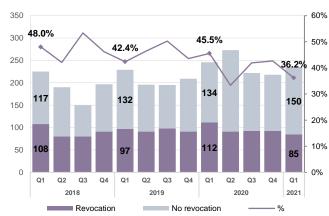




#### 4.3 Bail revoked due to breach \*breach of bail established in court 245 **1**+103 Stable From prior year # Current number 2 year trend 300 270 245 236 250 215 200 150 100 50 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q1 Q4 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 2019 2020 2021



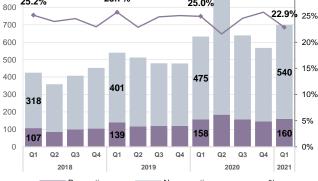




# 4.5 Reason for bail revocation – technical bail breach

\*breach of bail established in court





March 2021 – Aboriginal adults



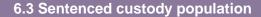




# 6. Custody

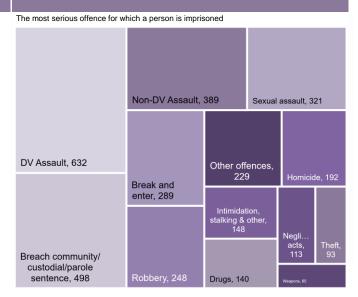
#### 1,186 **+26** Stable From prior year Current number 2 year Trend 1,250 1,207 1,186 1,200 1,184 1,160 1,150 1.100 1,050 1.000 2019 2021

6.2 Remand custody population





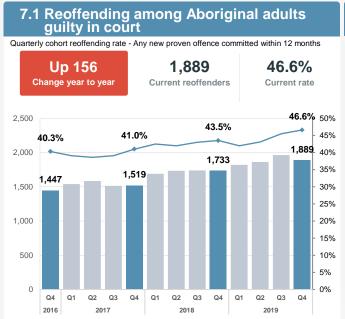
#### 6.4 Prisoner's most serious offence

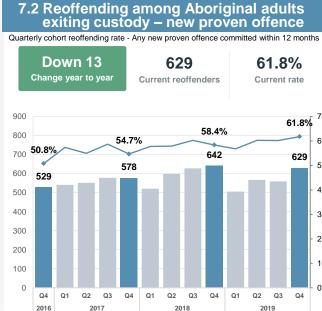


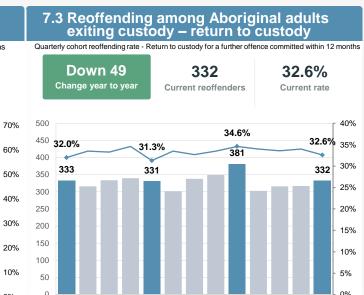
## March 2021 - Aboriginal adults



7 Reoffending







Q2 Q3

Q4 Q1 Q2 Q4

629

Q4

Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1

2016

March 2021 – Aboriginal adults

Aboriginal adults exiting custody – return to

custody





Measure	Definition
1.1, 1.2, 1.3 Aboriginal adults in prison	Number of Aboriginal adults held in custody, whether remanded or sentenced. Custody population figures are counted as at midnight on the last day of the month.
2.1, 2.2, 2.3 Aboriginal adults in court	Number of Aboriginal adults appearing in finalised criminal court appearances. A finalised appearance is one which has been fully determined by the court and for which no further court proceedings are required. Counts appearances finalised in the Local, District and Supreme Courts.
3.1 Police court proceedings	Number of Aboriginal adults proceeded against to court by NSW Police. This measure excludes Aboriginal adults proceeded against for a breach of bail.
4.1 Refused bail by police	Number and proportion of Aboriginal adults refused bail by the police.
4.2 Refused bail by court	Number and proportion of Aboriginal adults refused bail at their first court bail appearance.
4.3, 4.4, 4.5 Bail breaches	Number of Aboriginal adults whose bail was revoked due to a bail breach. 4.4 and 4.5 are a subset of 4.3 and show the reason for the bail breach, 4.4 where the offender committed a new offence, 4.5 a technical bail breach, such as reporting to police, curfew and residence.
5.1 Found guilty in court	Number of Aboriginal adults found guilty in finalised criminal court appearances.
5.2 Sentenced to prison	Number and proportion of Aboriginal adults sentenced to custody.
6.1 Entering custody	Number of Aboriginal adults received into custody. Excludes those held in police/court cell complexes.
6.2, 6.3 Remand and sentenced prisoners	Remand – Aboriginal adults refused bail (and small numbers granted bail but unable to meet conditions) are remanded in custody pending future court action. Sentenced - the courts have imposed custodial sentence for a proven offence.
6.4 Prisoner's most serious offence	The most serious offence type for which each young person is in custody (remand and sentenced custody). Data is shown for the most recent month.
7.1 Reoffending among Aboriginal adults guilty in court	Reoffending is defined as a further offence committed within 12 months of a proven court appearance and finalised by court appearance within 15 months (excludes those who received a custodial penalty). The quarterly reoffending rate is the proportion of Aboriginal adult offenders with a proven court appearance in a given three-month period that went on to commit a further proven offence within 12 months of the court appearance.
7.2 Reoffending among Aboriginal adults exiting custody – new proven offence	Reoffending is defined as a further offence committed within 12 months of release from sentenced custody and finalised by court appearance within 15 months. The quarterly reoffending rate is the proportion of Aboriginal adult offenders released from sentenced custody in a given three-month period that went on to commit a further proven offence within 12 months of release.
7.3 Reoffending among	Reoffending is defined as a further offence committed within 12 months of release from sentenced custody and finalised by court

appearance within 15 months where the offender received a subsequent custodial penalty. The quarterly reoffending rate is the

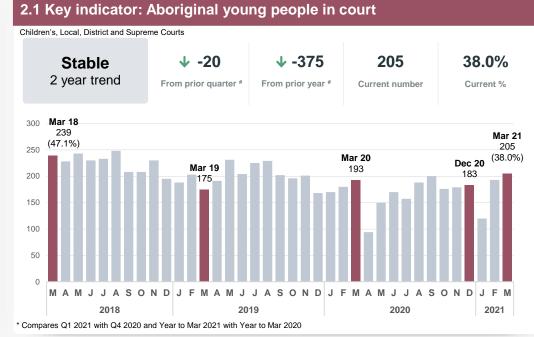
proportion of Aboriginal adult offenders released from sentenced custody in a given three-month period that went on to commit a further proven offence within 12 months of release and received a subsequent custodial penalty (only counts those who committed

a new proven offence not parole revocations or bail refusal). 7.3 is a subset of 7.2 and shows those who were returned to custody.

March 2021 - Aboriginal young people







#### 1.2 Aboriginal young males in detention 1.3 Aboriginal young females in detention Sentenced and remand custody Sentenced and remand custody -20 77 41.8% -2 8 42.1% Down 20.6% Down 20.0% Current Current From prior Current Current From prior 2 year trend 2 year trend Mar 18 Mar 18 18 13 (44.8%)Mar 19 16 Mar 19 106 120 Mar 21 Mar 20 Mar 21 12 Mar 20 100 (42.1%)(41.8%) 10 Dec 20 Dec 20 80 60 40 20 MAMILIASONDIEMAMILIASONDIEMAMILIASONDIEM





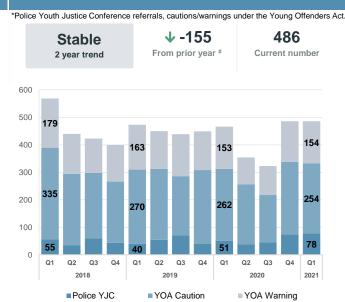
## March 2021 – Aboriginal young people



3. Police



#### 3.2 Diversion from court\*



#### 4.1 Refused bail by police



#### 4.2 Refused bail by court

Q3 Q4



Q2 Q3

Q1

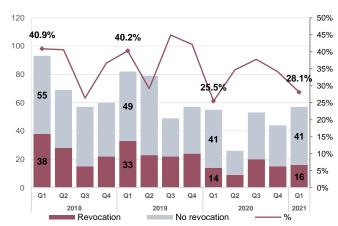
Q1

Q3



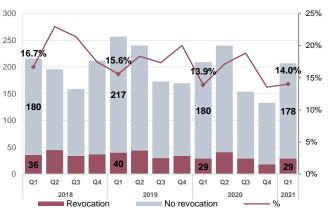
# 4.3 Bail revocations following bail breach involving further offence\*





# 4.4 Bail revocations from technical bail breach





March 2021 - Aboriginal young people

**↓** -395

From prior year #

467

Q2 Q3

2021

Q1

376

Current number



5 **Criminal Courts** 



100

### 5.2 Sentenced to custody



#### **6.1 Entering custody**



# 6. Custody

#### 6.2 Remand custody population

04 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4

Q2 Q3



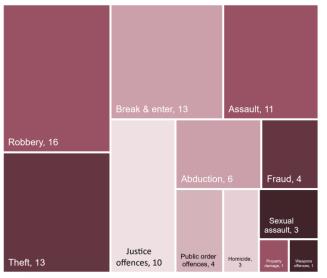
2019

#### 6.3 Sentenced custody population



#### 6.4 Detainee's most serious offence

The most serious offence for which a person is detained

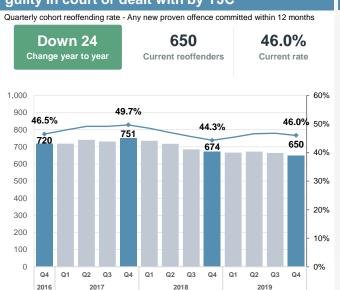


### March 2021 - Aboriginal young people

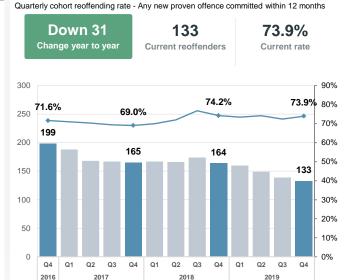


7 Reoffending

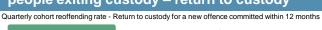
7.1 Reoffending among Aboriginal young people guilty in court or dealt with by YJC



7.2 Reoffending among Aboriginal young people exiting custody – new proven offence



7.3 Reoffending among Aboriginal young people exiting custody – return to custody







# March 2021 – Aboriginal young people



Glossary

Measure	Definition
1.1, 1.2, 1.3 Aboriginal young people in detention	Number of Aboriginal young people held in juvenile detention, whether remanded or sentenced. Custody population figures are counted as at midnight on the last day of the month.
2.1, 2.2, 2.3 Aboriginal young people in court	Number of Aboriginal young people appearing in finalised criminal court appearances. A finalised appearance is one which has been fully determined by the court and for which no further court proceedings are required. Counts appearances finalised in the Children's, Local, District and Supreme Courts.
3.1 Police court proceedings	Number of Aboriginal young people proceeded against to court by NSW Police. This measure excludes Aboriginal young people proceeded against for a breach of bail.
3.1 Diversions from court	Number of Aboriginal young people proceeded against by NSW Police via a Youth Justice Conference referral or a caution or warning under the Young Offenders Act.
4.1 Refused bail by police	Number and proportion of Aboriginal young people refused bail by the police.
4.2 Refused bail by court	Number and proportion of Aboriginal young people refused bail at their first court bail appearance.
4.3, 4.4 Bail breaches	Number of Aboriginal young people whose bail was revoked due to a bail breach. 4.4 shows breaches where the offender committed a new offence, 4.5 shows a technical bail breach, such as reporting to police, curfew and residence.
5.1 Found guilty in court	Number of Aboriginal young people found guilty in finalised criminal court appearances.
5.2 Sentenced to prison	Number and proportion of Aboriginal young people sentenced to juvenile detention.
6.1 Entering custody	Number of Aboriginal young people received into custody. Excludes those held in police/court cell complexes.
6.2, 6.3 Remand and sentenced population	Remand – Aboriginal young people refused bail (and small numbers granted bail but unable to meet conditions) are remanded in custody pending future court action. Sentenced - the courts have imposed custodial sentence for a proven offence.
6.4 Detainee's most serious offence	The most serious offence type for which each person is in custody (remand and sentenced custody). Data is shown for the most recent month.
7.1 Reoffending among Aboriginal young people guilty in court or dealt with by YJC	Reoffending is defined as a further offence committed within 12 months of a Youth Justice Conference or proven court appearance and finalised by court appearance or Youth Justice Conference within 15 months (excludes those who received a custodial penalty). Data is presented for a 12-month period (annual cohort) ending with the relevant quarter.
7.2 Reoffending among Aboriginal young people exiting custody – new proven offence	Reoffending is defined as a further offence committed within 12 months of release from sentenced custody and finalised by court appearance or Youth Justice Conference within 15 months. Data is presented for a 12-month period (annual cohort) ending with the relevant quarter.
7.3 Reoffending among Aboriginal young people exiting custody – return to custody	Reoffending is defined as a further offence committed within 12 months of release from sentenced custody and finalised by court appearance within 15 months where the offender received a subsequent custodial penalty. Data is presented for a 12-month period (annual cohort) ending with the relevant quarter. This measure counts only those offenders who committed a new proven offence not parole revocations or bail refusal. 7.3 is a subset of 7.2 and shows those who were returned to custody.