

NEW SOUTH WALES RECORDED CRIME STATISTICS

Quarterly Update
September 2020

**NSW
Statistical Areas
and
Local Government Areas**

NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research

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INTRODUCTION

This report presents data on crime reported to, or detected by, the NSW Police Force from January 1995 to September 2020, with a focus on the statistical trends for the 24 months ending September 2020. Note that, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, social isolation measures were introduced in NSW in the second half of March 2020. The data were extracted from the Computerised Operational Policing System (COPS) of the NSW Police Force in November 2020.

The report includes an overview of trends in the most recent two-year period for major offence categories, firstly for NSW and then across NSW regions broken down to the Local Government Area (LGA) level. At the State level, for the latest 24 months, one major offence category has been trending upwards: sexual assault (up 10.0%) and eleven of the 17 major offence categories were trending downwards: non-domestic violence related assault (down 7.3%), robbery without a weapon (down 17.1%), break and enter dwelling (down by 18.1%), break and enter non-dwelling (down by 20.5%), motor vehicle theft (down 11.0%), steal from motor vehicle (down 21.9%), steal from retail store (down 20.6%), steal from dwelling (down 8.7%), steal from person (down by 6.6%), fraud (down 12.1%) and malicious damage to property (down 5.8%).

The NSW graphs for rates of violent and property offences are on page 9. For violent offences using the 12-month moving average (light grey line) we can see an upward path to 2004 whereupon they began to fall. Recently however, violent offences have increased but had a big decline in April 2020 before increasing back to normal levels (stable over the last 60 months and stable over the last 24 months to September 2020). The trend tests shown in Table 1.1 indicate that no NSW Statistical Area recorded a significant trend in violent crime over the latest 24 months. For the latest 60 months, two NSW Statistical Areas recorded a significant upward trend in violent crime: Far West and Orana (up 4.0%) and Murray (up 3.8%).

The property offences graph using the 6-month moving average (light grey line) indicates a strong downward path from 2000 to 2010, after which there are further declines but at a slower rate. There was a big decline in the latest 3 months, April to June 2020. Table 1.1 shows trend tests on the levels of property offences in NSW and indicates a significant decrease over the last 24 months (down 18.6%) and a significant decrease over the last 60 months (down on average 6.3% per year). For the latest 24 months, all fourteen NSW Statistical Areas recorded a significant downward trend in property crime: Greater Sydney (down 19.5%), Capital Region (down 13.2%), Central West (down 13.4%), Coffs Harbour - Grafton (down 22.6%), Far West and Orana (down 19.8%), Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle (down 16.5%), Illawarra (down 14.5%), Mid North Coast (down 12.7%), Murray (down 17.1%), New England and North West (down 23.9%), Newcastle and Lake Macquarie (down 18.9%), Richmond - Tweed (down 22.1%), Riverina (down 13.6%) and Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven (down 20.1%). No NSW Statistical Area recorded a significant upward trend in property crime. For the latest 60 months, no NSW Statistical Area recorded a significant upward trend in property crime. Twelve NSW Statistical Areas recorded a significant downward trend in property crime: Greater Sydney (down 6.5%), Capital Region (down 4.1%), Central West (down 7.1%), Coffs Harbour - Grafton (down 6.4%), Far West and Orana (down 8.9%), Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle (down 7.4%), Illawarra (down 6.2%), New England and North West (down 7.2%), Newcastle and Lake Macquarie (down 4.2%), Richmond - Tweed (down 10.0%), Riverina (down 5.1%) and Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven (down 8.5%).

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Executive Director

December 2020

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For information about recorded crime data please see our 'Using crime statistics' webpage.

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SECTION 1:

**OVERVIEW OF TRENDS
IN VIOLENT AND PROPERTY CRIME**

FIGURE 1.1: NSW LONG-TERM TREND IN VIOLENT OFFENCES*

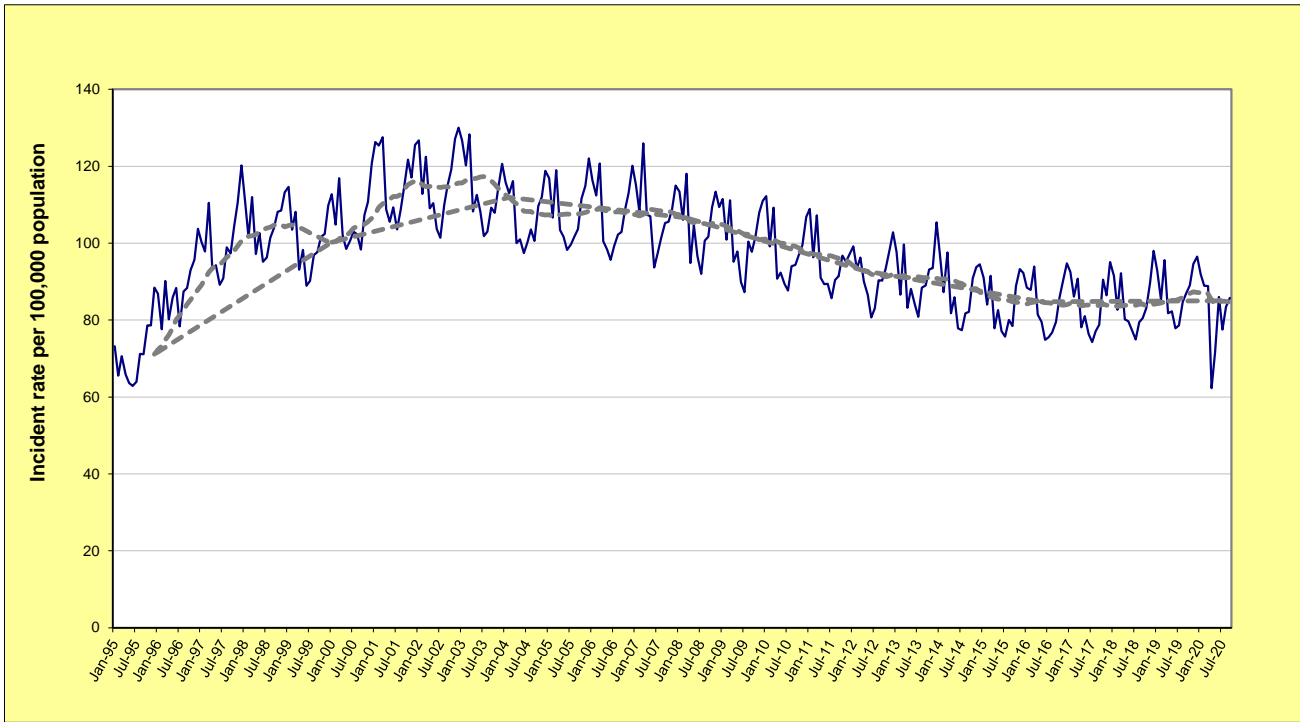
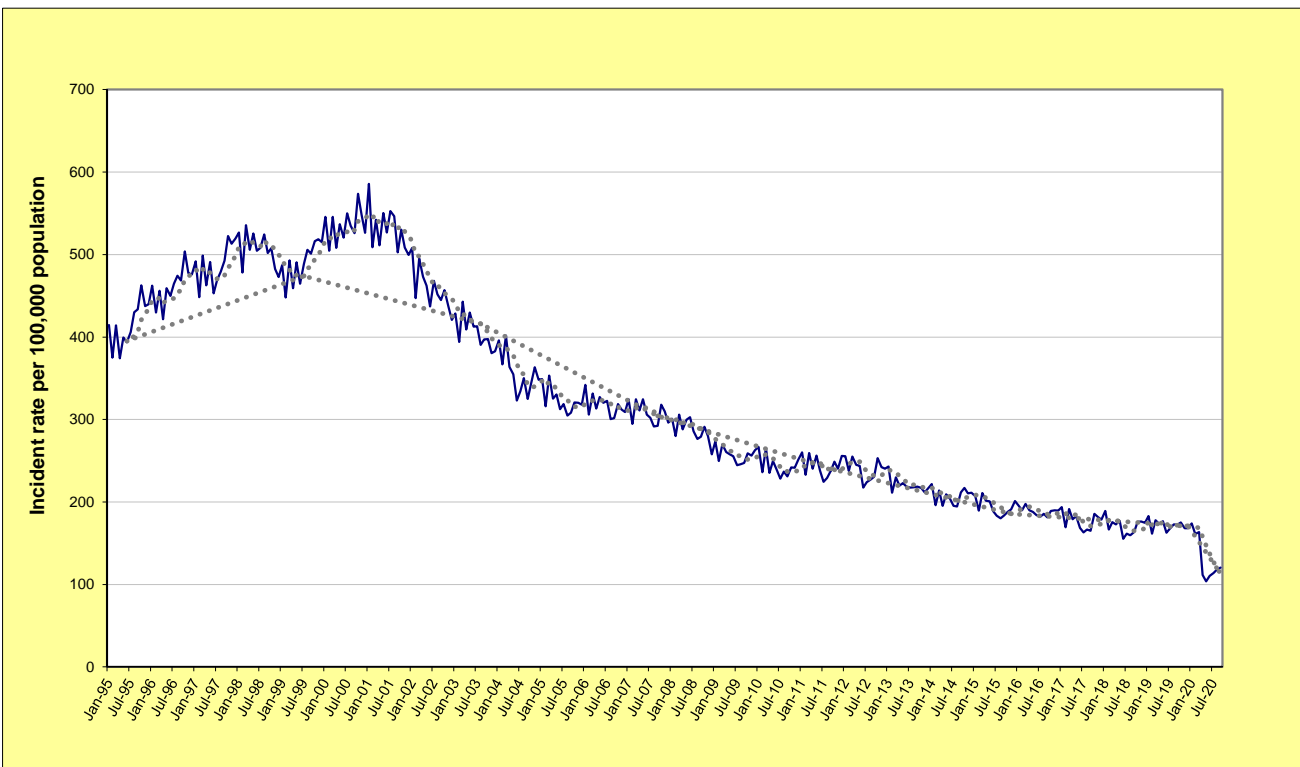


FIGURE 1.2: NSW LONG-TERM TREND IN PROPERTY OFFENCES**



* **Violent offences** include: murder, attempted murder, manslaughter, assault - domestic violence related, assault - non-domestic violence related, assault police, robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, sexual assault and indecent assault / act of indecency / other sexual offences.

** **Property offences** include: break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, steal from retail store, steal from dwelling, steal from person, stock theft and other theft.

For further explanation of **violent offences** and **property offences**, see page 46, Note [7].

**TABLE 1.1: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES
OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW STATISTICAL AREAS (SAs) AND NSW**

NSW Statistical Area	Violent Offences*			Property Offences**		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Greater Sydney	Stable	Stable	0.9	-19.5%	-6.5%	0.8
Capital Region	Stable	Stable	0.9	-13.2%	-4.1%	0.9
Central West	Stable	Stable	1.4	-13.4%	-7.1%	1.3
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	Stable	Stable	1.4	-22.6%	-6.4%	1.2
Far West and Orana	Stable	4.0%	2.7	-19.8%	-8.9%	2.3
Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle	Stable	Stable	1.2	-16.5%	-7.4%	1.3
Illawarra	Stable	Stable	0.8	-14.5%	-6.2%	1.1
Mid North Coast	Stable	Stable	1.3	-12.7%	Stable	1.3
Murray	Stable	3.8%	1.2	-17.1%	Stable	1.6
New England and North West	Stable	Stable	1.6	-23.9%	-7.2%	1.5
Newcastle and Lake Macquarie	Stable	Stable	1.1	-18.9%	-4.2%	1.5
Richmond - Tweed	Stable	Stable	1.0	-22.1%	-10.0%	0.9
Riverina	Stable	Stable	1.5	-13.6%	-5.1%	1.6
Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven	Stable	Stable	1.0	-20.1%	-8.5%	0.8
NSW	Stable	Stable	1.0	-18.6%	-6.3%	1.0

[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* **Violent offences** include: murder, assault - domestic violence related, assault - non-domestic violence related, assault police, robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, sexual assault and indecent assault / act of indecency / other sexual offences.

** **Property offences** include: break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, steal from retail store, steal from dwelling, steal from person, stock theft and other theft.

For further explanation of violent offences and property offences, see page 46, Note [7].

[#] For further explanation of rate calculation populations and the ratio to NSW rate, see page 46, Footnote 2 and Note [8].

**TABLE 1.2: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES
OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, GREATER SYDNEY STATISTICAL AREAS (SAs)**

Greater Sydney Statistical Area	Violent Offences*			Property Offences**		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury	9.1%	6.3%	0.5	Stable	Stable	0.6
Blacktown	Stable	3.7%	1.4	-23.5%	-6.4%	1.1
Central Coast	Stable	Stable	1.1	-17.2%	-6.8%	1.0
City and Inner South	-14.9%	Stable	1.6	-27.4%	-8.8%	1.7
Eastern Suburbs	-7.9%	Stable	0.7	-24.2%	-10.4%	0.7
Inner South West	Stable	Stable	0.7	-19.2%	-6.4%	0.6
Inner West	Stable	-1.6%	0.5	-14.1%	-7.8%	0.8
North Sydney and Hornsby	Stable	Stable	0.4	-21.5%	Stable	0.6
Northern Beaches	-15.8%	4.1%	0.5	-27.9%	-9.4%	0.5
Outer South West	Stable	Stable	1.0	-19.4%	-7.9%	0.8
Outer West and Blue Mountains	Stable	3.6%	1.3	-16.0%	-4.7%	1.0
Parramatta	Stable	Stable	0.9	-11.0%	-3.6%	1.0
Ryde	Stable	5.0%	0.5	-22.4%	Stable	0.6
South West	Stable	Stable	0.9	-17.4%	-5.9%	0.9
Sutherland	Stable	Stable	0.7	-15.8%	-7.2%	0.5

[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* **Violent offences** include: murder, assault - domestic violence related, assault - non-domestic violence related, assault police, robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, sexual assault and indecent assault / act of indecency / other sexual offences.

** **Property offences** include: break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, steal from retail store, steal from dwelling, steal from person, stock theft and other theft.

For further explanation of violent offences and property offences, see page 46, Note [7].

[#] For further explanation of rate calculation populations and the ratio to NSW rate, see page 46, Footnote 2 and Note [8].

TABLE 1.3: TRENDS^a IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES, OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS (LGAs)

NSW LGAs	Violent Offences*			Property Offences*		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Albury	ns	ns	1.5	ns	3.3	2.3
Armidale Regional	ns	ns	1.5	-16.5	-7.7	1.9
Ballina	ns	ns	0.7	-43.2	-12.6	0.7
Balranald	ns	.	.	ns	ns	.
Bathurst Regional	ns	.	1.5	ns	-10.1	1.3
Bayside	ns	5.9	0.8	-20.1	-5.7	0.7
Bega Valley	ns	-4.2	0.8	ns	ns	0.8
Bellingen	44.9	16.5	1.1	-18.8	ns	0.7
Berrigan	ns	ns	0.6	-46.6	ns	0.7
Blacktown	ns	3.6	1.4	-23.8	-6.5	1.1
Bland	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.8
Blayney	ns	ns	0.8	-34.2	ns	0.9
Blue Mountains	ns	-2.4	0.7	-25.9	-11.6	0.5
Bogan	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Bourke	ns	ns	.	ns	-15.7	.
Brewarrina	ns	ns	.	ns	-14.4	.
Broken Hill	ns	5.6	2.5	ns	ns	2.4
Burwood	ns	-3.8	0.5	-20.7	-5.7	1.1
Byron	ns	ns	1.3	ns	-8.6	1.4
Cabonne	-27.4	ns	0.6	-45.3	ns	0.6
Camden	ns	9.9	0.8	-19.2	ns	0.6
Campbelltown	ns	ns	1.3	-20.8	-7.8	1.1
Canada Bay	ns	ns	0.4	-6.5	-6.9	0.6
Canterbury-Bankstown	ns	ns	0.8	-17.4	-5.9	0.7
Carrathool	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Central Coast	ns	ns	1.1	-17.2	-6.8	1.0
Central Darling	ns	ns	.	101.8	ns	.
Cessnock	ns	-2.1	1.2	-21.9	-9.0	1.6
Clarence Valley	ns	-2.2	1.1	-23.3	-11.6	1.1
Cobar	-45.3	ns	1.2	ns	-15.1	1.3
Coffs Harbour	ns	ns	1.6	-22.5	ns	1.4
Coolamon	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.5
Coonamble	ns	14.9	5.3	-26.0	-9.5	3.6
Cootamundra-Gundagai	ns	ns	1.1	-28.8	ns	0.8
Cowra	ns	-4.2	1.3	ns	-6.7	1.6
Cumberland	ns	ns	0.9	-8.4	-4.7	0.9
Dubbo Regional	ns	7.1	2.4	-20.8	-10.3	2.5
Dungog	ns	ns	0.8	ns	ns	0.7
Edward River	ns	ns	1.5	-24.2	ns	1.3
Eurobodalla	ns	ns	1.2	-19.5	-8.4	1.2
Fairfield	-7.5	ns	0.8	-16.6	-6.0	0.7
Federation	ns	ns	0.8	-33.6	ns	0.9
Forbes	ns	ns	1.9	ns	ns	2.4
Georges River	ns	ns	0.6	-23.4	-7.8	0.5
Gilgandra	ns	ns	1.9	-26.8	ns	1.1
Glen Innes Severn	ns	-7.0	1.7	-14.6	-15.2	1.1
Goulburn Mulwaree	ns	ns	1.1	-7.7	ns	1.0
Greater Hume Shire	ns	ns	0.7	ns	ns	0.7
Griffith	ns	ns	1.7	ns	ns	1.8
Gunnedah	ns	ns	1.6	-41.5	ns	1.2
Gwydir	ns	ns	1.1	-34.4	ns	0.7
Hawkesbury	ns	ns	0.9	-27.6	-13.7	0.7
Hay	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Hilltops	ns	ns	1.2	ns	-5.5	0.8
Hornsby	ns	5.9	0.4	-16.8	ns	0.5
Hunters Hill	ns	ns	0.6	-29.9	ns	0.6
Inner West	ns	ns	0.7	-16.9	-6.7	0.8
Inverell	-19.0	ns	1.6	-26.9	ns	1.3
Junee	ns	ns	1.0	ns	ns	0.8
Kempsey	ns	ns	1.7	ns	ns	2.2
Kiama	ns	-10.4	0.3	ns	-5.4	0.7
Ku-ring-gai	17.5	10.4	0.3	ns	ns	0.4
Kyogle	ns	6.0	1.1	-50.0	-15.2	0.6
Lachlan	ns	-8.7	1.6	ns	ns	2.4
Lake Macquarie	ns	ns	1.0	-18.9	-5.7	1.1

TABLE 1.3: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES, OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS (LGAs)

NSW LGAs	Violent Offences*			Property Offences*		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Lane Cove	ns	ns	0.3	-25.1	ns	0.6
Leeton	10.2	ns	1.7	ns	-5.0	1.3
Lismore	ns	ns	1.5	-18.3	-12.3	1.1
Lithgow	ns	4.3	1.5	ns	-6.1	1.4
Liverpool	ns	ns	1.0	-16.6	-6.7	1.0
Liverpool Plains	ns	ns	1.6	ns	-7.6	0.9
Lockhart	ns	ns	0.8	ns	ns	0.8
Lord Howe Island	.	.	.	.	.	.
Maitland	ns	ns	1.2	-8.1	-4.3	1.6
Mid-Coast	ns	ns	1.3	ns	-2.0	1.4
Mid-Western Regional	ns	ns	1.4	ns	-8.4	0.8
Moree Plains	ns	-5.9	2.9	-26.1	-6.1	3.4
Mosman	-36.6	ns	0.2	-24.3	ns	0.5
Murray River	ns	ns	0.6	-36.2	-17.6	0.7
Murrumbidgee	ns	ns	1.2	ns	ns	1.4
Muswellbrook	ns	ns	1.8	-18.9	-13.1	1.4
Nambucca	ns	ns	1.7	ns	ns	1.6
Narrabri	ns	-5.5	1.3	-27.1	-10.8	1.2
Narrandera	ns	8.9	1.6	ns	ns	2.9
Narramine	ns	ns	1.5	-46.5	-14.4	2.0
Newcastle	ns	ns	1.4	-18.4	ns	2.0
North Sydney	ns	-4.5	0.4	-18.9	-7.6	0.6
Northern Beaches	-15.8	4.1	0.5	-27.9	-9.4	0.5
Oberon	ns	ns	0.8	ns	ns	1.0
Orange	ns	ns	1.9	-35.8	-8.0	1.8
Parkes	ns	-4.1	1.6	ns	-10.5	1.4
Parramatta	ns	ns	0.8	-14.0	ns	1.1
Penrith	ns	5.5	1.5	ns	ns	1.3
Port Macquarie-Hastings	ns	ns	1.0	-25.0	-7.1	0.8
Port Stephens	ns	ns	1.2	-16.1	-10.5	0.9
Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional	ns	ns	0.7	ns	ns	1.1
Randwick	-9.0	ns	0.7	-25.5	-10.9	0.6
Richmond Valley	ns	ns	1.4	-34.0	-15.9	0.9
Ryde	ns	4.3	0.5	-21.8	-4.7	0.6
Shellharbour	ns	ns	0.9	-24.3	-9.2	0.9
Shoalhaven	ns	ns	1.1	-18.9	-6.1	1.0
Singleton	ns	ns	0.9	-29.9	ns	1.3
Snowy Monaro Regional	21.5	ns	1.0	ns	ns	0.6
Snowy Valleys	ns	ns	1.2	-34.3	-10.3	1.0
Strathfield	-11.7	ns	0.7	ns	-8.3	0.9
Sutherland Shire	ns	ns	0.7	-15.7	-7.1	0.5
Sydney	-18.0	ns	1.9	-29.2	-10.0	2.0
Tamworth Regional	ns	ns	1.5	-21.1	-5.2	1.4
Temora	ns	ns	0.8	-46.9	-12.3	0.6
Tenterfield	ns	ns	1.4	-45.1	-13.4	1.0
The Hills Shire	9.6	8.4	0.5	ns	ns	0.7
Tweed	ns	ns	0.8	-15.7	ns	0.9
Unincorporated Far West	.	.	.	.	.	.
Upper Hunter Shire	ns	10.4	1.0	-22.9	-10.9	0.8
Upper Lachlan Shire	ns	ns	0.4	-44.3	ns	0.3
Uralla	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.6
Wagga Wagga	ns	2.6	1.7	-18.2	-6.6	2.1
Walcha	ns	ns	1.4	.	.	0.4
Walgett	ns	ns	4.1	ns	-8.6	2.3
Warren	ns	ns	.	-39.2	ns	.
Warrumbungle Shire	ns	ns	1.3	ns	ns	1.2
Waverley	ns	ns	0.8	-22.5	-8.1	1.1
Weddin	.	.	0.7	ns	ns	0.6
Wentworth	ns	ns	1.8	ns	ns	1.6
Willoughby	ns	ns	0.4	-26.6	ns	0.9
Wingecarribee	ns	ns	0.6	-24.7	-16.6	0.4
Wollondilly	ns	ns	0.7	ns	-6.2	0.4
Wollongong	ns	-3.6	0.8	-13.1	-5.5	1.2
Woollahra	ns	ns	0.5	-23.2	-12.6	0.5
Yass Valley	ns	ns	0.5	ns	ns	0.4
NSW	ns	ns	1.0	-18.6	-6.3	1.0

[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* For further explanation of violent offences and property offences, see page 46, Note [7].

For further explanation of rate calculation populations and the ratio to NSW rate, see page 46, Footnote 2 and Note [8].

Sydney LGA can be considered a special case since the population used to calculate the rate is much lower than the population using the area for work and entertainment. This will be reflected in higher incident rates.

SECTION 2:
OVERVIEW OF TRENDS
IN RECORDED CRIME
BY OFFENCE TYPE
NSW

**TABLE 2.1: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES
OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW**

Offence category	Trend result and annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Trend result and average annual percentage change over the last 60 months
Murder *	Stable	Stable
Domestic violence related assault	Stable	Stable
Non-domestic violence related assault	Down by 7.3%	Stable
Sexual assault	Up by 10.0%	Up by 6.9%
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Stable	Up by 3.4%
Robbery without a weapon	Down by 17.1%	Stable
Robbery with a firearm	Stable	Down by 9.4%
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Stable	Stable
Break and enter dwelling	Down by 18.1%	Down by 8.8%
Break and enter non-dwelling	Down by 20.5%	Down by 8.3%
Motor vehicle theft	Down by 11.0%	Stable
Steal from motor vehicle	Down by 21.9%	Down by 6.8%
Steal from retail store	Down by 20.6%	Down by 2.1%
Steal from dwelling	Down by 8.7%	Down by 5.1%
Steal from person	Down by 36.6%	Down by 16.8%
Fraud	Down by 12.1%	Stable
Malicious damage to property	Down by 5.8%	Down by 3.8%

[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

TABLE 2.2: PERIODIC TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW

<i>Offence category</i>	<i>Trend result and annual percentage change</i>				
	<i>Oct 2014 - Sep 2016</i>	<i>Oct 2015 - Sep 2017</i>	<i>Oct 2016 - Sep 2018</i>	<i>Oct 2017 - Sep 2019</i>	<i>Oct 2018 - Sep 2020</i>
Murder *	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable
Domestic violence related assault	Stable	-3.0%	Stable	Stable	Stable
Non-domestic violence related assault	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	-7.3%
Sexual assault	Stable	14.5%	Stable	Stable	10.0%
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable
Robbery without a weapon	-17.0%	Stable	Stable	Stable	-17.1%
Robbery with a firearm	-26.0%	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	-20.8%	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable
Break and enter dwelling	-6.0%	-7.7%	-2.7%	-6.0%	-18.1%
Break and enter non-dwelling	-8.7%	-5.6%	-3.8%	Stable	-20.5%
Motor vehicle theft	-10.8%	Stable	-3.0%	Stable	-11.0%
Steal from motor vehicle	Stable	Stable	-2.7%	Stable	-21.9%
Steal from retail store	6.9%	5.1%	Stable	9.2%	-20.6%
Steal from dwelling	Stable	-5.6%	-3.3%	-2.6%	-8.7%
Steal from person	-10.8%	-10.8%	-9.2%	-6.6%	-36.6%
Fraud	Stable	-6.6%	6.8%	Stable	-12.1%
Malicious damage to property	-2.2%	-2.5%	-3.4%	-3.5%	-5.8%

[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

TABLE 2.3: NUMBER AND TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR 62 OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW

Offence Category		Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend [^] over the last 24 months	
		over the 12 months to September 2019	over the 12 months to September 2020	Trend test result	Percentage change
Homicide	Murder*	72	77	Stable	
	Attempted murder	20	28	Stable	
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	1	1	.	
	Manslaughter*	10	5	.	
Assault	Domestic violence related assault	31,082	31,818	Stable	
	Non-domestic violence related assault	32,110	29,753	Down	-7.3%
	Assault Police	2,499	2,551	Stable	
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	6,100	6,708	Up	10.0%
	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	8,420	8,046	Stable	
Abduction and kidnapping		201	196	Stable	
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	1,467	1,216	Down	-17.1%
	Robbery with a firearm	159	109	Stable	
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	893	883	Stable	
Blackmail and extortion		76	82	Stable	
Intimidation, stalking and harassment		34,699	37,524	Up	8.1%
Other offences against the person		1,233	1,313	Stable	
Theft	Break and enter dwelling	25,592	20,949	Down	-18.1%
	Break and enter non-dwelling	10,126	8,051	Down	-20.5%
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	8,611	8,564	Stable	
	Motor vehicle theft	13,554	12,064	Down	-11.0%
	Steal from motor vehicle	38,973	30,430	Down	-21.9%
	Steal from retail store	26,882	21,334	Down	-20.6%
	Steal from dwelling	18,898	17,254	Down	-8.7%
	Steal from person	3,939	2,499	Down	-36.6%
	Stock theft	439	407	Stable	
	Fraud	52,837	46,441	Down	-12.1%
Other theft	27,346	21,881	Down	-20.0%	
Arson		4,980	4,341	Stable	
Malicious damage to property		57,330	54,016	Down	-5.8%
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	2,398	2,178	Stable	
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	1,144	1,367	Up	19.5%
	Possession and/or use of cannabis	17,650	18,540	Stable	
	Possession and/or use of amphetamines	7,786	8,569	Stable	
	Possession and/or use of ecstasy	2,669	1,927	Down	-27.8%
	Possession and/or use of other drugs	5,612	6,594	Up	17.5%
	Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	856	1,174	Up	37.1%
	Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	975	333	Stable	
	Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	1,324	1,000	Stable	
	Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	2,024	2,844	Up	40.5%
	Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	572	618	Stable	
	Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	528	676	Stable	
	Cultivating cannabis	1,228	1,222	Stable	
	Manufacture drug	63	62	Stable	
Importing drugs	120	238	Up	98.3%	
Other drug offences	6,443	6,389	Stable		
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences		15,862	15,628	Stable	
Disorderly conduct	Trespass	10,613	10,602	Stable	
	Offensive conduct	4,545	4,003	Down	-11.9%
	Offensive language	2,418	2,223	Down	-8.1%
	Criminal intent	2,470	2,382	Stable	
Betting and gaming offences		168	55	Down	-67.3%
Liquor offences		11,807	8,568	Down	-27.4%
Pornography offences		713	779	Up	9.3%
Prostitution offences		23	20	Stable	
Against justice procedures	Escape custody	169	190	Stable	
	Breach Apprehended Violence Order	17,404	19,784	Up	13.7%
	Breach bail conditions	46,693	50,883	Up	9.0%
	Fail to appear	521	741	Up	42.2%
	Resist or hinder officer	5,984	5,835	Stable	
Other offences against justice procedures**	n.a.	1,708	n.c.		
Transport regulatory offences		110,007	86,587	Down	-21.3%
Other offences		14,590	25,899	Up	77.5%

[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* For murder and manslaughter incidents, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

** Due to classification changes, comparable figures are not available in this time period for this offence. n.a. - Not available, n.c. - Not calculated.

TABLE 2.4: NUMBER AND OUTCOME[^] OF 24-MONTH TREND TESTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, NSW LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS (LGAs), ALL REPORTS 2012 TO SEPTEMBER 2020

Year	Final month for 24-month trend test	Number of LGAs	Number of trend tests	Stable trends (%)	Downward trends (%)	Upward trends (%)
2012	March	130	1,250	86.2	5.8	8.1
	June	130	1,236	86.8	7.3	5.9
	September	130	1,240	86.2	9.2	4.6
	December	130	1,246	85.6	7.9	6.5
2013	March	130	1,238	85.1	7.0	7.8
	June	130	1,232	84.9	8.5	6.6
	September	130	1,240	83.5	11.0	5.6
	December	130	1,236	84.5	11.0	4.4
2014	March	130	1,227	84.1	9.8	6.1
	June	130	1,228	82.4	13.8	3.8
	September	130	1,227	80.0	17.1	2.9
	December	130	1,226	85.8	10.0	4.2
2015	March	130	1,224	86.1	9.1	4.8
	June	130	1,229	86.7	9.6	3.7
	September	130	1,219	86.2	10.8	3.0
	December	130	1,224	87.7	8.2	4.1
2016	March	130	1,226	85.6	6.4	8.0
	June	130	1,221	83.8	9.4	6.8
	September	130	1,220	83.2	11.6	5.2
	December	130	1,219	87.1	7.2	5.7
2017	March	130	1,226	87.8	5.7	6.4
	June	130	1,215	88.2	6.0	5.8
	September	130	1,223	84.4	11.4	4.3
	December	130	1,224	86.6	8.9	4.5
2018	March	130	1,225	87.3	6.9	5.8
	June	130	1,216	86.5	8.1	5.3
	September	130	1,219	85.8	10.7	3.5
	December	130	1,219	88.2	6.2	5.7
2019	March	130	1,219	86.9	4.7	8.4
	June	130	1,225	88.4	4.7	6.9
	September	130	1,223	85.9	7.6	6.5
	December	130	1,225	88.8	4.8	6.4
2020	March	130	1,217	87.5	4.2	8.3
	June	130	1,214	86.1	11.3	2.6
	September	130	1,202	75.5	22.6	1.8

[^] This table summarises the aggregate outcomes of statistical tests for significant upward or downward trends in the number of recorded criminal incidents in major offence categories over a 24-month period across all NSW LGAs with a population of 3,000 or more. The trend test used is Kendall's rank-order correlation test. A trend test was not performed if there were fewer than 20 incidents in either of the two years for the period in question, hence no trend tests for **murder** were calculated for this table. These tests were carried out on 17 major offence categories.

FIGURE 2.1A: NUMBER OF NSW LGAs WITH SIGNIFICANT UPWARD TRENDS[^], MAJOR OFFENCES, OCT 17 TO SEP 19 and OCT 18 TO SEP 20

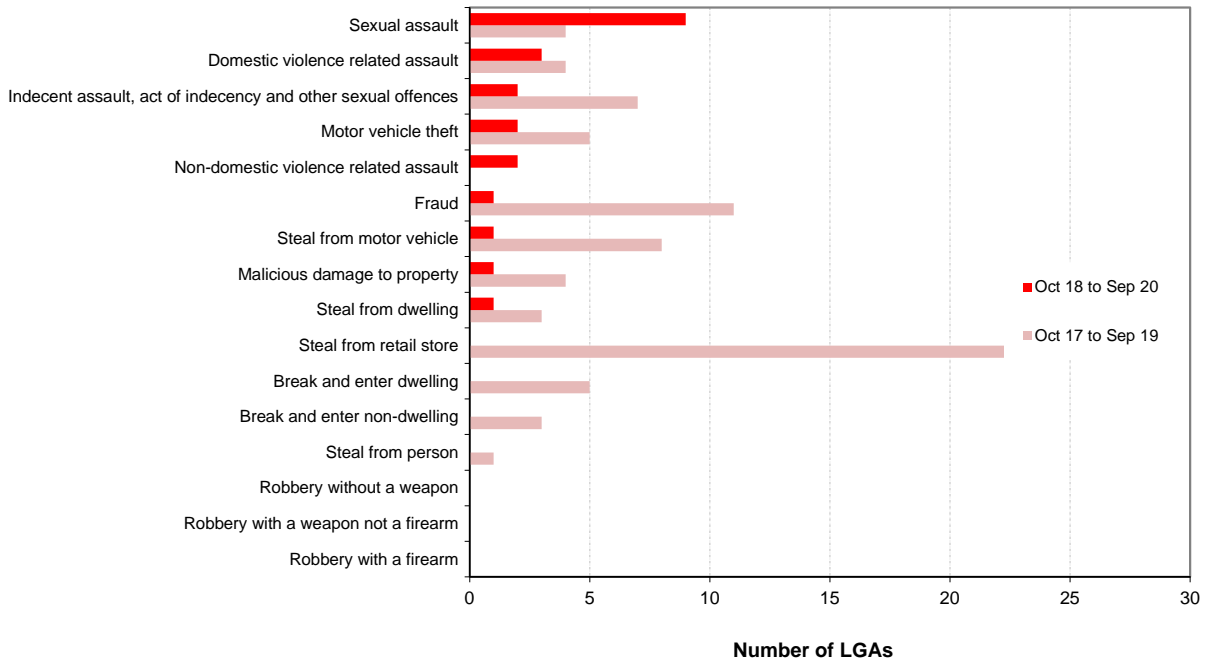
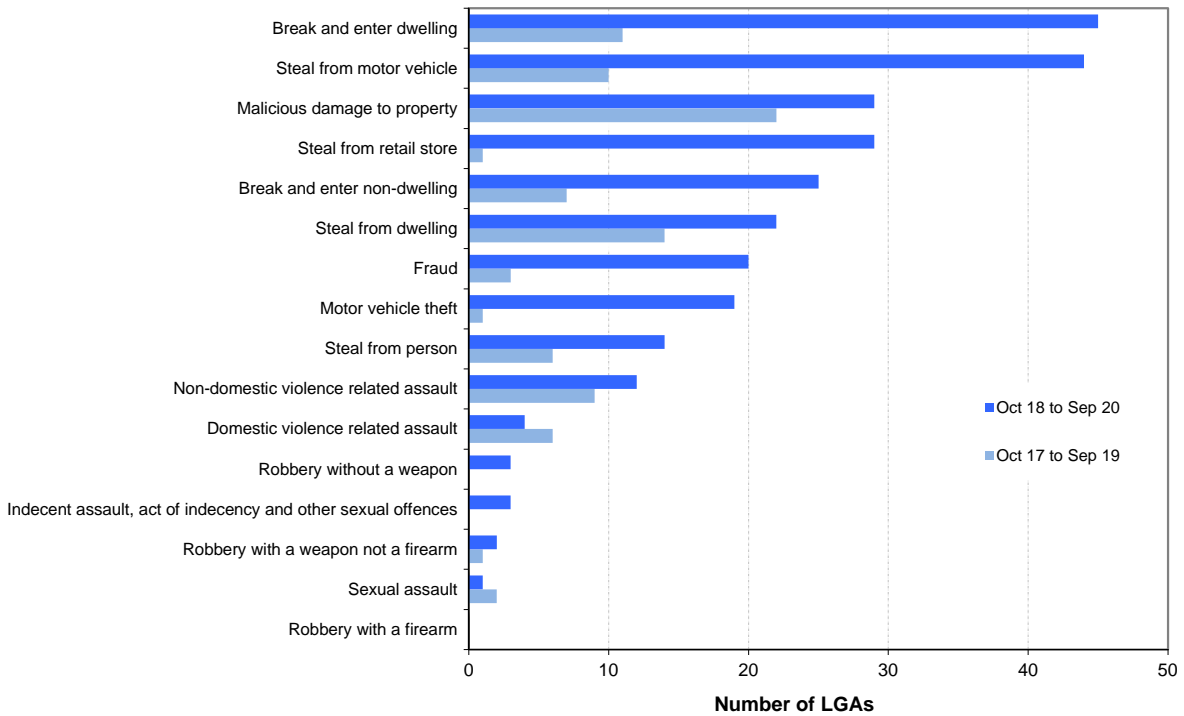


FIGURE 2.1B: NUMBER OF NSW LGAs WITH SIGNIFICANT DOWNWARD TRENDS[^], MAJOR OFFENCES, OCT 17 TO SEP 19 and OCT 18 TO SEP 20



[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and 6.

SECTION 3:

**TRENDS, RATE COMPARISONS AND
RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS
FOR MAJOR OFFENCES
NSW REGIONS AND LGAS**

TABLE 3.1A: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW SAs

NSW Statistical Area	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Greater Sydney	ns	ns	-8.4	ns	ns	-19.0	ns	ns	-20.0	-24.5	-11.3	-23.2	-18.7	-6.3	-39.2	-13.3	-8.3
Capital Region	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-14.8	ns	ns	-18.4	-14.5	-8.8	.	ns	ns
Central West	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-14.1	-12.9	ns	-18.1	-31.9	ns	-26.5	ns	ns
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-23.2	ns	ns	-30.2	-30.3	ns	-47.9	-21.0	ns
Far West and Orana	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-7.8	-16.5	-17.7	-31.9	-27.8	-11.1	-18.9	-13.1	-18.6
Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	-20.9	ns	ns	ns	-30.0	-10.7	-45.2	ns	ns
Illawarra	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-28.6	.	ns	-19.5	ns	-15.7	-17.0	ns	ns	ns	-11.5	ns
Mid North Coast	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-15.6	-35.0	ns	ns	-30.3	ns	ns	-17.1	ns
Murray	.	ns	ns	23.9	ns	.	.	.	ns	-39.6	ns	ns	-24.9	-9.7	.	ns	ns
New England and North West	.	ns	-16.9	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-12.0	-29.3	ns	-36.7	-31.5	-19.2	ns	ns	ns
Newcastle and Lake Macquarie	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-17.9	ns	ns	-15.8	-27.0	-21.0	-28.7	ns	ns
Richmond - Tweed	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-31.2	ns	ns	-32.3	ns	-18.6	-35.6	ns	ns
Riverina	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	-12.5	-22.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven	.	ns	ns	53.5	ns	.	.	.	-18.4	ns	ns	-24.5	-22.8	-22.1	.	-13.5	ns
NSW	ns	ns	-7.3	10.0	ns	-17.1	ns	ns	-18.1	-20.5	-11.0	-21.9	-20.6	-8.7	-36.6	-12.1	-5.8

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* The trend test for Greater Sydney and NSW on the offence of murder is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.1B: RATIO TO NSW RATE[^] OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS PER 100,000 POPULATION FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW SAs

NSW Statistical Area	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Greater Sydney	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.8
Capital Region	1.4	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.2	0.6	1.0
Central West	0.5	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.9	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.8	1.7	0.8	0.8	1.6
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	0.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	0.8	0.0	1.0	1.2	1.8	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.4	0.9	0.8	1.3
Far West and Orana	2.7	3.6	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.3	0.0	1.1	3.7	3.8	2.2	2.1	1.3	2.5	1.6	1.0	2.6
Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.6	1.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	1.3	2.2	1.6	1.2	0.9	1.6	0.5	0.9	1.3
Illawarra	0.3	0.8	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.2	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.8	1.0
Mid North Coast	0.5	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.7	0.7	2.0	0.9	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.8	1.8	0.9	0.7	1.4
Murray	0.0	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.1	1.7	0.3	0.9	1.6
New England and North West	2.8	1.8	1.3	1.9	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.4	2.6	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.6	0.9	0.8	1.8
Newcastle and Lake Macquarie	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	0.8	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
Richmond - Tweed	2.5	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.3	0.6	2.0	0.8	0.8	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.1
Riverina	0.6	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.6	0.4	2.3	1.5	2.2	2.3	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.7	0.7	0.9	1.6
Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.3	0.6	1.4	0.6	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.3	0.7	1.0
NSW	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

[^] For further explanation of **rate calculation populations** and the **ratio to NSW rate**, see page 46, Footnote 2 and Note [8].

* The rate calculations on the offence of murder is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.1C: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW SAs

<i>NSW Statistical Area</i>	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Greater Sydney	46	17,950	16,702	3,331	4,254	902	70	591	10,165	3,347	6,418	17,247	13,721	8,903	1,858	32,487	28,321
Capital Region	3	773	771	197	217	16	1	10	603	273	286	718	466	488	12	800	1,532
Central West	1	1,214	1,055	305	343	31	3	28	1,062	417	437	878	459	787	50	1,048	2,351
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	0	771	715	171	181	18	0	16	449	259	289	538	379	441	38	663	1,275
Far West and Orana	3	1,673	924	204	234	24	0	14	1,136	449	386	955	419	633	60	705	2,094
Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle	4	1,394	1,058	361	410	15	2	20	911	602	676	1,258	703	971	40	1,489	2,479
Illawarra	1	975	867	268	299	35	5	28	741	313	509	1,425	1,117	648	57	1,364	2,130
Mid North Coast	1	1,091	946	277	388	23	6	23	820	327	418	962	481	876	64	944	2,035
Murray	0	618	537	140	153	10	1	11	554	223	315	843	338	449	13	651	1,310
New England and North West	5	1,354	931	302	274	20	2	29	1,279	364	357	906	493	626	51	892	2,312
Newcastle and Lake Macquarie	4	1,434	1,778	456	481	73	4	53	1,387	629	1,062	2,508	1,321	1,052	149	2,745	3,490
Richmond - Tweed	6	862	1,044	270	323	22	7	23	546	291	405	801	472	531	56	1,130	1,806
Riverina	1	1,130	763	207	260	10	5	26	946	371	345	960	595	599	36	860	1,771
Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven	1	572	485	175	204	13	3	10	350	180	160	431	370	250	15	617	1,047
NSW	77	31,818	29,753	6,708	8,046	1,216	109	883	20,949	8,051	12,064	30,430	21,334	17,254	2,499	46,441	54,016

* For murder the count given is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.1D: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2019, NSW SAs

<i>NSW Statistical Area</i>	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Greater Sydney	33	17,661	18,229	3,077	4,554	1,114	113	592	12,703	4,434	7,235	22,456	16,872	9,506	3,055	37,483	30,871
Capital Region	2	707	748	185	249	9	4	12	708	287	300	880	545	535	19	792	1,615
Central West	3	1,175	1,167	292	332	35	2	25	1,236	479	495	1,072	674	756	68	1,096	2,264
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	4	647	685	154	177	33	2	23	585	290	345	771	544	509	73	839	1,290
Far West and Orana	0	1,641	1,010	218	264	19	2	16	1,232	538	469	1,402	580	712	74	811	2,574
Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle	2	1,336	1,110	319	382	27	0	23	1,152	632	804	1,377	1,005	1,087	73	1,515	2,446
Illawarra	5	956	938	229	299	49	4	33	921	342	604	1,716	1,340	679	71	1,542	2,190
Mid North Coast	2	1,045	964	241	298	26	3	25	972	503	440	1,001	690	871	73	1,139	2,119
Murray	2	557	555	113	185	24	1	10	635	369	304	991	450	497	23	670	1,137
New England and North West	0	1,310	1,120	304	332	23	1	24	1,454	515	395	1,432	720	775	60	1,066	2,563
Newcastle and Lake Macquarie	10	1,512	1,806	389	505	64	14	56	1,690	713	1,091	2,980	1,810	1,331	209	3,019	3,521
Richmond - Tweed	3	967	1,117	238	328	23	2	23	794	330	433	1,183	575	652	87	1,209	1,812
Riverina	3	1,056	822	149	257	8	6	21	1,081	476	424	1,141	598	667	34	922	1,823
Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven	0	507	472	114	210	11	5	10	429	218	215	571	479	321	19	713	1,032
NSW	72	31,082	32,110	6,100	8,420	1,467	159	893	25,592	10,126	13,554	38,973	26,882	18,898	3,939	52,837	57,330

* For murder the count given is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.2A: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, GREATER SYDNEY SAs

Greater Sydney Statistical Area	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Blacktown	.	-5.5	ns	36.3	ns	-15.7	.	ns	-25.8	-28.9	-11.9	-30.7	-23.2	-10.5	-29.9	ns	-10.5
Central Coast	.	ns	ns	24.4	ns	ns	.	ns	-16.1	ns	-19.8	ns	-22.2	-12.5	-32.4	-18.5	ns
City and Inner South	.	ns	-22.9	ns	-21.3	-41.5	.	ns	-14.0	-35.1	-29.7	-36.3	-17.7	ns	-50.8	-23.2	-16.9
Eastern Suburbs	.	ns	-15.0	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-31.3	ns	-34.6	-40.0	ns	-12.3	-32.0	-13.5	ns
Inner South West	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-23.2	-34.7	ns	-24.7	ns	ns	-42.7	ns	-11.3
Inner West	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	-27.0	ns	-21.6	ns	ns	ns	-10.2	-14.0
North Sydney and Hornsby	.	ns	ns	-18.8	ns	-53.4	.	.	-25.9	-36.0	-25.6	-26.3	ns	ns	-43.4	-18.2	-8.9
Northern Beaches	.	-24.9	-17.2	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-36.9	ns	ns	ns	-52.3	ns	ns	-9.8	-19.7
Outer South West	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-24.0	ns	ns	-24.0	-27.6	ns	ns	ns	ns
Outer West and Blue Mountains	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-18.5	ns	ns	-24.9	ns	-14.9	-32.3	-23.2	ns
Parramatta	.	ns	-9.1	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-17.0	-26.4	ns	ns	-10.7	ns	-33.2	-9.4	-9.0
Ryde	.	ns	-13.8	ns	ns	.	.	.	-26.1	ns	-25.0	-25.8	ns	ns	-43.4	ns	-7.9
South West	.	ns	-8.5	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-20.2	-31.9	-8.0	-28.6	-9.3	-9.5
Sutherland	.	ns	ns	49.4	ns	ns	.	.	-32.5	ns	-20.1	ns	ns	ns	-43.1	ns	-14.7

[^] For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

TABLE 3.2B: RATIO TO NSW RATE[^] OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS PER 100,000 POPULATION FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, GREATER SYDNEY SAs

Greater Sydney Statistical Area	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.4
Blacktown	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.1	2.0	2.2	2.3	1.1	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.8	1.5	1.2
Central Coast	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.8	1.7	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2
City and Inner South	1.2	1.0	2.2	1.3	1.3	2.4	0.6	1.6	0.9	1.1	0.7	0.9	2.9	1.6	4.7	1.9	1.2
Eastern Suburbs	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.0	0.6
Inner South West	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.6	1.0	1.7	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.6
Inner West	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.5
North Sydney and Hornsby	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.5	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.5
Northern Beaches	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6
Outer South West	0.4	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.3	0.8	1.3	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.0
Outer West and Blue Mountains	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	0.5	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.3	0.9	1.5	1.0	1.4
Parramatta	1.9	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.7	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.7	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.3	0.7
Ryde	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.5
South West	1.9	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.5	2.1	1.4	0.8	0.6	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.1	0.7
Sutherland	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.0	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7

[^] For further explanation of rate calculation populations and the ratio to NSW rate, see page 46, Footnote 2 and Note [8].

* The rate calculations on the offence of murder is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.2C: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, GREATER SYDNEY SAs

Greater Sydney Statistical Area	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury	1	506	354	94	115	18	0	19	465	159	198	569	332	288	42	1,156	715
Blacktown	5	2,201	1,825	402	426	113	11	92	1,027	280	600	1,846	1,057	772	204	3,238	3,088
Central Coast	4	1,517	1,396	342	371	41	8	34	868	313	600	1,545	857	625	98	1,924	2,692
City and Inner South	4	1,484	2,892	389	479	134	3	65	843	407	403	1,223	2,799	1,261	533	3,972	2,904
Eastern Suburbs	1	683	889	160	226	30	0	22	426	84	212	596	891	578	117	1,638	1,279
Inner South West	4	2,114	1,507	268	357	95	14	71	930	250	845	1,749	857	709	110	3,668	2,590
Inner West	3	596	645	110	190	40	4	18	606	192	314	866	756	570	73	2,085	1,164
North Sydney and Hornsby	2	557	642	151	218	27	2	15	666	206	180	755	1,154	602	77	1,911	1,524
Northern Beaches	0	386	584	133	173	32	0	6	226	129	176	730	350	340	51	1,145	1,103
Outer South West	1	1,332	815	249	359	34	5	45	525	182	402	1,006	757	427	54	1,405	1,924
Outer West and Blue Mountains	3	1,773	1,453	338	357	64	2	38	827	362	512	1,349	1,133	615	151	1,882	2,977
Parramatta	9	1,939	1,585	265	327	129	8	77	1,312	338	904	2,276	1,121	945	195	3,720	2,416
Ryde	0	420	324	44	121	11	0	10	326	94	114	466	373	246	30	1,072	653
South West	8	1,787	1,258	268	372	99	13	67	912	270	803	1,757	822	668	90	2,740	2,204
Sutherland	1	655	533	118	163	35	0	12	206	81	155	514	462	257	33	931	1,088

* For murder the count given is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.2D: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2019, GREATER SYDNEY SAs

Greater Sydney Statistical Area	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury	0	410	351	93	140	16	0	8	440	136	206	578	380	327	34	1,206	709
Blacktown	3	2,329	1,640	295	430	134	12	82	1,384	394	681	2,663	1,377	863	291	3,730	3,450
Central Coast	0	1,616	1,459	275	414	44	8	32	1,034	344	748	1,829	1,101	714	145	2,361	2,791
City and Inner South	5	1,507	3,751	355	609	229	9	86	980	627	573	1,919	3,402	1,400	1,083	5,171	3,493
Eastern Suburbs	2	709	1,046	175	216	34	4	15	620	129	324	993	922	659	172	1,894	1,382
Inner South West	0	2,006	1,598	260	377	120	14	71	1,211	383	894	2,323	960	796	192	3,819	2,920
Inner West	4	506	717	126	194	62	2	26	673	263	306	1,104	847	558	108	2,322	1,353
North Sydney and Hornsby	1	515	642	186	245	58	3	21	899	322	242	1,024	1,499	545	136	2,335	1,673
Northern Beaches	1	514	705	132	168	34	2	14	358	178	214	934	734	358	72	1,270	1,373
Outer South West	4	1,279	843	225	361	38	12	34	691	214	416	1,323	1,046	452	70	1,571	1,759
Outer West and Blue Mountains	2	1,641	1,406	311	377	69	7	38	1,015	395	559	1,797	1,159	723	223	2,451	2,894
Parramatta	5	1,818	1,743	225	363	129	18	81	1,581	459	931	2,560	1,256	890	292	4,107	2,655
Ryde	0	414	376	59	118	23	1	10	441	167	152	628	458	223	53	1,254	709
South West	4	1,770	1,375	281	381	102	19	66	1,071	321	795	2,201	1,207	726	126	3,021	2,435
Sutherland	2	627	577	79	161	22	2	8	305	102	194	580	524	272	58	971	1,275

* For murder the count given is for the number of victims, not incidents.

**TABLE 3.3A: TRENDS* IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES
OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LGAs**

NSW LGA	Murder*	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Albury	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-51.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Armidale Regional	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-29.3	ns	-27.4	-50.6	-25.0	.	ns	ns
Ballina	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-63.3	ns	ns	-48.0	-29.5	-57.7	.	ns	ns
Balranald	ns
Bathurst Regional	.	ns	-10.5	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-32.5	ns	.	ns	ns
Bayside	.	ns	-11.5	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-37.1	-15.4	-27.5	ns	ns	-40.9	ns	-3.1
Bega Valley	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Bellingen	.	62.2	78.1	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Berrigan	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Blacktown	.	-6.3	ns	36.7	ns	-17.3	.	ns	-26.0	-29.9	-12.6	-30.8	-24.1	-10.3	-29.4	ns	-9.9
Bland	ns	ns
Blayney	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	-40.0	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns
Blue Mountains	.	ns	ns	ns	-27.3	.	.	.	-39.8	ns	ns	-43.2	ns	-27.7	.	ns	ns
Bogan	ns
Bourke	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Brewarrina	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Broken Hill	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-19.0
Burwood	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-26.4	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Byron	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	100.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Cabonne	.	ns	-42.5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Camden	.	ns	ns	69.4	35.1	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Campbelltown	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-24.2	ns	ns	-25.4	-28.2	ns	ns	ns	ns
Canada Bay	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-27.0	ns	-16.2	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Canterbury-Bankstown	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-25.0	-40.1	ns	ns	ns	-7.4	-49.5	ns	-7.6
Carrathool	ns
Central Coast	.	ns	ns	24.4	ns	ns	.	ns	-16.1	ns	-19.8	ns	-22.2	-12.5	-32.4	-18.5	ns
Central Darling	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Cessnock	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-22.6	ns	ns	-26.4	-42.3	ns	.	ns	ns
Clarence Valley	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-27.2	ns	-26.9	-38.7	ns	.	-29.7	-11.8
Cobar	.	-50.0	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns
Coffs Harbour	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-19.4	ns	ns	-33.3	-25.3	ns	ns	-16.2	ns
Coolamon	ns
Coonamble	.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	-33.6	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Cootamundra-Gundagai	.	ns	-60.3	.	.	.	.	.	-35.3	ns	.	ns	.	ns	.	-27.5	ns
Cowra	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Cumberland	.	ns	-14.6	36.8	ns	ns	.	ns	-18.3	-14.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-14.1
Dubbo Regional	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	-27.7	-38.5	-25.1	ns	-26.5	ns	-20.8
Dungog	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Edward River	.	ns	100.0	.	.	.	.	.	-36.5	.	.	-17.1	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Eurobodalla	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-48.3	ns	.	ns	ns
Fairfield	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	-28.6	ns	ns	ns	-19.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	-11.8
Federation	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	-52.1	.	.	.	-40.0	.	ns	-29.4
Forbes	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Georges River	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-28.0	ns	ns	-37.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	-19.2
Gilgandra	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	-35.9
Glen Innes Severn	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Goulburn Mulwaree	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-25.6	ns	-29.4	ns	ns	ns	.	-22.2	ns
Greater Hume Shire	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Griffith	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-27.3	-39.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Gunnedah	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-48.1	.	ns	-58.6	ns	-27.1	.	ns	ns
Gwydir	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Hawkesbury	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-39.3	ns	-40.2	-25.8	ns	.	ns	ns
Hay	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Hilltops	.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-32.0	ns	ns	.	ns	-19.3
Hornsby	.	31.3	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-27.5	-27.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	-26.5	ns
Hunters Hill	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	-38.7	.	ns	.	-54.4	ns
Inner West	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-30.0	-30.6	-25.9	-17.9	ns	ns	ns	-17.2	-14.4
Inverell	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	-53.3	ns	ns	.	ns	-27.3
Junee	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Kempsey	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	-22.0	ns	-52.6	ns	ns	ns	ns
Kiama	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-43.6	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	21.2
Ku-ring-gai	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Kyogle	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Lachlan	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	.	.	ns
Lake Macquarie	.	ns	ns	27.5	ns	.	.	ns	-23.9	ns	ns	ns	-30.6	-22.7	ns	ns	ns

**TABLE 3.3A: TRENDS* IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES
OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LGAs**

NSW LGA	Murder*	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Lane Cove	. ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	-48.6	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Leeton	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-35.8	.	ns	ns
Lismore	.	ns	ns	59.3	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	-32.3	-36.1	ns	ns	.	-19.3	ns
Lithgow	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	-13.3	80.0	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Liverpool	.	ns	-9.9	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-20.9	-37.6	ns	-29.2	ns	ns
Liverpool Plains	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	-41.1
Lockhart
Lord Howe Island
Maitland	.	ns	-12.5	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-27.9	ns	.	ns	ns
Mid-Coast	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-26.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Mid-Western Regional	.	ns	ns	ns	67.9	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Moree Plains	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-43.0	-31.5	ns	-33.3	ns	.	-36.8	ns
Mosman	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-40.3	.	.	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Murray River	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	.	-40.0	.	ns	ns
Murrumbidgee	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Muswellbrook	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-48.6	-31.5	ns	.	ns	ns
Nambucca	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-12.8	-34.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	-30.8	ns
Narrabri	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-28.9	ns	ns	-35.7	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Narrandera	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	.	ns	.	.	ns
Narromine	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-41.4	-69.1	ns	-56.2	.	-41.7	.	ns	ns
Newcastle	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-12.6	ns	ns	-19.5	ns	-19.7	-34.5	ns	ns
North Sydney	.	ns	ns	-35.7	ns	.	.	.	-43.5	ns	-56.4	ns	-33.5	ns	-42.1	ns	-15.2
Northern Beaches	.	-24.9	-17.2	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-36.9	ns	ns	ns	-52.3	ns	ns	-9.8	-19.7
Oberon	ns
Orange	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-39.4	-41.0	-36.2	-47.6	-39.8	-7.8	.	ns	ns
Parkes	.	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	33.3	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Parramatta	.	ns	ns	ns	-22.8	ns	.	ns	-18.4	-29.8	ns	ns	-11.6	ns	-40.0	-12.5	ns
Penrith	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-11.3	-33.9	-27.2	ns
Port Macquarie-Hastings	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-15.4	-43.7	ns	-28.1	-38.3	-10.0	.	-26.3	ns
Port Stephens	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-28.5	ns	ns	ns	-24.9	-16.3	.	ns	ns
Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional	.	53.7	ns	48.3	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-21.9	ns	ns	.	30.7	-9.2
Randwick	.	ns	-16.3	ns	ns	.	.	.	-32.7	ns	-28.0	-34.9	ns	-18.0	-39.8	ns	ns
Richmond Valley	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-50.0	.	ns	-51.6	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Ryde	.	ns	-16.5	ns	ns	.	.	.	-30.7	ns	-25.9	-26.7	ns	ns	-42.1	ns	ns
Shellharbour	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-31.9	ns	ns	-19.9	-29.0	-17.6	.	-18.6	ns
Shoalhaven	.	ns	ns	56.3	ns	.	.	.	-16.6	ns	ns	-25.3	-17.5	-27.9	.	ns	ns
Singleton	.	ns	-33.0	.	ns	.	.	.	-36.7	ns	ns	ns	ns	-46.2	.	ns	-18.8
Snowy Monaro Regional	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Snowy Valleys	.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	-60.2	.	ns	.	ns	-27.5
Strathfield	.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-30.6	ns	ns	.	ns	-32.9
Sutherland Shire	.	ns	ns	49.4	ns	ns	.	.	-32.1	ns	-20.5	ns	ns	ns	-43.1	ns	-14.2
Sydney	.	ns	-25.1	ns	-20.6	-43.9	.	-32.9	-15.3	-33.1	-29.3	-44.0	-20.0	ns	-52.1	-23.3	-19.8
Tamworth Regional	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-16.4	-40.6	ns	-29.4	-17.0	ns	.	-34.0	-11.8
Temora	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	-55.6
Tenterfield	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-49.0	.	.	.	.	-47.6	.	.	ns
The Hills Shire	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Tweed	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-16.4	-28.4	ns	-24.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Unincorporated Far West
Upper Hunter Shire	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Upper Lachlan Shire	ns
Uralla	ns
Wagga Wagga	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Walcha
Walgett	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns	.	ns	.	ns	-25.5
Warren	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	-43.6
Warrumbungle Shire	.	-30.6	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Waverley	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-31.5	-41.7	ns	-49.3	ns	ns	ns	-29.4	-12.7
Weddin
Wentworth	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	75.0	.	ns	ns
Willoughby	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-44.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-22.0
Wingecarribee	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-50.0	ns	.	ns	ns
Wollondilly	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-2.8	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Wollongong	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-28.9	.	ns	-13.5	ns	-15.4	-21.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Woollahra	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	-47.5	-42.0	ns	ns	ns	-19.9	ns
Yass Valley	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
NSW	ns	ns	-7.3	10.0	ns	-17.1	ns	ns	-18.1	-20.5	-11.0	-21.9	-20.6	-8.7	-36.6	-12.1	-5.8

^ For further explanation of trend results, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* There were no LGAs with 20 murder victims, hence no trend tests were reported. The trend test for NSW on the offence of murder is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.3B: RATIO NSW RATE^a OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS PER 100,000 POPULATION FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LGAs

NSW LGA	Murder*	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Albury	.	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.7	2.8	1.5	2.6	3.4	2.1	2.2	0.7	1.5	2.2
Armidale Regional	.	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.3	.	3.5	3.8	2.8	1.8	1.9	1.0	1.6	1.4	1.0	2.0
Ballina	4.7	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.4	3.3	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.7	1.0
Balranald	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bathurst Regional	.	1.4	1.4	2.0	1.3	1.2	.	2.1	2.3	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.5
Bayside	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.7
Bega Valley	.	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.2	.	0.3	0.7	2.3	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.9	.	0.6	0.9
Bellingen	.	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.8	.	.	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.2	1.0	.	0.5	1.3
Berrigan	.	0.4	0.6	1.5	0.8	.	.	.	0.6	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.2	.	0.7	0.8
Blacktown	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.8	1.5	1.2
Bland	.	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.7	.	.	.	1.1	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.1	0.9	.	0.6	1.0
Blayney	.	0.8	0.6	1.1	1.5	.	.	.	1.2	3.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.9	.	0.5	1.2
Blue Mountains	.	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.8	0.4	.	0.2	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.4
Bogan	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Bourke	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Brewarrina	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Broken Hill	.	3.2	2.3	1.9	1.4	1.9	.	1.0	4.8	2.7	2.1	1.7	1.1	3.8	0.7	0.7	2.5
Burwood	.	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.6	1.2	3.7	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.5	3.1	0.7	0.9	1.6	0.5
Byron	.	0.8	1.9	1.1	1.4	1.1	4.2	0.5	0.9	2.1	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.1	1.8	0.9	1.1
Cabonne	.	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7	.	5.4	0.7	0.5	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.7
Camden	.	1.0	0.5	0.8	1.1	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.7
Campbelltown	0.6	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.3	2.2	2.1	1.0	0.7	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3
Canada Bay	.	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	.	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	0.4
Canterbury-Bankstown	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	1.3	2.2	1.2	0.6	0.4	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.6
Carrathool	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Central Coast	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.8	1.7	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2
Central Darling	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cessnock	1.8	1.1	1.1	1.9	1.7	0.3	.	0.8	1.7	2.4	2.8	1.4	0.6	1.9	0.8	0.8	1.4
Clarence Valley	.	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.6	.	0.4	0.8	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.8	1.6	0.6	0.7	1.2
Cobar	.	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.5	.	.	.	1.6	3.2	2.4	0.8	0.2	1.5	.	0.8	1.8
Coffs Harbour	.	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.1	.	1.5	1.5	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.4
Coolamon	.	0.5	0.4	1.6	0.9	.	.	.	1.0	2.0	0.6	0.1	.	0.5	.	0.5	0.7
Coonamble	.	7.4	4.3	3.0	4.9	.	.	4.5	8.3	8.7	2.8	2.2	0.5	3.6	7.2	1.1	4.6
Cootamundra-Gundagai	.	1.3	0.5	1.3	2.0	.	.	.	0.7	1.8	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.6	0.9	1.1
Cowra	.	1.3	1.6	0.7	1.2	0.5	.	1.4	2.9	3.5	1.5	0.9	0.7	1.8	1.0	0.6	2.1
Cumberland	3.1	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.6	1.5	1.3	0.9	0.6	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.3	0.6
Dubbo Regional	3.9	3.2	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.4	.	0.8	3.6	3.7	2.3	2.7	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.3	2.6
Dungog	.	0.9	0.7	1.5	1.0	.	.	.	0.6	1.2	0.8	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.3	0.6	1.2
Edward River	.	1.8	1.6	0.9	0.9	.	.	.	1.4	2.0	0.3	1.0	0.5	2.3	.	0.4	1.8
Eurobodalla	2.7	1.1	1.2	1.4	0.8	1.0	.	0.9	1.8	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.2	0.7	1.3
Fairfield	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.8	1.7	1.7	1.1	0.5	0.5	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.1	0.6
Federation	.	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.6	.	.	.	1.1	1.8	1.1	0.4	0.3	1.3	.	0.4	0.7
Forbes	.	2.2	1.9	1.1	2.0	0.7	.	0.9	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.3	0.7	4.6	.	0.6	2.4
Georges River	.	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.9	0.6
Gilgandra	.	2.9	1.0	1.7	1.6	1.6	.	2.1	1.7	0.9	2.5	0.7	0.4	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.4
Glen Innes Severn	.	2.1	1.4	2.0	1.7	2.2	.	2.0	1.7	2.0	0.9	0.4	0.4	2.1	1.4	0.7	1.8
Goulburn Mulwaree	.	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.4	0.6	2.4	.	0.8	1.1	0.5	0.7	1.2	1.7	.	0.7	1.3
Greater Hume Shire	.	0.8	0.4	1.2	1.1	.	.	.	0.7	2.0	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.9	.	0.4	0.7
Griffith	3.9	2.1	1.4	1.3	1.4	0.7	2.7	2.4	1.5	3.4	1.4	2.3	2.2	1.3	0.6	0.9	1.6
Gunnedah	8.2	1.8	1.4	2.6	1.2	.	.	0.7	1.7	0.5	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.6	0.8	0.9	2.2
Gwydir	19.4	1.4	0.6	1.1	1.3	.	.	.	1.1	1.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.0	.	0.4	0.9
Hawkesbury	.	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.8	.	0.1	0.6	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9
Hay	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Hilltops	.	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	0.3	.	.	1.2	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.2	0.4	1.3
Hornsby	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.2	.	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5
Hunters Hill	.	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	.	0.6	0.8	1.4	0.3	0.7	0.2	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.5
Inner West	2.1	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.8
Inverell	.	2.0	1.3	1.5	1.5	.	.	.	2.4	1.4	0.5	0.9	1.0	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.5
Junee	.	1.1	0.9	0.7	1.5	.	.	.	1.4	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.8	1.9	0.4	1.2
Kempsey	3.5	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.8	7.4	4.0	2.4	2.2	2.1	1.8	1.3	3.4	2.2	0.9	2.2
Kiama	.	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4	.	3.2	.	0.4	1.0	0.8	1.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.7
Ku-ring-gai	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.6	.	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.4
Kyogle	11.7	1.0	0.7	2.3	1.8	.	.	1.0	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.0	0.8	.	0.7	0.9
Lachlan	.	2.2	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.1	.	4.4	3.8	6.8	2.2	1.8	0.4	2.1	.	0.8	2.9
Lake Macquarie	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.1

TABLE 3.3B: RATIO NSW RATE OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS PER 100,000 POPULATION FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LGAs

NSW LGA	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Lane Cove	.	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	.	.	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.5
Leeton	.	2.0	1.2	3.1	1.6	1.1	.	.	1.8	2.1	1.6	0.8	1.2	1.4	0.6	1.1	1.1
Lismore	2.4	1.1	1.6	2.3	1.9	0.4	5.0	1.2	1.3	1.9	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.2	0.7	1.4
Lithgow	.	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.7	1.2	3.4	0.4	1.4	2.0	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.8	0.6	1.0	1.6
Liverpool	2.3	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.4	2.6	1.9	1.0	0.6	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.8
Liverpool Plains	.	2.0	1.3	1.8	1.4	.	.	.	1.2	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.8	1.2	0.4	0.5	1.0
Lockhart	.	0.8	0.2	.	4.2	.	.	.	0.7	3.0	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.3	.	0.2	0.5
Lord Howe Island	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Maitland	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.3	1.5	0.8	.	0.9	1.4	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	0.5	1.1	1.3
Mid-Coast	.	1.3	1.1	1.7	1.9	0.7	0.8	0.6	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.2	0.8	2.0	0.6	0.7	1.3
Mid-Western Regional	.	1.6	1.0	2.0	1.9	0.3	.	.	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.7	1.3
Moree Plains	.	3.6	2.3	2.4	2.5	0.5	11.0	3.4	5.4	4.2	2.5	3.7	2.8	2.8	1.9	1.1	4.7
Mosman	.	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	.	.	.	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.6	0.5
Murray River	.	0.5	0.4	1.3	0.7	.	.	.	0.3	1.8	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.7
Murrumbidgee	.	1.5	0.8	1.2	1.8	.	.	.	1.6	3.8	0.5	0.8	0.5	2.5	.	0.9	1.2
Muswellbrook	.	2.2	1.5	1.7	2.0	0.4	.	.	1.9	2.1	1.5	0.6	0.8	2.8	0.2	0.9	2.0
Nambucca	.	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.1	0.3	.	0.9	1.8	2.3	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.1	0.9	1.8
Narrabri	.	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.1	0.5	.	.	2.0	2.6	1.5	0.9	0.6	1.3	.	0.8	1.3
Narrandera	.	2.2	1.4	1.0	0.7	1.1	.	.	7.4	3.3	2.6	2.5	1.6	2.1	.	0.6	1.9
Narromine	.	2.0	0.9	2.0	1.8	.	.	1.4	3.0	3.2	2.4	1.8	0.6	2.5	0.5	1.2	1.5
Newcastle	1.9	1.0	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.9	0.9	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.8
North Sydney	.	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.6
Northern Beaches	.	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	.	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6
Oberon	.	0.7	0.9	0.4	0.6	.	.	1.7	0.9	2.4	1.0	0.4	0.3	1.6	.	0.5	1.4
Orange	.	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.5	2.2	1.7	1.9	2.7	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.4	2.1	1.1	1.2	2.1
Parkes	7.0	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.7	0.4	.	.	1.4	1.8	1.4	1.5	0.8	1.6	0.4	0.7	1.9
Parramatta	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.6	0.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.7	1.3	0.8
Penrith	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.7	0.7	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.0	1.9	1.2	1.3
Port Macquarie-Hastings	.	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.4	0.3	1.8	0.2	0.8	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.5	1.1	0.7	0.7	1.0
Port Stephens	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.6	1.3	0.2	2.0	0.6	0.8	1.3	1.2	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.4	1.0	1.2
Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional	1.7	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.5	.	0.6	1.1	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.1	0.4	0.8	0.9
Randwick	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.6	.	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.0	0.6
Richmond Valley	.	1.4	1.1	1.7	2.9	0.3	.	1.9	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.3	0.3	0.8	1.2
Ryde	.	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.3	.	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.6
Shellharbour	.	0.9	0.7	1.6	1.1	0.7	.	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.3	0.7	1.1
Shoalhaven	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.4	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.3	0.7	1.1
Singleton	.	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.3	.	0.8	1.1	4.4	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.5	0.4	0.9	1.2
Snowy Monaro Regional	.	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.5	.	.	0.4	0.7	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.9
Snowy Valleys	.	1.4	0.8	1.5	1.8	0.5	5.0	0.6	1.1	2.6	0.8	0.8	0.4	1.6	0.2	0.4	1.1
Strathfield	.	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.6	1.6	0.6	1.0	0.6	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	1.5	0.5
Sutherland Shire	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.0	.	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7
Sydney	1.3	1.1	2.7	1.4	1.6	3.1	0.6	1.8	1.0	1.4	0.7	0.8	3.6	1.9	6.5	2.3	1.3
Tamworth Regional	5.0	1.7	1.4	1.9	1.4	1.0	.	1.3	2.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.4	0.8	0.9	1.6
Temora	.	0.8	0.6	1.1	1.3	.	.	.	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.2	1.2	.	0.5	0.7
Tenterfield	.	1.9	1.2	0.5	1.5	.	.	.	1.4	2.5	0.6	0.3	0.1	1.5	1.4	0.2	1.2
The Hills Shire	.	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	.	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.5
Tweed	2.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	.	0.5	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.9
Unincorporated Far West	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Upper Hunter Shire	7.3	1.2	0.7	1.7	1.4	.	.	.	0.5	2.4	0.7	0.5	0.3	1.1	.	0.4	1.0
Upper Lachlan Shire	.	0.2	0.4	1.0	0.7	.	.	.	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	.	0.4	.	0.4	0.5
Uralla	.	0.5	0.4	2.0	1.0	.	.	.	0.8	2.5	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.9	.	0.5	0.8
Wagga Wagga	.	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.6	0.3	3.4	2.5	3.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.3	1.1	1.2	2.2
Walcha	.	0.6	0.9	8.0	1.6	.	.	.	.	1.6	.	0.4	0.1	0.3	.	0.9	0.7
Walgett	17.1	6.1	2.8	2.8	3.3	1.1	.	.	3.9	2.8	2.1	2.6	0.9	2.2	1.1	0.7	3.0
Warren	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Warrumbungle Shire	.	0.9	1.3	2.3	2.1	0.7	.	.	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.9	0.4	1.7	.	0.6	1.3
Waverley	.	0.7	0.9	0.7	1.0	1.2	.	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4	3.0	1.1	1.7	1.0	0.7
Weddin	.	0.9	0.6	0.7	1.1	.	.	.	0.2	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.8	.	0.3	0.7
Wentworth	.	2.6	1.3	2.2	1.4	0.9	.	.	1.7	4.1	3.2	1.1	0.1	2.3	.	0.7	2.6
Willoughby	1.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	2.7	0.5	0.7	1.0	0.5
Wingecarribee	.	0.6	0.4	1.2	0.9	0.4	2.9	.	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.8
Wollondilly	.	0.9	0.3	0.9	1.1	.	.	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.5
Wollongong	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.1	0.7	0.8	1.0
Woollahra	.	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.7	.	.	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.9	1.1	0.8	0.5
Yass Valley	6.1	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.5	.	.	.	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.4
NSW	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

^ For further explanation of rate calculation populations and the ratio to NSW rate, see page 46, Footnote 2 and Note [8]. A result of '.' indicates either that there were no relevant offences recorded in the LGA, or that the population is less than 3,000 people and no rate was calculated.
 Sydney LGA can be considered a special case since the population used to calculate the rate is much lower than the population using the area for work and entertainment and this will be reflected in higher incident rates.
 * The ratios given on the offence of murder are calculated for the number of victims, not incidents, and must be treated with caution since for LGAs with relatively small populations a single murder victim will result in relatively high ratio to state.

**TABLE 3.3C: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES,
OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LGAs**

NSW LGA	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Albury	0	321	331	67	75	8	1	10	388	82	210	688	297	252	12	456	793
Armidale Regional	0	199	146	45	46	6	0	12	306	87	83	228	78	105	13	182	423
Ballina	2	85	145	38	36	3	2	4	65	45	33	93	93	66	2	183	293
Balranald	0	13	5	4	3	0	0	0	8	5	4	5	0	5	0	13	26
Bathurst Regional	0	237	230	74	56	8	0	10	259	50	78	156	114	149	19	272	425
Bayside	1	703	469	90	103	13	2	20	288	78	208	461	314	322	52	1,109	867
Bega Valley	0	107	94	23	29	1	0	1	59	81	41	100	38	64	0	112	201
Bellingen	0	60	57	12	11	0	0	1	31	13	15	41	8	27	0	36	111
Berrigan	0	14	20	11	7	0	0	0	13	14	9	18	4	22	0	34	47
Blacktown	5	2,176	1,812	402	424	110	11	90	1,008	272	590	1,820	1,032	764	202	3,210	3,067
Bland	0	16	9	5	4	0	0	0	18	9	5	18	2	11	0	20	39
Blayney	0	24	16	7	11	0	0	0	24	22	7	11	4	15	0	22	58
Blue Mountains	0	206	191	64	64	5	0	2	97	75	47	167	117	94	16	289	746
Bogan	0	23	6	1	3	0	0	0	4	6	5	22	9	12	0	10	30
Bourke	0	112	57	14	8	5	0	2	46	31	20	41	24	29	5	20	160
Brewarrina	0	71	22	2	9	0	0	0	21	5	2	9	2	14	0	6	68
Broken Hill	0	228	154	29	25	5	0	2	225	49	55	118	52	145	4	72	303
Burwood	0	64	94	10	26	7	2	4	86	23	40	81	328	62	11	368	139
Byron	0	106	242	33	50	6	2	2	79	72	98	159	61	85	20	186	263
Cabonne	0	33	23	8	10	0	1	1	19	19	13	17	5	22	1	32	68
Camden	0	360	165	61	104	6	1	5	89	65	87	240	129	82	3	358	476
Campbelltown	1	950	662	177	234	33	5	39	426	115	300	798	635	349	50	1,038	1,439
Canada Bay	0	129	145	33	39	9	0	4	188	46	81	233	130	116	21	538	284
Canterbury-Bankstown	3	1,282	995	189	226	73	11	49	618	161	640	1,274	481	424	50	2,277	1,638
Carrathool	0	17	12	3	4	0	0	0	12	11	8	3	1	9	0	11	29
Central Coast	4	1,517	1,396	342	371	41	8	34	868	313	600	1,545	857	625	98	1,924	2,692
Central Darling	0	99	34	10	4	0	0	0	27	43	7	16	0	6	0	3	68
Cessnock	1	260	250	95	103	3	0	5	264	145	253	321	97	247	14	286	553
Clarence Valley	0	197	242	54	50	5	0	2	115	75	84	125	111	182	10	199	417
Cobar	0	23	24	4	7	0	0	0	20	15	17	14	3	15	0	22	59
Coffs Harbour	0	514	416	105	120	13	0	13	303	171	190	372	260	232	28	428	747
Coolamon	0	9	7	6	4	0	0	0	12	9	4	2	0	5	0	13	22
Coonamble	0	119	64	10	20	0	0	2	87	35	17	34	5	31	9	25	124
Cootamundra-Gundagai	0	60	23	12	23	0	0	0	22	20	15	27	18	26	2	58	83
Cowra	0	66	75	8	15	1	0	2	96	45	29	45	23	51	4	42	184
Cumberland	7	1,016	700	119	161	59	5	35	558	149	451	1,003	381	398	59	1,767	1,027
Dubbo Regional	2	670	395	80	97	11	0	5	507	201	185	539	287	258	36	411	943
Dungog	0	32	25	12	9	0	0	0	14	11	11	14	14	23	1	32	73
Edward River	0	66	52	7	8	0	0	0	33	18	4	34	13	45	0	23	109
Eurobodalla	1	169	175	46	30	6	0	4	183	42	71	143	93	93	2	146	337
Fairfield	2	725	546	104	162	55	5	25	293	107	376	803	341	232	48	1,299	862
Federation	0	41	41	11	8	0	0	0	36	23	20	17	10	36	0	28	60
Forbes	0	88	69	9	20	1	0	1	76	29	41	85	19	99	0	36	164
Georges River	0	466	322	46	83	20	1	14	201	59	154	321	278	153	42	851	591
Gilgandra	0	48	15	6	7	1	0	1	19	4	16	12	4	13	2	26	41
Glen Innes Severn	0	73	48	15	15	3	0	2	39	18	12	13	10	41	4	37	109
Goulburn Mulwaree	0	112	143	31	44	3	1	0	61	35	24	80	100	112	0	126	277
Greater Hume Shire	0	36	15	11	12	0	0	0	19	22	13	19	1	20	0	25	53
Griffith	1	229	144	29	37	3	1	7	109	91	56	240	161	77	5	143	286
Gunnedah	1	93	68	28	15	0	0	1	56	6	24	46	33	43	3	67	187
Gwydir	1	30	11	5	7	0	0	0	16	8	2	2	2	12	0	13	33
Hawkesbury	0	257	200	57	62	8	0	1	105	65	83	153	144	98	12	296	412
Hay	0	28	18	2	20	1	0	1	17	5	8	9	2	10	0	12	37
Hilltops	0	85	84	18	25	1	0	0	57	25	20	34	28	42	1	48	167
Hornsby	1	277	220	43	85	5	0	5	210	74	63	311	325	124	29	539	498
Hunters Hill	0	21	43	7	8	1	0	1	30	21	7	38	9	25	1	52	47
Inner West	4	421	563	125	159	34	2	18	297	129	183	694	514	486	54	1,211	1,054
Inverell	0	134	83	21	26	0	0	0	107	24	12	56	43	55	4	73	173
Junee	0	30	23	4	10	0	0	0	25	5	8	6	4	12	4	17	54
Kempsey	1	209	182	47	52	8	3	13	187	65	92	206	102	219	20	149	445
Kiama	0	36	22	10	9	0	1	0	22	24	27	116	11	22	2	63	103
Ku-ring-gai	1	132	110	56	62	11	0	6	264	52	30	140	104	142	6	440	350
Kyogle	1	36	23	17	16	0	0	1	15	5	13	13	1	16	0	36	56
Lachlan	0	53	22	8	6	1	0	3	61	42	20	43	7	28	0	29	122
Lake Macquarie	1	743	687	264	241	23	2	24	488	256	475	997	558	360	51	1,258	1,475

TABLE 3.3C: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020, NSW LGAs

NSW LGA	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Lane Cove	0	60	49	9	8	1	0	0	82	18	30	76	36	82	6	158	128
Leeton	0	89	51	30	19	2	0	0	53	24	27	34	38	34	2	73	83
Lismore	1	197	256	86	82	3	3	6	153	84	63	122	103	117	17	176	422
Lithgow	0	127	109	37	36	4	1	1	78	44	39	99	50	83	4	130	233
Liverpool	5	1,008	706	140	198	47	8	46	609	145	451	948	475	413	46	1,418	1,278
Liverpool Plains	0	63	37	12	11	0	0	0	25	10	10	16	17	20	1	24	53
Lockhart	0	10	3	0	14	0	0	0	6	10	3	7	1	2	0	3	12
Lord Howe Island	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
Maitland	1	458	309	90	125	10	0	8	300	179	195	553	346	322	14	527	754
Mid-Coast	0	465	375	130	179	10	1	6	385	131	160	438	187	407	18	368	820
Mid-Western Regional	0	158	91	43	47	1	0	0	65	31	32	62	34	60	5	101	219
Moree Plains	0	190	116	27	33	1	2	5	190	57	50	186	100	82	8	84	428
Mosman	0	20	37	9	10	0	0	0	43	11	15	89	30	43	1	115	110
Murray River	0	25	20	13	9	0	0	0	8	22	12	24	6	21	1	24	57
Murrumbidgee	0	24	12	4	7	0	0	0	17	15	3	12	5	21	0	20	32
Muswellbrook	0	141	91	24	33	1	0	0	83	34	37	38	37	98	1	84	221
Nambucca	0	127	133	30	42	1	0	2	95	45	52	115	75	72	7	101	239
Narrabri	0	84	62	17	14	1	0	0	69	35	29	45	20	38	0	59	116
Narrandera	0	52	32	5	4	1	0	0	115	20	23	57	26	27	0	20	77
Narromine	0	52	21	11	12	0	0	1	51	21	24	46	11	35	1	45	66
Newcastle	3	651	1,067	187	234	48	2	29	887	372	573	1,500	763	673	97	1,459	1,962
North Sydney	0	91	138	27	49	4	1	4	78	41	24	159	117	164	22	431	317
Northern Beaches	0	386	584	133	173	32	0	6	226	129	176	730	350	340	51	1,145	1,103
Oberon	0	16	19	2	3	0	0	1	13	13	8	8	4	19	0	17	50
Orange	0	292	289	80	105	14	1	9	294	79	125	237	159	188	15	283	583
Parkes	1	88	91	22	25	1	0	0	56	27	32	87	31	51	2	59	194
Parramatta	2	819	800	133	156	63	2	36	748	181	354	1,144	734	523	132	1,870	1,277
Penrith	3	1,380	1,104	237	244	54	2	35	669	243	407	1,057	897	461	125	1,405	1,908
Port Macquarie-Hastings	0	315	279	80	119	4	2	2	176	89	120	217	119	197	19	347	565
Port Stephens	1	367	277	96	96	2	2	5	153	92	130	223	139	169	8	421	608
Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional	1	189	157	43	42	5	0	4	173	47	98	296	183	136	7	264	357
Randwick	1	393	488	77	106	15	0	13	245	40	116	365	237	277	53	894	670
Richmond Valley	0	129	96	34	69	1	0	5	61	17	35	61	42	64	2	115	187
Ryde	0	323	223	24	85	6	0	7	187	60	80	302	326	173	22	786	475
Shellharbour	0	260	183	98	83	8	0	4	162	48	102	238	228	131	7	289	544
Shoalhaven	1	461	406	125	157	10	1	10	296	148	136	357	331	191	11	421	774
Singleton	0	82	67	19	25	1	0	2	69	105	42	77	58	78	3	116	190
Snowy Monaro Regional	0	76	77	19	31	0	0	1	38	22	11	37	15	21	1	43	121
Snowy Valleys	0	83	43	18	27	1	1	1	42	38	18	43	17	50	1	37	108
Strathfield	0	153	101	11	27	4	1	3	120	29	78	127	91	71	7	399	149
Sutherland Shire	2	656	537	118	164	35	0	12	207	81	155	516	462	258	33	931	1,094
Sydney	3	1,059	2,458	277	378	115	2	47	627	338	246	764	2,301	963	487	3,145	2,095
Tamworth Regional	3	418	313	98	86	9	0	9	434	82	123	296	185	194	15	311	688
Temora	0	21	13	6	8	0	0	0	17	4	5	14	3	16	0	17	28
Tenterfield	0	49	30	3	10	0	0	0	25	17	6	8	2	22	3	9	54
The Hills Shire	0	352	273	66	71	15	0	17	364	110	153	453	314	225	40	930	530
Tweed	2	309	282	62	70	9	0	5	173	68	163	353	172	183	15	434	585
Unincorporated Far West	0	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	2	0	1	3
Upper Hunter Shire	1	69	37	20	20	0	0	0	17	34	15	28	10	34	0	29	99
Upper Lachlan Shire	0	7	13	7	6	0	0	0	8	3	6	8	0	7	0	17	26
Uralla	0	13	8	10	6	0	0	0	12	15	6	5	2	12	0	16	34
Wagga Wagga	0	508	401	91	104	3	3	18	517	127	176	515	324	323	22	456	961
Walcha	0	8	10	21	5	0	0	0	0	5	0	5	1	2	0	17	14
Walgett	1	147	63	14	20	1	0	0	62	17	19	59	14	29	2	25	123
Warren	0	48	28	3	2	0	0	1	18	10	7	14	0	14	1	5	31
Warrumbungle Shire	0	34	45	18	20	1	0	0	50	12	12	31	11	35	0	32	81
Waverley	0	193	260	45	73	13	0	7	87	21	61	112	585	172	39	422	363
Weddin	0	13	8	2	4	0	0	0	2	5	6	8	4	6	0	7	18
Wentworth	0	72	34	13	10	1	0	0	31	29	34	29	2	35	0	28	123
Willoughby	1	88	148	22	38	8	1	2	107	42	41	128	578	90	18	465	259
Wingecarribee	0	111	81	49	48	3	2	0	58	33	25	74	39	59	4	199	272
Wollondilly	0	188	51	39	58	0	0	2	53	35	60	95	12	43	1	136	160
Wollongong	1	676	659	161	206	27	4	24	557	241	379	1,066	878	494	48	1,012	1,483
Woollahra	0	82	113	38	44	0	0	2	87	19	32	105	57	110	21	270	205
Yass Valley	1	28	28	10	9	0	0	0	20	17	14	20	9	13	1	42	47
In Custody	1	7	1,177	44	25	4	0	1	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	46	63
NSW	77	31,818	29,753	6,708	8,046	1,216	109	883	20,949	8,051	12,064	30,430	21,334	17,254	2,499	46,441	54,016

* For murder the count given is for the number of victims, not incidents.

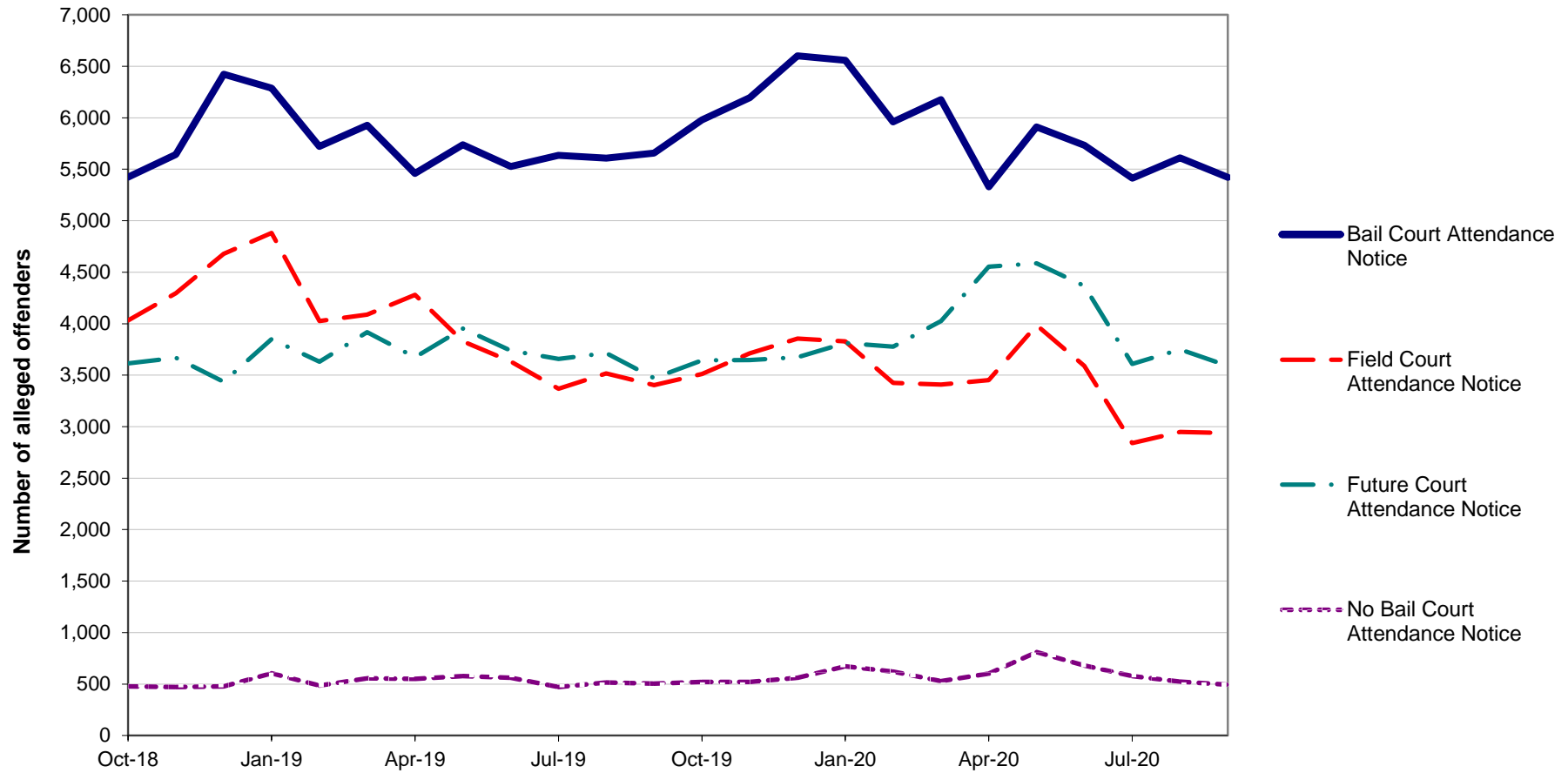
TABLE 3.3D: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2019, NSW LGAs

NSW LGA	Murder *	Domestic violence related assault	Non-domestic violence related assault	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Albury	0	294	345	64	93	21	0	7	393	170	183	776	345	252	19	449	668
Armidale Regional	0	200	210	64	66	4	0	6	242	123	66	314	158	140	11	160	419
Ballina	0	108	134	39	34	1	0	3	177	68	46	179	132	156	4	179	277
Balranald	0	12	12	0	2	0	0	0	8	10	2	10	0	9	0	22	23
Bathurst Regional	0	227	257	47	66	8	0	5	234	44	61	173	169	116	20	240	460
Bayside	0	628	530	62	102	32	7	18	288	124	246	636	379	308	88	1,199	895
Bega Valley	1	100	89	29	32	1	0	1	72	59	35	106	45	69	3	114	186
Bellingen	0	37	32	12	12	0	0	1	31	29	28	42	15	26	0	45	66
Berrigan	0	18	18	6	10	0	0	0	15	39	16	32	26	35	0	15	51
Blacktown	3	2,322	1,617	294	429	133	11	81	1,363	388	675	2,630	1,359	852	286	3,708	3,405
Bland	0	19	20	4	9	0	0	0	16	5	9	2	3	10	0	27	43
Blayney	0	21	28	4	7	1	0	1	40	29	13	21	13	16	0	32	50
Blue Mountains	0	196	202	62	88	8	0	1	161	43	64	294	100	130	21	302	662
Bogan	0	17	15	2	4	0	0	0	12	12	9	16	5	18	0	16	28
Bourke	0	107	58	22	17	1	0	1	61	31	18	54	42	41	8	23	157
Brewarrina	0	45	32	10	9	1	0	0	30	17	11	18	4	16	0	16	52
Broken Hill	0	228	145	26	32	3	0	4	216	57	45	143	53	127	3	102	374
Burwood	1	62	105	8	18	14	0	7	111	37	32	110	366	63	30	402	154
Byron	0	116	213	32	57	1	0	0	76	50	49	177	83	89	29	244	292
Cabonne	0	30	40	16	18	0	0	0	36	44	21	56	9	22	1	33	70
Camden	0	382	189	36	77	4	0	2	113	54	86	284	202	104	6	410	460
Campbelltown	4	890	647	177	251	35	10	31	562	146	321	1,070	884	338	67	1,134	1,278
Canada Bay	1	107	147	26	53	12	0	5	146	63	80	278	157	104	13	577	288
Canterbury-Bankstown	1	1,188	1,015	185	244	79	7	51	824	269	647	1,572	552	458	99	2,387	1,773
Carrathool	0	8	18	4	3	0	0	1	15	4	1	11	1	8	0	11	13
Central Coast	0	1,616	1,459	275	414	44	8	32	1,034	344	748	1,829	1,101	714	145	2,361	2,791
Central Darling	0	84	50	3	9	0	0	0	10	11	6	8	0	7	1	5	61
Cessnock	0	291	229	68	88	9	0	9	341	142	313	436	168	275	22	370	522
Clarence Valley	4	185	243	48	61	7	0	4	178	103	87	171	181	210	32	283	473
Cobar	0	46	38	7	12	0	0	0	23	28	23	33	7	14	0	37	89
Coffs Harbour	0	425	410	94	104	26	2	18	376	158	230	558	348	273	41	511	751
Coolamon	0	11	9	1	6	0	1	0	22	7	5	13	1	6	0	5	21
Coonamble	0	107	52	13	23	0	0	0	131	41	27	42	15	47	1	35	112
Cootamundra-Gundagai	0	66	58	11	16	0	0	1	34	30	14	27	24	42	2	80	77
Cowra	0	59	71	9	19	2	0	1	95	34	40	70	28	46	3	72	162
Cumberland	2	933	820	87	153	56	11	49	683	174	461	1,070	414	398	73	1,901	1,196
Dubbo Regional	0	677	410	75	101	12	2	9	512	198	256	876	383	286	49	415	1,191
Dungog	0	22	33	10	6	0	0	0	19	7	18	15	8	18	0	30	38
Edward River	0	53	26	7	9	1	1	0	52	22	10	41	25	41	0	37	78
Eurobodalla	1	164	169	35	37	2	2	2	214	51	66	167	180	110	2	138	315
Fairfield	2	791	580	125	166	71	14	35	371	140	387	999	403	259	63	1,486	977
Federation	0	31	39	4	13	0	0	1	42	48	16	35	24	60	1	37	85
Forbes	0	77	79	23	18	1	0	0	67	35	24	40	26	86	4	43	140
Georges River	0	478	359	62	104	26	3	15	279	84	159	516	292	177	62	904	731
Gilgandra	0	43	21	6	11	0	0	0	19	9	7	27	12	20	1	23	64
Glen Innes Severn	0	54	43	17	23	2	0	0	30	25	14	25	30	34	3	26	104
Goulburn Mulwaree	0	118	116	29	57	2	0	1	82	34	34	82	123	88	3	162	268
Greater Hume Shire	1	25	19	9	12	0	0	0	32	22	15	21	1	27	1	26	39
Griffith	0	203	135	24	31	4	1	4	150	150	73	148	122	82	3	151	323
Gunnedah	0	68	73	15	19	1	0	0	108	30	28	111	39	59	1	59	190
Gwydir	0	24	10	4	12	0	1	0	11	7	10	26	2	10	1	11	25
Hawkesbury	1	225	222	53	65	5	0	2	155	107	99	256	194	118	14	331	476
Hay	0	22	17	6	13	0	0	1	14	8	4	15	4	16	1	19	50
Hilltops	0	96	90	31	27	0	0	1	46	26	27	50	29	53	0	74	207
Hornsby	0	211	247	58	92	12	0	5	188	102	87	347	486	149	31	733	516
Hunters Hill	0	21	41	4	7	0	0	0	44	28	19	62	7	20	2	114	76
Inner West	1	410	622	116	162	33	2	21	424	186	247	845	487	550	72	1,462	1,232
Inverell	0	159	102	28	29	0	0	1	134	23	17	120	53	70	8	77	238
Junee	1	29	28	2	4	0	0	0	22	8	7	4	2	9	0	21	56
Kempsey	1	222	182	38	35	7	0	9	300	110	118	186	215	227	28	178	450
Kiama	0	29	29	6	6	0	0	1	39	34	25	60	16	28	1	72	85
Ku-ring-gai	0	106	95	53	51	10	0	6	290	69	24	207	87	126	15	467	347
Kyogle	0	50	49	13	16	1	0	3	32	12	25	43	3	24	1	34	51
Lachlan	0	57	31	15	15	3	0	0	40	39	13	48	7	30	1	19	110
Lake Macquarie	6	785	682	207	270	18	4	28	641	306	506	1,098	804	466	59	1,402	1,532

SECTION 4:

**METHODS OF PROCEEDINGS
AGAINST ALLEGED OFFENDERS**

Figure 4.1: TRENDS IN REFERRAL METHODS FOR ALLEGED OFFENDERS PROCEEDED AGAINST TO COURT, OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020*, NSW



Trends:

Bail Court Attendance Notice shows no statistically significant trend for the 24 month period.

Field Court Attendance Notice shows a statistically significant downward trend for the 24 month period (down by 13.6%).

Future Court Attendance Notice shows no statistically significant trend for the 24 month period.

No-Bail Court Attendance Notice shows a statistically significant upward trend for the 24 month period (up by 13.8%).

* The date alleged offenders were proceeded against, rather than the date the incident was recorded.

TABLE 4.1: NUMBER, PERCENTAGE AND TREND[^] IN ALLEGED OFFENDERS PROCEEDED AGAINST BY NSW POLICE BY METHOD OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020*, NSW

<i>Type of process</i>	<i>Number of alleged offenders with proceedings commenced</i>		<i>Trend[^] over the 24 months to September 2020</i>	
	<i>over the 12 months to September 2019</i>	<i>over the 12 months to September 2020</i>	<i>Change</i>	<i>Annual percentage change</i>
Proceeded against to court:				
Bail Court Attendance Notice	69,053	70,892	1,839	Stable
No Bail Court Attendance Notice	6,245	7,106	861	13.8%
Future Court Attendance Notice	44,334	47,039	2,705	Stable
Field Court Attendance Notice	48,030	41,494	-6,536	-13.6%
Total proceeded against to court	167,662	166,531	-1,131	Stable
Proceeded against other than to court:				
Court Diversion				
Criminal Infringement Notice	8,785	7,115	-1,670	-19.0%
Youth Justice Conference	778	908	130	16.7%
Caution Young Offenders Act	7,065	6,749	-316	Stable
Cannabis or other drug caution	4,762	4,001	-761	-16.0%
Warning Young Offenders Act	9,592	9,540	-52	Stable
Total court diversion	30,982	28,313	-2,669	-8.6%
Other method of proceeding				
Infringement Notice (fine)	648,413	565,867	-82,546	-12.7%
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice	357	239	-118	-33.1%
Total other method of proceeding	648,770	566,106	-82,664	-12.7%
Total proceeded against other than to court	679,752	594,419	-85,333	-12.6%
TOTAL ALL PROCEEDED AGAINST	847,414	760,950	-86,464	-10.2%

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* The date alleged offenders were proceeded against, rather than the date the incident was recorded.

TABLE 4.2: NUMBER, PERCENTAGE AND TREND^A IN ALLEGED OFFENDERS PROCEEDED AGAINST TO COURT BY NSW POLICE FOR 62 OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020*, NSW

<i>Offence category</i>	<i>Over the 12 months to September 2019</i>			<i>Over the 12 months to September 2020</i>			<i>Trend^A over the last 24 months</i>	
	<i>Number proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Total number proceeded against</i>	<i>% proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Number proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Total number proceeded against</i>	<i>% proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Change in number proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Annual percentage change</i>
Murder	107	107	100.0%	109	109	100.0%	2	Stable
Attempted murder	12	12	100.0%	38	38	100.0%	26	.
Murder accessory, conspiracy	1	1	100.0%	2	2	100.0%	1	.
Manslaughter	7	7	100.0%	9	9	100.0%	2	.
Domestic violence related assault	13,255	13,672	97.0%	13,472	13,956	96.5%	217	Stable
Non-domestic violence related assault	7,570	8,978	84.3%	7,351	8,683	84.7%	-219	Stable
Assault Police	1,431	1,460	98.0%	1,457	1,501	97.1%	26	Stable
Sexual assault	864	865	99.9%	949	952	99.7%	85	Stable
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	1,456	1,519	95.9%	1,462	1,503	97.3%	6	Stable
Abduction and kidnapping	167	167	100.0%	185	185	100.0%	18	Stable
Robbery without a weapon	849	854	99.4%	852	873	97.6%	3	Stable
Robbery with a firearm	127	127	100.0%	88	88	100.0%	-39	Stable
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	535	536	99.8%	631	636	99.2%	96	17.9%
Blackmail and extortion	14	14	100.0%	11	11	100.0%	-3	.
Intimidation, stalking and harassment	11,294	11,722	96.4%	12,455	12,934	96.3%	1,161	10.3%
Other offences against the person**	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	280	300	93.3%	n.c.	
Break and enter dwelling	3,002	3,205	93.7%	2,915	3,070	95.0%	-87	Stable
Break and enter non-dwelling	1,846	2,173	85.0%	1,602	1,945	82.4%	-244	Stable
Receiving or handling stolen goods	4,877	5,280	92.4%	4,790	5,130	93.4%	-87	Stable
Motor vehicle theft	1,735	1,881	92.2%	1,901	2,123	89.5%	166	Stable
Steal from motor vehicle	1,085	1,252	86.7%	1,085	1,273	85.2%	0	Stable
Steal from retail store	6,637	12,072	55.0%	5,884	9,946	59.2%	-753	Stable

TABLE 4.2: NUMBER, PERCENTAGE AND TREND[^] IN ALLEGED OFFENDERS PROCEEDED AGAINST TO COURT BY NSW POLICE FOR 62 OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020*, NSW (continued)

<i>Offence category</i>	<i>Over the 12 months to September 2019</i>			<i>Over the 12 months to September 2020</i>			<i>Trend[^] over the last 24 months</i>	
	<i>Number proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Total number proceeded against</i>	<i>% proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Number proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Total number proceeded against</i>	<i>% proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Change in number proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Annual percentage change</i>
Steal from dwelling	608	754	80.6%	657	812	80.9%	49	Stable
Steal from person	393	448	87.7%	320	380	84.2%	-73	-18.6%
Stock theft	22	23	95.7%	10	11	90.9%	-12	.
Fraud	4,935	5,207	94.8%	5,124	5,388	95.1%	189	Stable
Other theft	1,980	2,563	77.3%	1,909	2,401	79.5%	-71	Stable
Arson	135	223	60.5%	216	368	58.7%	81	Stable
Malicious damage to property	5,274	6,201	85.1%	5,366	6,382	84.1%	92	Stable
Possession and/or use of cocaine	1,503	1,543	97.4%	1,235	1,298	95.1%	-268	-17.8%
Possession and/or use of narcotics	569	569	100.0%	678	679	99.9%	109	Stable
Possession and/or use of cannabis	5,440	11,365	47.9%	6,282	11,414	55.0%	842	Stable
Possession and/or use of amphetamines	3,677	3,710	99.1%	3,946	3,986	99.0%	269	Stable
Possession and/or use of ecstasy	1,666	2,027	82.2%	760	1,207	63.0%	-906	-54.4%
Possession and/or use of other drugs	1,542	1,633	94.4%	1,899	2,007	94.6%	357	23.2%
Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	643	643	100.0%	770	770	100.0%	127	Stable
Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	210	210	100.0%	168	168	100.0%	-42	Stable
Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	476	481	99.0%	528	535	98.7%	52	Stable
Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	837	837	100.0%	931	931	100.0%	94	Stable
Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	314	314	100.0%	327	328	99.7%	13	Stable
Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	203	205	99.0%	293	295	99.3%	90	44.3%
Cultivating cannabis	714	717	99.6%	793	796	99.6%	79	Stable
Manufacture drug	63	63	100.0%	49	49	100.0%	-14	Stable
Importing drugs	59	59	100.0%	102	102	100.0%	43	72.9%

TABLE 4.2: NUMBER, PERCENTAGE AND TREND[^] IN ALLEGED OFFENDERS PROCEEDED AGAINST TO COURT BY NSW POLICE FOR 62 OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO SEPTEMBER 2020*, NSW (continued)

Offence category	Over the 12 months to September 2019			Over the 12 months to September 2020			Trend [^] over the last 24 months	
	Number proceeded against to court	Total number proceeded against	% proceeded against to court	Number proceeded against to court	Total number proceeded against	% proceeded against to court	Change in number proceeded against to court	Annual percentage change
Other drug offences	785	883	88.9%	766	846	90.5%	-19	Stable
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	3,048	3,923	77.7%	3,267	4,148	78.8%	219	7.2%
Trespass	1,743	3,735	46.7%	1,615	3,422	47.2%	-128	-7.3%
Offensive conduct	405	2,888	14.0%	355	2,313	15.3%	-50	Stable
Offensive language	200	1,308	15.3%	181	1,175	15.4%	-19	Stable
Criminal intent	1,657	1,702	97.4%	1,548	1,585	97.7%	-109	Stable
Betting and gaming offences	12	19	63.2%	11	15	73.3%	-1	.
Liquor offences	163	3,669	4.4%	128	2,373	5.4%	-35	Stable
Pornography offences	168	221	76.0%	197	259	76.1%	29	Stable
Prostitution offences	1	1	100.0%	0	0	.	-1	.
Escape custody	107	107	100.0%	113	115	98.3%	6	Stable
Breach Apprehended Violence Order	9,659	9,662	100.0%	10,974	10,977	100.0%	1,315	13.6%
Breach bail conditions	8,403	8,423	99.8%	9,651	9,684	99.7%	1,248	14.9%
Fail to appear	13	13	100.0%	12	12	100.0%	-1	.
Resist or hinder officer	1,866	2,422	77.0%	1,828	2,267	80.6%	-38	Stable
Other offences against justice procedures**	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,085	1,086	99.9%	n.c.	
Transport regulatory offences	317	94,435	0.3%	308	75,064	0.4%	-9	Stable
Other offences	2,159	6,451	33.5%	2,446	7,870	31.1%	287	13.3%

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 46, Notes [5] and [6].

* The date alleged offenders were proceeded against, rather than the date the incident was recorded.

** Due to classification changes, comparable figures are not available in this time period for this offence. n.a. - Not available, n.c. - Not calculated.

SECTION 5:

**CLEARED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS
AND WHETHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS
COMMENCED FOR SELECTED OFFENCES**

TABLE 5.1: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR SELECTED OFFENCES BY WHETHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS COMMENCED IN 30 DAYS OF REPORTING, OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO AUGUST 2020, NSW

Type of offence	Recorded criminal incidents over the 12 months to August 2019				Recorded criminal incidents over the 12 months to August 2020			
	Total number recorded	Cleared within 30 days of reporting			Total number recorded	Cleared within 30 days of reporting		
		Total number cleared [#]	Proceedings commenced within 30 days ^{###}	% proceedings commenced within 30 days		Total number cleared [#]	Proceedings commenced within 30 days ^{###}	% proceedings commenced within 30 days
Murder*	71	49	46	64.8	76	51	46	60.5
Domestic violence related assault	30,860	24,524	19,584	63.5	31,776	25,502	20,361	64.1
Non-domestic violence related assault	32,092	13,517	7,935	24.7	29,882	13,080	7,738	25.9
Sexual assault	5,952	979	421	7.1	6,692	1,113	469	7.0
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	8,243	2,195	1,233	15.0	8,044	2,218	1,280	15.9
Abduction and kidnapping	209	103	93	44.5	192	107	94	49.0
Robbery without a weapon	1,469	501	453	30.8	1,255	479	433	34.5
Robbery with a firearm	164	63	61	37.2	115	46	46	40.0
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	908	318	299	32.9	878	349	329	37.5
Intimidation, stalking and harassment	34,298	20,219	13,202	38.5	37,174	22,483	14,964	40.3
Break and enter dwelling	25,448	2,057	1,729	6.8	21,727	2,174	1,869	8.6
Break and enter non-dwelling	10,100	985	907	9.0	8,334	979	881	10.6
Motor vehicle theft	13,475	1,148	993	7.4	12,206	1,260	1,049	8.6
Steal from motor vehicle	38,651	1,206	998	2.6	31,363	1,216	1,009	3.2
Steal from retail store	26,823	11,636	10,125	37.7	21,942	9,453	8,173	37.2
Steal from dwelling	18,812	1,484	698	3.7	17,638	1,493	727	4.1
Steal from person	3,979	509	360	9.0	2,614	458	323	12.4
Stock theft	439	18	12	2.7	414	17	3	0.7
Fraud	51,898	4,002	3,209	6.2	48,139	3,730	2,971	6.2
Arson	4,995	325	148	3.0	4,497	517	271	6.0
Malicious damage to property	57,468	15,167	11,674	20.3	54,167	15,543	12,072	22.3

[#] Total number cleared includes both incidents where proceedings were commenced and those where no proceedings were commenced.

^{###} This includes incidents where a person was either proceeded against to court or proceeded against other than to court.

* Victims for whom incident was cleared.

TABLE 5.2: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR SELECTED OFFENCES BY WHETHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS COMMENCED IN 90 DAYS OF REPORTING, OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO JUNE 2020, NSW

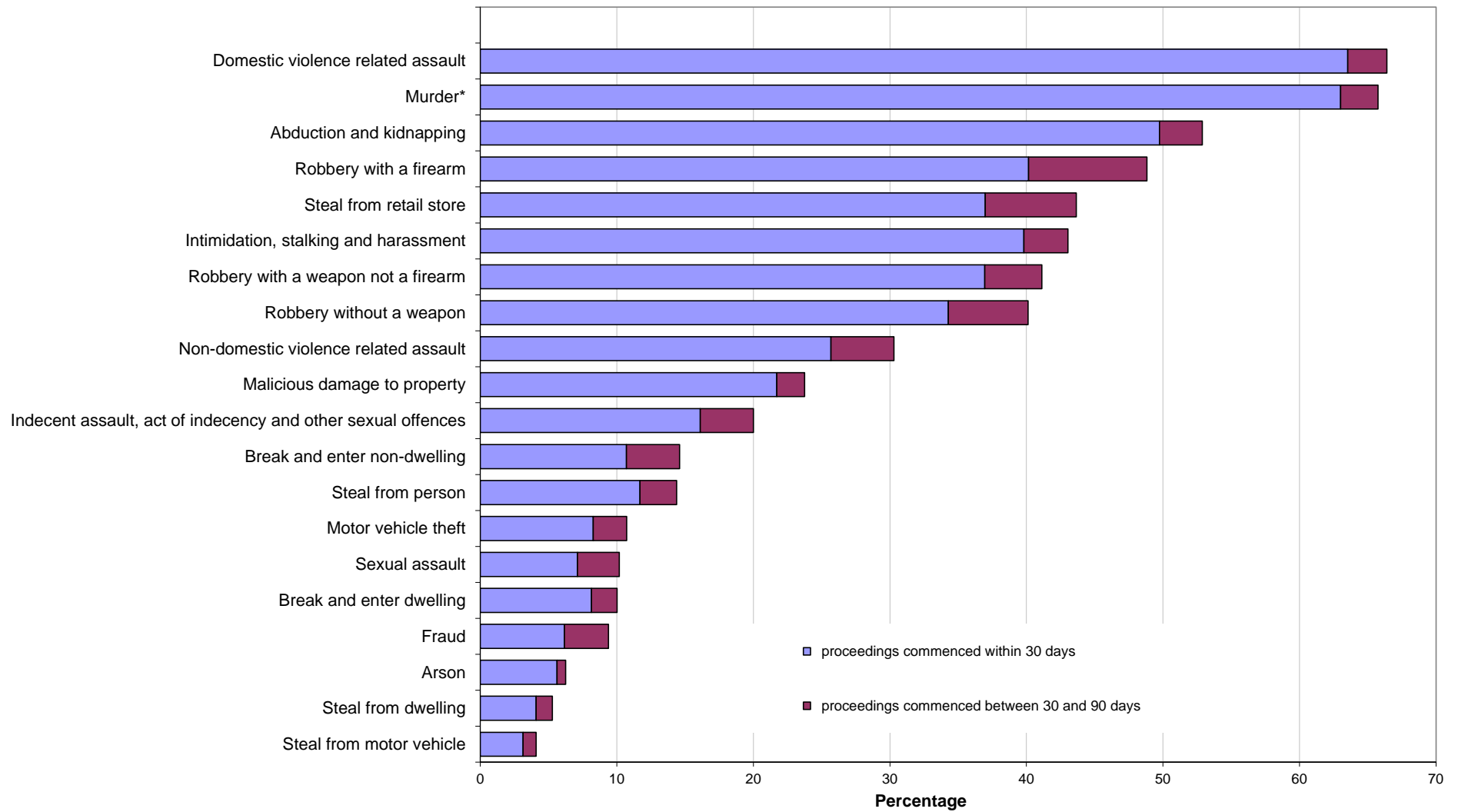
Type of offence	Recorded criminal incidents over the 12 months to June 2019				Recorded criminal incidents over the 12 months to June 2020			
	Total number recorded	Cleared within 90 days of reporting			Total number recorded	Cleared within 90 days of reporting		
		Total number cleared [#]	Proceedings commenced within 90 days ^{###}	% proceedings commenced within 90 days		Total number cleared [#]	Proceedings commenced within 90 days ^{###}	% proceedings commenced within 90 days
Murder*	76	56	52	68.4	73	53	48	65.8
Domestic violence related assault	30,550	25,654	20,226	66.2	31,800	26,845	21,115	66.4
Non-domestic violence related assault	31,809	15,387	9,259	29.1	30,173	15,144	9,142	30.3
Sexual assault	5,854	1,457	598	10.2	6,443	1,560	656	10.2
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	8,227	2,823	1,522	18.5	8,103	2,877	1,620	20.0
Abduction and kidnapping	212	110	100	47.2	191	115	101	52.9
Robbery without a weapon	1,489	583	521	35.0	1,301	584	522	40.1
Robbery with a firearm	157	75	71	45.2	127	62	62	48.8
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	908	365	342	37.7	885	388	364	41.1
Intimidation, stalking and harassment	33,609	21,621	13,978	41.6	36,690	24,087	15,793	43.0
Break and enter dwelling	25,557	2,760	2,313	9.1	23,033	2,745	2,309	10.0
Break and enter non-dwelling	10,029	1,336	1,206	12.0	9,000	1,456	1,314	14.6
Motor vehicle theft	13,282	1,531	1,288	9.7	12,614	1,646	1,352	10.7
Steal from motor vehicle	38,119	1,536	1,268	3.3	33,514	1,655	1,370	4.1
Steal from retail store	26,131	13,342	11,584	44.3	23,690	11,923	10,339	43.6
Steal from dwelling	18,829	1,741	849	4.5	18,194	1,891	961	5.3
Steal from person	3,904	597	441	11.3	2,915	580	419	14.4
Stock theft	446	26	15	3.4	421	19	4	1.0
Fraud	51,379	6,024	4,855	9.4	50,303	5,934	4,719	9.4
Arson	5,092	378	179	3.5	4,765	568	298	6.3
Malicious damage to property	57,691	16,876	12,927	22.4	54,621	16,858	12,973	23.8

[#] Total number cleared includes both incidents where proceedings were commenced and those where no proceedings were commenced.

^{###} This includes incidents where a person was either proceeded against to court or proceeded against other than to court.

* Victims for whom incident was cleared.

Figure 5.1: PERCENTAGE OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR SELECTED OFFENCES WHERE LEGAL PROCEEDINGS COMMENCED WITHIN 30 AND 90 DAYS, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO JUNE 2020, NSW



* For murder the data are counts of recorded victims, not criminal incidents.

APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: TRENDS IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR NSW

[1] Irrespective of how trends in recorded crime are presented, their interpretation is a difficult task. The recorded criminal incident data presented in this report are based on information derived from the NSW Police Force Computerised Operational Policing System (COPS), so only those incidents which are reported to, or detected by, police are included. The trends in recorded crime shown in this report will, therefore, reflect movements in the underlying factors which influence the detection, reporting and recording of crime, as well as changes in the true level of crime in the community.

[2] An alternative measure of the level of crime in Australia is available from crime victim surveys, for example the national Crime Victimization Survey by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS)¹. As well as providing an estimate of the victimisation rate at the State level for a selected set of offences, this survey estimates the proportion of crimes which are not reported to police, and are therefore not recorded in the official statistics. In particular, personal crimes, such as assault and robbery, are less likely to be reported than crimes which involve households. These surveys generally find that about half of physical assault victims aged 15 and over report the incident to police whereas break-ins are reported to police approximately three quarters of the time. Given that some offences have low reporting rates, it is possible that changes in recorded crime rates over time for these offences may be reflecting changes in reporting rates.

[3] Public willingness to report crime, however, is just one of the extraneous factors which can affect trends in recorded crime. Shifts in policing policy can also have a marked effect on the number of recorded drug offences, cases of offensive behaviour or of receiving stolen goods. For these offences, therefore, recorded rates probably do not accurately reflect actual rates. For this reason, the more detailed comparisons of crime rates and examination of trends in this document are restricted to offence categories which are more likely to be reported to, rather than detected by police.

[4] The interpretation of trends in official reports of crime can be considerably more difficult than the interpretation of trends in unemployment or inflation statistics. The ease with which recorded crime statistics can be misunderstood creates a temptation to offer an authoritative explanation for each major crime trend. Indeed, in many instances it is simply impossible to state with any assurance why a particular trend has appeared. This report, therefore, confines itself to identifying and describing trends in recorded crime, rather than explaining them.

[5] For each offence category or subcategory (except murder), a statistical test for trend was applied to the monthly numbers of recorded criminal incidents over the relevant period. In the case of murder, the statistical test for trend was applied to the monthly numbers of victims over the period. The trend test used was Kendall's rank-order correlation test (see, for example, Conover, W.J. 1980, Practical Non-Parametric Statistics, 2nd ed, John Wiley and Sons, pp 256-260). A two-tailed test was used to determine whether there had been an increasing or decreasing trend in the recorded numbers of criminal incidents over the relevant period covered in the report. Some month to month variations in the numbers of recorded incidents could be due in part to seasonal factors. The test for trend is not sensitive to seasonal variations; it is sensitive only to a generally increasing or generally decreasing trend over the time period examined.

[6] For the trend tests throughout this publication, where a statistically significant trend was found ($p < .05$), the extent of the trend is indicated by the percentage change in the total number of recorded criminal incidents between the latest two consecutive 12-month periods for 24 month tests; and the average annual percentage change between the first 12-month period and the latest 12-month period for longer tests. A trend test was not performed if there were fewer than 20 incidents in any of the years for the period in question. The result ' . ' indicates that a trend test was not performed. A non-significant test result ($p > .05$) is denoted by 'Stable' or by 'ns' in some larger LGA tables.

[7] In order to present an overview of crime trends in NSW the information in Section 1 relates to aggregate violent and property crime. The State graphs for violent and property offences are plotted as monthly rates² per 100,000 population. The State graph for violent offences shows distinct seasonality and the 12-month moving average (light grey line) indicates a downward path since 2004, which has stabilized over the past two years, whilst the property offences graph and the 6-month moving average (light grey line) both indicate a downward path since about 2000. Violent offences include: murder, attempted murder, manslaughter, assault - domestic violence related, assault - non-domestic violence related, assault police, robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, sexual assault and indecent assault / act of indecency / other sexual offences. Property offences include: break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, steal from retail store, steal from dwelling, steal from person, stock theft and other theft.

[8] The ratio to NSW rate statistics are a comparison of a NSW regional rate per 100,000 population to the NSW rate per 100,000 population². A ratio of one indicates parity with the NSW rate. Ratios indicating double the NSW rate (or more) before rounding are highlighted in red, whilst ratios indicating half the NSW rate (or less) before rounding are highlighted in yellow.

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics Crime Victimization, Australia, Cat. No. 4530.0, ABS, Sydney. See the Australian Bureau of Statistics website for the latest version available at www.abs.gov.au

2. For the rate calculations, specialised population data were prepared and provided to BOCSAR by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

APPENDIX 2: DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATORY NOTES

The data in this report are extracted from the NSW Police Force's Computerised Operational Policing System (COPS). This system is used for record-keeping for all police operations, not just for criminal matters.

In this report:

- the counting units are recorded *criminal incidents* rather than recorded *offences* (except for murder and manslaughter, where the counting units are victims); and
- the data are categorised by date of *reporting* to police (or date of detection by police) rather than by date of *occurrence* of the offence (except for alleged offender data, where the data is categorised by date the alleged offender was proceeded against).

RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS

A criminal incident is defined as an activity detected by or reported to police which:

- involved the same offender(s);
- involved the same victim(s);
- occurred at the one location;
- occurred during one uninterrupted period of time;
- falls into one offence category;
- falls into one incident type (for example, 'actual', 'attempted', 'conspiracy').

One incident may involve two offenders assaulting the same victim. This would be recorded as one assault incident. Alternatively, suppose a man reports to police that he found his neighbour in the process of damaging his car and, when confronted, the neighbour assaulted him. For such an event, two criminal incidents are recorded because two distinct offence types are involved (malicious damage to property and assault) even though the same parties were involved at the same time and in the same place.

RECORDED VICTIMS

For murder and manslaughter only, the counting units used are victims. Under the definition of a criminal incident (same parties, same time, same place, same offence and same incident type) one murder or manslaughter incident could involve two or more persons being killed. Because of the seriousness of these offences and their relatively small numbers, it is considered to be more appropriate to count the number of victims, rather than the number of criminal incidents. Hence, where one murder incident involves a person killing six people, six murder victims are counted.

OFFENCE CATEGORIES

The classification of offences in this report is broadly based on the Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classification (ANZSOC) devised by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (*ABS 2011, third edition, Cat. No. 1234.0*).

For all types of offence classifications used in the report, Appendix 3 lists the offence categories included in the classification. The original offence incident categories are those used by the NSW Police Force and do not necessarily correspond exactly with offences as defined in legislation.

MAJOR OFFENCE CATEGORIES

Major offence categories include the most serious personal violence and property offences. The most serious of these offences is *murder* for which the incident count is the number of victims. Assault offences include the two major offence categories of *domestic violence related assault* and *non-domestic violence related assault*. All sexual offences are categorised by the two major offence types, either as *sexual assault* or *indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences*.

Robbery offences are sorted into three categories by use of weapon: *robbery with a firearm*, *robbery with a weapon not a firearm* or *robbery without a weapon*. The serious theft offences in this group start with the burglary categories of *break and enter - dwelling* and *break and enter - non-dwelling* followed by *motor vehicle theft* and *steal from motor vehicle*. Other theft offences included in the 17 major offences are *steal from retail store*, *steal from dwelling*, *steal from person* and *fraud*. The final property offence listed as a major offence is *malicious damage to property*.

APPENDIX 2: DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATORY NOTES *continued*

COUNTING PERIOD

Criminal incidents are included in the counting period in which they were reported to or detected by police.

In most cases criminal incidents are recorded on COPS on the day of reporting. However there may be some time delay before the incident gains the status of accepted and verified (which are necessary conditions for inclusion in this report). It is therefore possible for some updating of data to occur. That is, data extracted for a specified period of time may differ according to the date of extraction of the data.

In recent years some historic murders have been re-entered on the COPS system after being referred to the unsolved homicide squad. Murders that were first reported to NSW Police prior to the introduction of COPS in 1995 but recorded on COPS in recent years are excluded from the statistics. Murders which took place prior to 1995 but were first reported to Police in or after 1995 are included in the statistics.

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST ALLEGED OFFENDERS

Police may proceed against alleged offenders through a variety of legal or other processes. Alleged offenders who are not legally proceeded against are not included in this report. Most alleged offenders are referred to the NSW Criminal Courts. The more serious offences are dealt with by way of a Bail Court Attendance Notice (CAN) or a No-Bail CAN. In these instances, the alleged offender is arrested, taken to a police station, fingerprinted and the details of the person and all charges are recorded. A Bail CAN is used when a bail determination is required and a No-Bail CAN is used when a bail determination is not required.

Following changes to the Bail Act in May 2014, No-Bail CANs are used almost solely for incidents of 'Breach of bail conditions' and no bail determination is required because the original determination stands until a new determination is made by the court. Alternatively a Field CAN may be issued by police at other locations. A Future CAN is used for less serious offences.

Some alleged offenders are proceeded against but diverted from the criminal court system. For many minor offences police can issue Infringement Notices. By paying the prescribed penalty the offender avoids having to go to court. Under the *Young Offenders Act 1997*, a juvenile offender can be issued with either a warning, a caution or referred to a youth justice conference.

Youth Justice Conference and cautions data in previous reports have included juvenile offenders initially proceeded against to court by Police and then referred to a conference or given a caution under the *Young Offenders Act* by the court. From the 2015 report, they are now counted as being proceeded against to court by Court Attendance Notice as that was the method of proceeding used by the Police. Consequently data in this report is not comparable with data in previously published reports. Comparable data for previous years is available on request.

Data on warnings under the *Young Offenders Act* is available from January 2010 onwards. Due to changes in how warnings are recorded, this data series can not be compared with warning data previously published. A youth justice conference is a face-to-face meeting between offenders, victims and their support persons. The offending behaviour is discussed and an outcome plan for the offender negotiated. Note that both the police and the courts can refer a young person to a youth justice conference. However, the number of alleged offenders proceeded against by way of a youth justice conference, as shown in Table 4.1, includes only police referrals to a youth justice conference.

Since mid-2008, Police have issued compliance notices for breaches of liquor licensing regulations/legislation. Commonly these are for relatively minor breaches eg fail to display regulated signs. Liquor Offence Compliance Notices have been added to the recorded crime collection from the 2015 report. Consequently data in this report is not comparable with data in previously published reports. Comparable data for all years is available on request.

Each offender or alleged offender appears only once in the table for each event. Note that multiple criminal incidents may be associated with a single event. The processes are arranged in a hierarchy with the offender or alleged offender appearing in the most serious category where multiple incidents are involved. For example if an event involves two incidents and the alleged offender is charged for one incident but receives a caution for the second incident, the alleged offender appears only in the relevant 'proceeded against to court' category.

APPENDIX 2: DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATORY NOTES *continued*

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST ALLEGED OFFENDERS *continued*

It should be noted that in previous annual recorded crime reports, data on alleged offenders were categorised by date of reporting to police (or date the incident was detected by police). Given there can be a delay between an event being recorded by police and police commencing legal proceedings this resulted in fewer alleged offenders being counted, particularly during the last three months of the reporting period. For this reason, since the 2017 annual report, alleged offender data is categorised by the date the alleged offender was proceeded against. Therefore in Section 4 the year refers to the year in which alleged offenders were proceeded against. It does not refer to the year in which a criminal incident or incidents were reported to police. For example, if an incident was reported to police in 2016 but the alleged offender was not apprehended and charged until 2017, the alleged offender is counted in 2017. As such, Section 4 of this report is not comparable with alleged offender data published prior to the 2017 annual report. Comparable data for all years is available on request.

CLEARED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS

A cleared criminal incident is one, which, in the view of police, has been satisfactorily cleared by the commencement of legal proceedings or otherwise.

An incident is cleared by the commencement of legal proceedings when police have laid a charge or an information against at least one person. The information may have been laid with a view to the issuing of a warrant, Future CAN or other process for the purpose of bringing an offender before the court.

A criminal incident is cleared other than by commencement of legal proceedings when, under normal circumstances, a charge or information would have been laid against at least one person, but, for a variety of reasons, police have been unable to make an arrest, despite knowing the identity of the offender and having sufficient evidence to support a charge. Examples of situations in which an offence may be cleared other than by charge include the following:

- the offender is a juvenile and is cautioned;
- the offender has died before a charge is made or information laid;
- the offender has been committed to a psychiatric institution and is unlikely to be released;
- there is an obstacle to charging, such as diplomatic immunity;
- the complainant or essential witness is dead and proceedings would be aborted;
- the offender is serving a sentence and police consider that no useful purpose would be served by prosecution.

The offence types included in these tables are those where the crime is likely to have been reported to police, rather than discovered or detected by police. Offence types where the numbers of recorded criminal incidents are influenced by police law enforcement activity (drug offences, for example) are excluded. For such offence types, the clear-up percentages are very high because clearing the offence generally occurs simultaneously with its detection (that is, an arrest is made when the crime is discovered). This report contains criminal incidents cleared within 30 and 90 days after the incident was reported to the NSW Police Force.

The clear-up status after 30 days could not be determined for any offences reported in the latest month. Hence, Table 5.1 is for the 24-month period ending one month before the quarterly reporting period. Similarly, the clear-up status after 90 days could not be determined for any offences reported in the latest three months. Hence, Table 5.2 and Figure 5.1 is for the 24-month period ending three months before the quarterly reporting period.

REGIONAL STATISTICS

Statistics are provided on the number of criminal incidents (victims for murder) recorded for each of the Statistical Areas (SAs) of NSW as defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS).

Recorded criminal incidents which occurred in correctional, detention or remand centres, however, are not counted in the SA in which the incident occurred. Appendix 4 provides maps indicating the location of each SA. Appendix 5 lists the Local Government Areas (LGAs using 2017 boundaries) within each of the SAs. Note that LGA boundaries change from time to time. A criminal incident is counted within a particular region when the location of the offence falls within that region.

For the rate calculations, specialised population data were prepared and provided to BOCSAR by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

APPENDIX 3: BOCSAR OFFENCES MAPPED TO POLICE INCIDENT CATEGORIES

BOCSAR offence	NSW Police Force incident categories
Homicide	
Murder	Murder
Attempted murder	Murder – attempted Shoot with intent to murder
Murder accessory, conspiracy	Murder – conspiracy Murder – solicit
Manslaughter – not driving	Manslaughter
Assault	
	<i>Includes any of the following offences disaggregated by whether or not police have flagged the incident as domestic violence related:</i>
Domestic violence related	Actual bodily harm Assault common Grievous bodily harm (including malicious wounding) Shoot with intent other than to murder Spike drink/food
Non-domestic violence related	Actual bodily harm Assault common Grievous bodily harm (including malicious wounding) Shoot with intent other than to murder Spike drink/food
Assault Police	Assault Police officer
Sexual offences	
Sexual assault	Sexual assault – adult victim (16+ years old) Sexual assault – child victim, reported when adult Sexual assault – child victim, reported when child
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Act of indecency Aggravated act of indecency Indecent assault – adult victim (16+ years old) Indecent assault – child victim, reported when child Indecent assault – child victim, reported when adult Bestiality Carnal knowledge Grooming/procuring Incest Indecent communication Peep or pry Wilful and obscene exposure Other sexual offence
Abduction and kidnapping	Kidnapping/Abduction <input type="checkbox"/> People trafficking

APPENDIX 3: BOCSAR OFFENCES MAPPED TO POLICE INCIDENT CATEGORIES

BOCSAR offence	NSW Police Force incident categories
Robbery	
Robbery without a weapon	<i>Includes any of the following offences in which no weapon was recorded:</i> Demand money with menaces Robbery Robbery with aggravation Robbery with wounding Other robbery
Robbery with a firearm	<i>Includes any of the following offences in which a firearm was recorded as a weapon:</i> Armed robbery Demand money with menaces Robbery Robbery with aggravation Robbery with wounding Other robbery
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	<i>Includes any of the following offences in which a non firearm weapon was recorded:</i> Armed robbery Demand money with menaces Robbery Robbery with aggravation Robbery with wounding Other robbery
Blackmail and extortion	Extortion/Blackmail
Intimidation, stalking and harassment	Bullying/harassment or intimidation Stalking (since 2017) Child approach (since 2017) Riot and affray Telecommunications offence (<i>includes nuisance phone calls</i>) Threats against Police Violent disorder Unlawful assembly
Other offences against the person	Labour exploitation (<i>includes sexual servitude</i>) Malicious damage with intent to injure/endanger Negligent act cause grievous bodily harm Other offence against the person
Theft	
Break and enter – dwelling	<i>Dwelling includes premises where people reside such as house, home unit, caravan, tent as well as any attachment such as garage, shed, yard and garden.</i> Break/Enter and steal Break/Enter and commit other felony Break/Enter intent to steal Break/Enter intent to commit other felony

APPENDIX 3: BOCSAR OFFENCES MAPPED TO POLICE INCIDENT CATEGORIES

BOCSAR offence	NSW Police Force incident categories
Theft continued:	
Break and enter – non-dwelling	<i>Non-dwelling includes commercial and government premises.</i> Break/Enter and steal Break/Enter and commit other felony Break/Enter intent to steal Break/Enter intent to commit other felony
Receiving or handling stolen goods	Receiving Goods in custody Possess property stolen outside NSW
Motor vehicle theft	Theft of motor cars, motor cycles, and other vehicles / vessels Rebirthing vehicles / vessels
Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from motor vehicle
Steal from retail store	Steal from retail store
Steal from dwelling	Steal from dwelling Other stealing <i>occurring in a residential dwelling</i>
Steal from person	Steal from person
Stock theft	Steal stock (Non-domestic animal)
Fraud	Company/corporate offence Computer crime Copyright/Intellectual property/Trademark Corrupt commission/practices Corrupt payment (receive or pay) Counterfeit currency Deception offence Embezzlement Fail to pay Forgery (since 2017) Fraudulent misappropriation Larceny clerk/servant/bailee Make/use false instrument Misappropriate cheques/funds Possess false instrument Publish false misleading statement Receiving (fraud related) Scams - obtain funds (since 2017) Scams - selling (since 2017) Unauthorised access of funds (since 2017) Deal/supply false identity documents (since 2017) Deal/supply false information (since 2017) Equipment to make false identity documents (since 2017) Make false identity documents (since 2017) Possess false identity documents (since 2017) Possess identity information (since 2017) Use false identity documents (since 2017) Other fraud

APPENDIX 3: BOCSAR OFFENCES MAPPED TO POLICE INCIDENT CATEGORIES

BOCSAR offence	NSW Police Force incident categories
Theft continued: Other theft	Steal from dwelling <i>occurring somewhere other than a residential or non-residential dwelling</i> (e.g. from hostels, motels, boarding houses etc) Steal domestic animal or bird Steal from marine vessel Steal vessel Other stealing <i>occurring somewhere other than a dwelling</i> (e.g. in outdoor/public places)
Arson	<i>Fire incident where classified as deliberate:</i> Bushfire Structure Vehicle (e.g. aircraft/motor vehicle/train/vessel) Other commodity
Malicious damage to property	Graffiti Malicious damage to property Public place – damage fountain/wall etc. Public place – damage shrine/monument
Drug offences	
Possession and/or use of cocaine	Possess drug <i>where drug type is cocaine</i> Use or administer drug <i>where drug type is cocaine</i> Item/object found <i>where drug type is cocaine</i>
Possession and/or use of narcotics	Possess drug <i>where drug type is narcotics</i> Use or administer drug <i>where drug type is narcotics</i> Item/object found <i>where drug type is narcotics</i>
Possession and/or use of cannabis	Possess drug / plant <i>where drug type is cannabis</i> Use or administer drug <i>where drug type is cannabis</i> Item/object found <i>where drug type is cannabis</i>
Possession and/or use of amphetamines	Possess drug <i>where drug type is amphetamines</i> Use or administer drug <i>where drug type is amphetamines</i> Item/object found <i>where drug type is amphetamines</i>
Possession and/or use of ecstasy	Possess drug <i>where drug type is ecstasy</i> Use or administer drug <i>where drug type is ecstasy</i> Item/object found <i>where drug type is ecstasy</i>
Possession and/or use of other drugs	Possess drug <i>where drug type is not cocaine, narcotics, cannabis, amphetamines or ecstasy</i> Use or administer drug <i>where drug type is not cocaine, narcotics, cannabis, amphetamines or ecstasy</i> Item/object found <i>where drug type is not cocaine, narcotics, cannabis, amphetamines or ecstasy</i>
Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	Supply drug <i>where drug type is cocaine</i>
Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	Supply drug <i>where drug type is narcotics</i>

APPENDIX 3: BOCSAR OFFENCES MAPPED TO POLICE INCIDENT CATEGORIES

BOCSAR offence	NSW Police Force incident categories
Drug offences continued:	
Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	Supply drug/plant <i>where drug/plant type is cannabis</i>
Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	Supply drug <i>where drug type is amphetamines</i>
Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	Supply drug <i>where drug type is ecstasy</i>
Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	Supply drug/plant <i>where drug/plant type is not cocaine, narcotics, cannabis, amphetamines or ecstasy</i>
Cultivating cannabis	Cultivation
Manufacture drug	Manufacture drug
Importing drugs	Import drug/plant
Other drug offences	Forge and/or utter prescription Possess drug utensil Other drug detection/seizure offence
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	Bomb hoax or threat Discharge firearm into premises Licence offence Firearms dealer offence Firearms not ensure safekeeping Improper storage of explosives Person search - Item/object found <i>where item/object is a weapon</i> Possess explosive/dangerous article Possess prohibited weapon/article Possess shortened firearm Possess whilst unlicensed Sell prohibited weapon/article Shorten firearm Trespass with firearm Unlawful handling/access/supply of explosives Unlawfully discharge firearm Use firearm under influence Use prohibited weapon/article Other explosives offence Other firearm licencing offence Other firearm offence Other prohibited weapon/article offence
Disorderly conduct	
Trespass	Trespass Remain inclosed lands
Offensive conduct	Offensive behaviour
Offensive language	Offensive language
Criminal intent	Armed with intent Disguised with intent Enter land with intent Intent to repeat indictable offence Possess implements

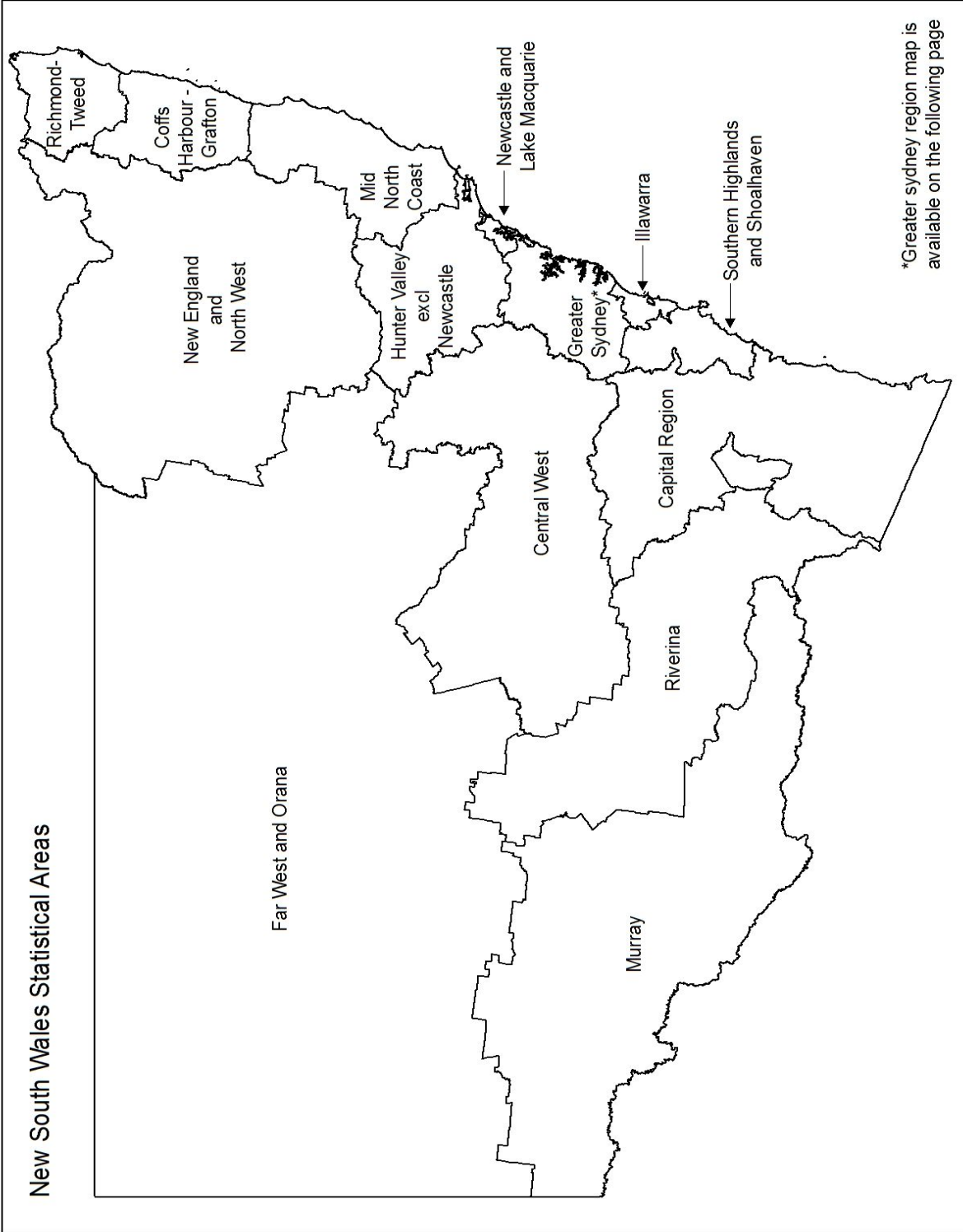
APPENDIX 3: BOCSAR OFFENCES MAPPED TO POLICE INCIDENT CATEGORIES

BOCSAR offence	NSW Police Force incident categories
Betting and gaming offences	Conduct/play illegal betting Conduct/play illegal game Own/manage premises – betting Own/manage premises – gaming Other gaming offence
Liquor offences	Consume alcohol in alcohol-free zone Consume/possess alcohol in public by minor Licensing legislation offence: – Offence by licensee/employee/secretary – Offence by minor – Offence by customer (not minor) – Supply liquor to juvenile – Offence against registered clubs legislation
Pornography offences	Possess/disseminate child pornography Possess/publish indecent material
Prostitution offences	Soliciting/prostitution in public Prostitution – premises Prostitution – live off earnings Child prostitution Other vice offence
Against justice procedures	
Escape Custody	Escapee – Corrective Services custody Escapee – Department of Community Services custody Escapee – Police custody Escapee – Other custody
Breach Apprehended Violence Order	Breach Apprehended Violence Order – domestic Breach Apprehended Violence Order – personal
Breach bail conditions	Breach bail conditions Breach control order
Fail to appear	Fail to appear
Resist or hinder officer	Refuse direction Refuse direction continue intoxication and disorder Refuse direction intoxicated person Refuse to be searched Refuse to produce object Resist/hinder officer
Other offences against justice procedures	Breach of recognizance Contravene Child Protection Prohibition Order (CPPO) Other judicial offence
Transport regulatory offences	Transport offence (<i>includes offences on the rail network such as travelling without a valid ticket, smoking, drinking or using offensive language on a train or railway land</i>) Buffer riding

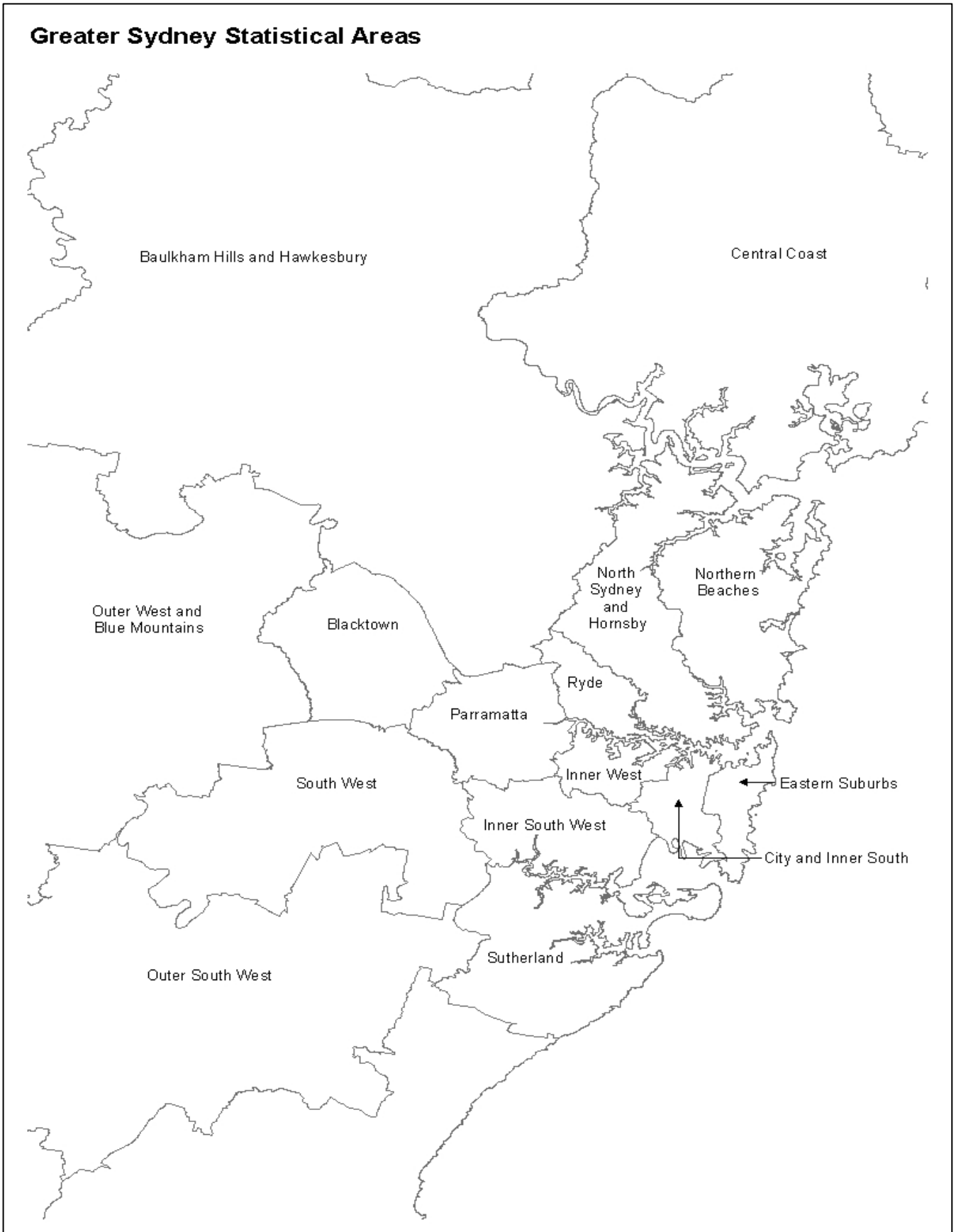
APPENDIX 3: BOCSAR OFFENCES MAPPED TO POLICE INCIDENT CATEGORIES

<i>BOCSAR offence</i>	<i>NSW Police Force incident categories</i>
Other offences	Animals - Dog offences Cyber Breach/Attack Family law offence Immigration/customs offence Obstruction Offence against transport service Other street offences (carry cutting weapon, offensive implement) Public mischief Terrorism offences (e.g. associating with terrorist organisations, financing terrorism etc.) Other miscellaneous offences Offences under various acts: <i>Animals - Prevention Of Cruelty Acts</i> <i>Bush Fire Act</i> <i>Child Protection Act</i> <i>Local Government Act</i> <i>Marine/Waterway Act</i> <i>Pawnbrokers Act</i> <i>Postal Services Act</i> <i>Security Industry Act</i> <i>Sydney Harbour Bridge Act</i> <i>Tattoo Parlours Act</i>

APPENDIX 4: NSW & GREATER SYDNEY STATISTICAL AREA MAPS



APPENDIX 4: NSW & GREATER SYDNEY STATISTICAL AREA MAPS



APPENDIX 5: LGAs IN GREATER SYDNEY STATISTICAL AREAS***Greater Sydney Statistical Areas***

<i>Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury</i> Hawkesbury* The Hills Shire*	<i>Blacktown</i> Blacktown	<i>Central Coast</i> Central Coast
<i>City and Inner South</i> Sydney*	<i>Eastern Suburbs</i> Randwick* Waverley Woollahra	<i>Inner South West</i> Bayside* Canterbury-Bankstown* Georges River
<i>Inner West</i> Burwood Canada Bay Inner West* Strathfield*	<i>North Sydney and Hornsby</i> Hornsby* Ku-ring-gai Lane Cove Mosman North Sydney Willoughby	<i>Northern Beaches</i> Northern Beaches
<i>Outer South West</i> Camden* Campbelltown* Wollondilly*	<i>Outer West and Blue Mountains</i> Blue Mountains* Penrith*	<i>Parramatta</i> Cumberland* Parramatta*
<i>Ryde</i> Hunters Hill Ryde*	<i>South West</i> Fairfield* Liverpool*	<i>Sutherland</i> Sutherland Shire*

* These LGAs span across two or more Statistical Areas.

These LGAs are listed under the Greater Sydney Statistical Areas which contain the largest area of each LGA.

APPENDIX 5: LGAs IN NSW REGIONAL STATISTICAL AREAS***NSW Regional Statistical Areas***

Capital Region

Bega Valley
Eurobodalla
Goulburn Mulwaree
Hilltops
Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional
Snowy Monaro Regional*
Upper Lachlan Shire
Yass Valley*

Central West

Bathurst Regional
Bland*
Blayney
Cabonne*
Cowra
Forbes
Lachlan*
Lithgow
Mid-Western Regional*
Oberon*
Orange
Parkes
Weddin

Coffs Harbour - Grafton

Bellingen*
Clarence Valley*
Coffs Harbour

Far West and Orana

Bogan
Bourke
Brewarrina
Broken Hill
Central Darling
Cobar
Coonamble
Dubbo Regional*
Gilgandra
Narromine
Unincorporated Far West
Walgett
Warren
Warrumbungle Shire*

Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle

Cessnock
Dungog
Maitland*
Muswellbrook
Port Stephens*
Singleton*
Upper Hunter Shire*

Illawarra

Kiama*
Shellharbour
Wollongong

Mid North Coast

Kempsey
Lord Howe Island
Mid-Coast*
Nambucca*
Port Macquarie-Hastings

Murray

Albury
Balranald
Berrigan
Edward River
Federation*
Greater Hume Shire*
Hay
Murray River
Wentworth

New England and North West

Armidale Regional*
Glen Innes Severn
Gunnedah
Gwydir
Inverell
Liverpool Plains*
Moree Plains
Narrabri
Tamworth Regional
Tenterfield
Uralla
Walcha

Newcastle and Lake Macquarie

Lake Macquarie*
Newcastle

Richmond - Tweed

Ballina
Byron
Kyogle
Lismore
Richmond Valley*
Tweed

Riverina

Carrathool*
Coolamon
Cootamundra-Gundagai
Griffith
Junee
Leeton
Lockhart*
Murrumbidgee*
Narrandera
Snowy Valleys*
Temora
Wagga Wagga

Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven

Shoalhaven*
Wingecarribee*

* These LGAs span across two or more Statistical Areas.

These LGAs are listed under the NSW Regional Statistical Areas which contain the largest area of each LGA.