

NEW SOUTH WALES RECORDED CRIME STATISTICS

**Quarterly Update
March 2007**

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INTRODUCTION

This report is a quarterly update of trends in recorded criminal incidents in New South Wales. The report shows trends in 17 major crime categories. The offences reported are those for which the number of recorded incidents is a reliable indicator of the actual incidence of the offence. Offences where the number of recorded incidents reflects the level of policing are not included in this report. Trends are reported for the whole of New South Wales, the 12 NSW Statistical Divisions and the 14 Sydney Statistical Subdivisions.

Trends are calculated by the application of a statistical test for trend¹ to the monthly numbers of recorded criminal incidents over the last eight quarters (24 months) for each offence category except for murder*.

For offences where a statistically significant trend was found, the extent of the trend is indicated by the percentage change in the total number of recorded incidents (for murder, recorded victims) between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period; and between the last 12-month period and the 12-month period 48 months earlier.

SUMMARY OF RECORDED CRIME TRENDS IN NEW SOUTH WALES

Offence category	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months
Murder*	Stable	Stable
Assault - domestic violence related	Up by 1.2%	Up by 0.4%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	Stable	Stable
Sexual assault	Stable	Stable
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Stable	Stable
Robbery without a weapon	Stable	Down by 6.6%
Robbery with a firearm	Stable	Down by 9.4%
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Stable	Down by 7.8%
Break and enter - dwelling	Stable	Down by 8.9%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	Stable	Down by 9.8%
Motor vehicle theft	Down by 3.5%	Down by 8.1%
Steal from motor vehicle	Stable	Down by 5.5%
Steal from retail store	Stable	Down by 6.0%
Steal from dwelling	Stable	Down by 5.7%
Steal from person	Stable	Down by 12.1%
Fraud	Stable	Stable
Malicious damage to property	Stable	Up by 3.7%

NOTES

1. The trend test used was Kendall's rank-order correlation test (see, for example, Conover, W.J. 1980, Practical Non-Parametric Statistics, 2nd ed, John Wiley and Sons, pp 256-260). A two-tailed test with a 0.05 significance level cut off ($\alpha=0.05$) was used to determine whether there had been an increasing or decreasing trend in the number of recorded criminal incidents over the most recent twenty-four month period covered in the report. Some month-to-month variation in the number of recorded criminal incidents could be due in part to seasonal factors. The test for trend is not sensitive to seasonal variation; it is sensitive only to a generally increasing or generally decreasing trend over the time period examined.

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

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SUMMARY OF RECORDED CRIME TRENDS BY REGION

NEW SOUTH WALES STATISTICAL DIVISIONS

SYDNEY STATISTICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Table 1: Percentage change in number of recorded incidents over the 24 months to March 2007[^] for major offences showing statistically significant trends in NSW Statistical Divisions.

NSW Statistical Divisions	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter - dwelling	Break and enter - non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Sydney	ns	2.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-12.1	ns	12.4	ns	ns	ns	-5.3	ns
Hunter	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	14.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	11.3
Illawarra	.	ns	3.1	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-16.7	ns	-10.9	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Richmond-Tweed	.	18.9	2.7	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	11.0
Mid-North Coast	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-9.5	ns
Northern	.	ns	7.0	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	21.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	6.8
North Western	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	-31.4	ns	-27.1	-30.4	ns	ns	ns	ns
Central West	.	9.0	ns	ns	-1.9	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	16.1
South Eastern	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	22.5	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Murrumbidgee	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	35.2	ns	ns	ns	ns
Murray	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	-23.6	ns	ns	-19.2	15.3	ns	9.2
Far West	.	17.8	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-46.9	ns	.	-41.3	ns

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward trend in the monthly number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. A positive figure indicates a significant upward trend, whereas a negative figure indicates a significant downward trend. A 'ns' indicates that there was no significant upward or downward trend, and if the number of incidents was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed, a '.' is shown.

Table 2: Percentage change in number of recorded incidents over the 24 months to March 2007[^] for major offences showing statistically significant trends in Sydney Statistical Subdivisions.

Sydney Statistical Subdivisions	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter - dwelling	Break and enter - non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Inner Sydney	.	5.1	ns	ns	ns	-27.4	ns	ns	-20.4	-18.4	ns	26.1	ns	ns	ns	-14.8	6.0
Eastern Suburbs	.	4.6	ns	ns	7.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-13.1	ns	ns	-7.8	ns
St George-Sutherland	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-10.5	-4.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Canterbury-Bankstown	.	4.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	10.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Fairfield-Liverpool	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Outer South Western Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-28.5	-8.9	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Inner Western Sydney	.	24.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-48.1	ns	-33.2	ns	31.1	ns	ns	-38.3	ns	-15.0
Central Western Sydney	.	15.6	8.2	ns	ns	22.8	ns	ns	ns	-16.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-5.0	ns
Outer Western Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-8.9	ns	ns	16.8	ns	ns	ns
Blacktown	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-23.3	ns	21.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Lower Northern Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-25.8	ns	ns	ns	23.2	ns	ns	-10.8	-15.2	14.9
Central Northern Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-13.0	11.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Northern Beaches	.	ns	ns	52.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-22.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	27.2
Gosford-Wyong	.	-1.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-12.9	ns	-11.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward trend in the monthly number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. A positive figure indicates a significant upward trend, whereas a negative figure indicates a significant downward trend. A 'ns' indicates that there was no significant upward or downward trend, and if the number of incidents was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed, a '.' is shown.

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**INCIDENCE AND TRENDS IN
RECORDED CRIME
IN NEW SOUTH WALES REGIONS**

TOTALS FOR THE LAST TWO 12-MONTH PERIODS

NEW SOUTH WALES AND ITS STATISTICAL DIVISIONS

**Table 3: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

NEW SOUTH WALES Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	92	84	STABLE	
Assault - domestic violence related	26,644	26,956	UP	1.2%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	45,699	44,771	STABLE	
Sexual assault	4,081	4,020	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	5,496	5,328	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	5,216	4,864	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	553	531	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	2,755	2,422	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	49,543	46,857	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	27,421	26,237	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	28,880	27,861	DOWN	3.5%
Steal from motor vehicle	54,334	58,697	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	18,455	18,099	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	24,911	23,924	STABLE	
Steal from person	12,434	11,851	STABLE	
Fraud	34,381	33,339	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	104,105	109,458	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward trend in the monthly number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 4: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Sydney Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	60	50	STABLE	
Assault - domestic violence related	14,118	14,458	UP	2.4%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	25,483	24,702	STABLE	
Sexual assault	1,959	1,910	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	2,841	2,723	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	4,435	4,062	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	505	472	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	2,357	2,068	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	29,799	28,933	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	14,282	12,555	DOWN	12.1%
Motor vehicle theft	19,945	19,334	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	35,349	39,738	UP	12.4%
Steal from retail store	12,436	12,333	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	11,660	11,338	STABLE	
Steal from person	10,387	9,839	STABLE	
Fraud	26,549	25,147	DOWN	5.3%
Malicious damage to property	57,744	59,879	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 5: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Hunter Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	9	10	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	2,994	2,832	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	4,318	4,184	STABLE
Sexual assault	443	418	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	534	512	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	241	234	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	22	21	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	123	123	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	5,451	4,507	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	3,261	3,719	UP 14.0%
Motor vehicle theft	2,962	2,856	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	5,631	5,745	STABLE
Steal from retail store	1,417	1,395	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	3,231	3,073	STABLE
Steal from person	603	580	STABLE
Fraud	2,177	2,254	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	10,537	11,727	UP 11.3%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 6: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Illawarra Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	6	4	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,797	1,674	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,727	2,812	UP	3.1%
Sexual assault	268	284	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	295	281	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	157	189	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	7	11	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	108	88	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	3,413	2,843	DOWN	16.7%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,733	1,765	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	1,875	1,671	DOWN	10.9%
Steal from motor vehicle	3,002	3,080	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	1,033	1,002	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	1,745	1,530	STABLE	
Steal from person	430	417	STABLE	
Fraud	1,284	1,464	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	7,279	7,504	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 7: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Richmond-Tweed Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	2	3	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	943	1,121	UP 18.9%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,794	1,842	UP 2.7%
Sexual assault	204	189	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	285	209	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	82	56	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	5	11	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	28	24	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,462	1,345	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,188	1,183	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	739	628	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,541	1,641	STABLE
Steal from retail store	664	660	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	1,246	1,222	STABLE
Steal from person	269	239	STABLE
Fraud	740	844	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,274	3,634	UP 11.0%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 8: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Mid-North Coast Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	4	5	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,383	1,352	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,117	2,056	STABLE
Sexual assault	226	273	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	297	315	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	80	91	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	5	8	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	44	31	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,837	1,971	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,799	1,822	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	754	834	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,810	1,898	STABLE
Steal from retail store	763	737	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	1,541	1,663	STABLE
Steal from person	168	210	STABLE
Fraud	821	743	DOWN 9.5%
Malicious damage to property	4,925	5,374	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 9: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Northern Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	4	4	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,091	1,105	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,636	1,751	UP	7.0%
Sexual assault	191	208	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	233	232	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	46	65	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	2	0	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	20	13	N.A.	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,444	1,509	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	985	1,046	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	327	397	UP	21.4%
Steal from motor vehicle	1,175	1,151	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	452	423	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	963	924	STABLE	
Steal from person	98	91	STABLE	
Fraud	439	451	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	3,877	4,141	UP	6.8%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 10: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

North Western Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	2	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,231	1,156	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,633	1,514	STABLE
Sexual assault	175	167	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	238	260	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	43	41	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	2	1	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	25	20	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,377	1,164	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,116	766	DOWN 31.4%
Motor vehicle theft	703	536	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,407	1,026	DOWN 27.1%
Steal from retail store	431	300	DOWN 30.4%
Steal from dwelling	829	756	STABLE
Steal from person	100	88	STABLE
Fraud	475	436	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,554	3,393	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 11: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Central West Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	2	1	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	803	875	UP	9.0%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,464	1,445	STABLE	
Sexual assault	165	140	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	215	211	DOWN	1.9%
Robbery without a weapon	38	34	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	0	2	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	22	16	N.A.	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,385	1,331	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	841	877	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	373	441	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	1,193	1,129	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	364	318	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	970	928	STABLE	
Steal from person	130	117	STABLE	
Fraud	408	403	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	3,489	4,050	UP	16.1%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 12: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

South Eastern Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	1	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	766	727	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,444	1,418	STABLE
Sexual assault	161	149	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	226	200	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	33	36	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	2	4	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	9	13	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	1,039	1,019	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	750	919	UP 22.5%
Motor vehicle theft	401	433	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	990	1,059	STABLE
Steal from retail store	359	366	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	938	875	STABLE
Steal from person	78	90	STABLE
Fraud	603	634	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,432	3,725	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 13: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Murrumbidgee Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	2	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	689	720	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,252	1,196	STABLE
Sexual assault	124	139	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	159	210	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	34	36	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	1	0	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	12	16	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	1,147	1,144	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	731	746	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	314	349	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,165	1,094	STABLE
Steal from retail store	273	369	UP 35.2%
Steal from dwelling	875	864	STABLE
Steal from person	98	94	STABLE
Fraud	436	423	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,170	3,105	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 14: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Murray Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	0	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	512	573	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	840	868	STABLE
Sexual assault	114	86	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	131	119	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	17	16	N.A.
Robbery with a firearm	1	1	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	2	8	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	908	815	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	574	702	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	411	314	DOWN 23.6%
Steal from motor vehicle	878	961	STABLE
Steal from retail store	214	170	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	707	571	DOWN 19.2%
Steal from person	59	68	UP 15.3%
Fraud	362	488	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	2,013	2,198	UP 9.2%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 15: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Far West Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	0	0	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	270	318	UP 17.8%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	297	312	STABLE
Sexual assault	37	33	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	30	29	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	8	4	N.A.
Robbery with a firearm	1	0	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	5	2	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	281	276	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	157	135	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	75	67	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	189	169	STABLE
Steal from retail store	49	26	DOWN 46.9%
Steal from dwelling	206	180	STABLE
Steal from person	13	18	N.A.
Fraud	80	47	DOWN 41.3%
Malicious damage to property	687	612	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**INCIDENCE AND TRENDS IN
RECORDED CRIME
IN NEW SOUTH WALES REGIONS**

TOTALS FOR THE LAST TWO 12-MONTH PERIODS

SYDNEY STATISTICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Table 16: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Inner Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	5	7	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,420	1,493	UP	5.1%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	5,778	5,317	STABLE	
Sexual assault	234	247	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	359	384	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	1,607	1,167	DOWN	27.4%
Robbery with a firearm	103	99	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	650	550	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	3,873	3,084	DOWN	20.4%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	2,685	2,190	DOWN	18.4%
Motor vehicle theft	2,516	2,501	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	7,524	9,489	UP	26.1%
Steal from retail store	2,122	2,015	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	1,903	1,578	STABLE	
Steal from person	4,970	4,837	STABLE	
Fraud	5,816	4,954	DOWN	14.8%
Malicious damage to property	6,547	6,940	UP	6.0%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 17: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Eastern Suburbs Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	4	6	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	542	567	UP	4.6%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,585	1,468	STABLE	
Sexual assault	75	76	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	166	179	UP	7.8%
Robbery without a weapon	239	250	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	21	28	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	145	93	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,926	1,954	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	530	565	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	1,153	1,200	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	2,067	2,120	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	1,064	925	DOWN	13.1%
Steal from dwelling	823	840	STABLE	
Steal from person	773	777	STABLE	
Fraud	1,677	1,546	DOWN	7.8%
Malicious damage to property	3,297	3,592	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 18: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

St George-Sutherland Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	8	3	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,025	1,054	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,570	1,589	STABLE
Sexual assault	153	125	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	232	232	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	271	262	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	32	40	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	163	152	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,158	2,349	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	944	845	DOWN 10.5%
Motor vehicle theft	1,467	1,409	DOWN 4.0%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,512	2,572	STABLE
Steal from retail store	793	854	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	762	729	STABLE
Steal from person	400	386	STABLE
Fraud	1,768	1,770	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	4,984	5,547	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 19: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Canterbury-Bankstown Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	1	5	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	889	925	UP	4.0%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,291	1,248	STABLE	
Sexual assault	104	118	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	159	125	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	432	391	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	72	67	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	286	262	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,855	2,047	UP	10.4%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	806	753	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	2,188	2,305	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	2,350	2,621	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	616	679	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	513	552	STABLE	
Steal from person	321	290	STABLE	
Fraud	2,123	2,033	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	3,484	3,260	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 20: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Fairfield-Liverpool Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	10	10	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,433	1,400	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,926	1,720	STABLE
Sexual assault	173	181	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	222	197	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	304	307	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	68	63	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	191	183	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,561	2,633	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,083	851	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	1,995	1,847	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	2,889	2,939	STABLE
Steal from retail store	1,052	1,130	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	664	626	STABLE
Steal from person	446	403	STABLE
Fraud	2,238	2,030	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	4,042	4,362	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 21: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Outer South Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	5	4	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,370	1,449	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,878	1,852	STABLE
Sexual assault	202	173	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	223	198	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	197	157	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	13	28	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	101	106	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,001	1,815	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,011	723	DOWN 28.5%
Motor vehicle theft	1,388	1,264	DOWN 8.9%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,019	1,802	STABLE
Steal from retail store	759	696	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	841	829	STABLE
Steal from person	233	219	STABLE
Fraud	907	916	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	5,008	5,001	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 22: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Inner Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	1	0	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	289	359	UP	24.2%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	622	589	STABLE	
Sexual assault	43	45	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	79	87	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	192	176	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	40	29	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	187	97	DOWN	48.1%
Break and enter - dwelling	1,466	1,361	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	506	338	DOWN	33.2%
Motor vehicle theft	820	860	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	1,279	1,677	UP	31.1%
Steal from retail store	503	508	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	439	439	STABLE	
Steal from person	491	303	DOWN	38.3%
Fraud	1,030	1,015	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	1,895	1,611	DOWN	15.0%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 23: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Central Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	9	6	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,189	1,374	UP 15.6%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,964	2,125	UP 8.2%
Sexual assault	166	149	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	213	197	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	373	458	UP 22.8%
Robbery with a firearm	58	54	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	231	249	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,811	2,697	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,235	1,027	DOWN 16.8%
Motor vehicle theft	2,161	2,178	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	3,035	3,311	STABLE
Steal from retail store	1,082	1,196	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	691	737	STABLE
Steal from person	752	710	STABLE
Fraud	2,454	2,332	DOWN 5.0%
Malicious damage to property	3,854	3,859	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 24: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Outer Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	5	1	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,351	1,348	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,041	2,048	STABLE	
Sexual assault	205	190	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	266	216	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	179	189	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	20	11	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	81	74	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,962	2,012	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	953	978	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	1,377	1,255	DOWN	8.9%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,042	2,365	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	875	756	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	900	1,051	UP	16.8%
Steal from person	328	290	STABLE	
Fraud	1,426	1,513	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	5,642	5,635	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 25: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Blacktown Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	2	3	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,804	1,801	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,084	2,164	STABLE	
Sexual assault	178	177	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	213	240	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	252	310	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	19	12	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	79	106	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	2,572	2,457	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	842	646	DOWN	23.3%
Motor vehicle theft	1,657	1,705	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	2,249	2,725	UP	21.2%
Steal from retail store	1,015	1,012	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	907	930	STABLE	
Steal from person	391	395	STABLE	
Fraud	1,999	2,485	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	4,912	5,129	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 26: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Lower Northern Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	0	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	414	369	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	834	866	STABLE
Sexual assault	63	59	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	148	132	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	113	145	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	25	21	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	97	72	DOWN 25.8%
Break and enter - dwelling	1,545	1,739	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	950	873	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	750	683	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,772	2,183	UP 23.2%
Steal from retail store	845	752	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	611	602	STABLE
Steal from person	492	439	DOWN 10.8%
Fraud	1,864	1,580	DOWN 15.2%
Malicious damage to property	2,660	3,056	UP 14.9%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 27: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Central Northern Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	3	0	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	631	591	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	956	910	STABLE
Sexual assault	88	87	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	153	130	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	107	112	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	10	9	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	69	70	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,860	1,760	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	958	883	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	744	647	DOWN 13.0%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,029	2,254	UP 11.1%
Steal from retail store	541	584	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	774	694	STABLE
Steal from person	228	266	STABLE
Fraud	1,167	1,219	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,573	3,475	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 28: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Northern Beaches Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007	
Murder*	0	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	413	402	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	820	699	STABLE
Sexual assault	48	73	UP 52.1%
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	131	118	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	70	62	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	3	6	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	27	22	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,090	1,180	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	588	544	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	497	387	DOWN 22.1%
Steal from motor vehicle	1,404	1,253	STABLE
Steal from retail store	402	409	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	588	541	STABLE
Steal from person	251	249	STABLE
Fraud	1,071	763	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	2,268	2,885	UP 27.2%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 29: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2007[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Gosford-Wyong Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2006	12 months ending 31 March 2007		
Murder*	7	3	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,348	1,326	DOWN	1.6%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,134	2,107	STABLE	
Sexual assault	227	210	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	277	288	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	99	76	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	21	5	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	50	32	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	2,119	1,845	DOWN	12.9%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,191	1,339	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	1,232	1,093	DOWN	11.3%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,178	2,427	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	767	817	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	1,244	1,190	STABLE	
Steal from person	311	275	STABLE	
Fraud	1,009	991	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	5,578	5,527	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

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**MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF ALL
RECORDED CRIME CATEGORIES
IN NEW SOUTH WALES**

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2007

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2005 to March 2007**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>											
		<i>Jan 05</i>	<i>Feb 05</i>	<i>Mar 05</i>	<i>Apr 05</i>	<i>May 05</i>	<i>Jun 05</i>	<i>Jul 05</i>	<i>Aug 05</i>	<i>Sep 05</i>	<i>Oct 05</i>	<i>Nov 05</i>	<i>Dec 05</i>
Homicide	Murder*	10	9	6	9	3	7	9	3	4	9	8	4
	Attempted murder	2	1	6	5	5	5	2	5	1	8	7	4
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	2	.	.	.	1	2	.	1	1	5	1	.
	Manslaughter *	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Assault	Domestic violence related	2640	2182	2328	2024	1982	1925	2056	2018	2076	2265	2231	2613
	Non-domestic violence related	4027	3723	4112	3687	3584	3401	3591	3502	3523	3836	4074	4318
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	313	336	408	302	386	349	276	395	326	313	385	320
	Indecent assault, act of indecency	286	327	334	242	282	287	258	305	311	336	335	271
	Other sexual offences	200	219	207	162	167	145	116	138	165	185	148	165
Abduction and kidnapping		31	26	29	30	32	25	26	43	31	41	49	37
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	397	350	497	455	364	378	377	410	452	493	495	484
	Robbery with a firearm	31	28	59	51	38	24	48	46	49	37	45	34
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	189	186	243	236	208	259	207	212	261	223	214	230
Blackmail and extortion		4	9	6	5	3	2	1	6	14	2	5	3
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		1944	1742	1967	1820	1707	1604	1663	1864	1893	1891	1882	2019
Other offences against the person		143	135	141	125	120	125	114	134	103	136	111	128
Theft	Break and enter - dwelling	4559	4126	4507	4129	4242	3896	4104	3921	3930	4274	4081	4166
	Break and enter - non-dwelling	2540	2351	2634	2195	2313	2211	2268	2180	2144	2241	2318	2254
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	661	567	618	544	557	504	537	541	527	613	461	513
	Motor vehicle theft	2665	2356	2646	2534	2579	2396	2468	2226	2267	2358	2382	2294
	Steal from motor vehicle	4528	4451	5306	4609	4657	4432	4565	4345	4422	4412	4624	4265
	Steal from retail store	1440	1421	1598	1592	1664	1613	1698	1542	1508	1421	1557	1411
	Steal from dwelling	2436	2044	2074	2141	2071	1871	1999	1942	2058	2274	2078	2161
	Steal from person	1275	952	1144	951	976	1019	983	995	1041	1128	1032	1126
	Stock theft	62	58	51	51	46	59	46	67	57	53	61	43
	Fraud	2889	2669	2628	2628	3014	2819	3065	2944	3317	2973	2668	2434
	Other theft	4112	3608	3948	3805	3764	3630	3475	3399	3476	3557	3536	3799
Arson		572	456	525	503	525	480	554	561	516	618	589	625
Malicious damage to property		8667	7909	8817	8524	7876	7874	8823	8499	8764	9486	8826	9448
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	26	25	25	14	28	19	22	17	9	13	18	17
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	89	85	84	75	77	64	87	65	75	61	59	38

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2007

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2005 to March 2007**

Type of offence	Recorded criminal incidents											
	Jan 05	Feb 05	Mar 05	Apr 05	May 05	Jun 05	Jul 05	Aug 05	Sep 05	Oct 05	Nov 05	Dec 05
Drug offences												
Possession and/or use of cannabis	1135	844	892	951	1163	987	1033	1013	971	979	847	839
Possession and/or use of amphetamines	206	141	153	147	187	176	173	185	160	175	174	181
Possession and/or use of ecstasy	121	55	46	55	44	61	73	84	77	51	40	68
Possession and/or use of other drugs	90	70	81	90	98	89	82	86	77	70	75	92
Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	11	15	15	5	18	3	8	7	9	1	6	1
Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	32	58	46	27	24	26	32	32	28	27	26	18
Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	31	38	45	65	66	63	79	65	26	47	49	47
Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	39	21	32	49	47	105	59	44	128	59	67	104
Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	52	14	24	24	26	64	59	68	30	17	40	38
Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	10	5	6	4	4	13	7	6	13	4	8	5
Cultivating cannabis	147	179	202	95	77	75	35	54	66	81	109	126
Manufacture drug	5	4	13	5	12	1	6	2	6	3	5	4
Importing drugs	1	9	4	1	6	1	5	2	3	2	1	5
Other drug offences	257	206	217	247	228	206	238	252	192	234	242	194
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	730	676	606	614	599	629	602	692	631	721	649	754
Disorderly conduct												
Trespass	829	636	791	732	663	622	660	658	745	750	691	784
Offensive conduct	622	500	451	482	438	423	520	441	490	541	480	560
Offensive language	595	513	552	486	542	473	456	408	444	513	439	501
Criminal intent	159	132	154	129	148	118	126	110	126	152	130	146
Betting and gaming offences	8	11	6	18	9	9	19	12	7	9	2	22
Liquor offences	1296	987	1132	1249	925	1044	1091	930	924	1365	1108	1449
Pornography offences	10	9	19	6	9	6	6	11	14	10	10	4
Prostitution offences	29	22	28	31	32	30	18	11	23	11	11	7
Against justice procedures												
Escape custody	19	16	31	31	22	12	24	20	12	23	21	18
Breach Apprehended Violence Order	1079	1030	1054	964	957	904	969	962	914	989	977	1063
Breach bail conditions	1143	952	1011	937	984	884	886	881	850	1133	947	1058
Fail to appear	56	79	61	42	53	51	45	50	64	37	55	34
Resist or hinder officer	656	552	523	532	508	507	519	454	471	610	522	571
Other offences against justice procedures	56	81	73	65	73	40	50	45	33	62	49	33
Transport regulatory offences	3049	2524	2503	2881	3955	3550	3118	3214	3202	3159	2942	2803
Other offences	1780	1421	1482	1437	1383	1316	1506	1400	1381	1591	1322	1551

^Driving offences are not included in this table as these data are not easily obtainable on a quarterly basis.

BOCSAR collate and publish detailed driving offence information annually.

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2007

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2005 to March 2007**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>											
		<i>Jan 06</i>	<i>Feb 06</i>	<i>Mar 06</i>	<i>Apr 06</i>	<i>May 06</i>	<i>Jun 06</i>	<i>Jul 06</i>	<i>Aug 06</i>	<i>Sep 06</i>	<i>Oct 06</i>	<i>Nov 06</i>	<i>Dec 06</i>
Homicide	Murder*	21	5	10	6	7	3	8	10	6	5	5	10
	Attempted murder	4	6	4	3	7	4	9	5	8	4	3	9
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	1	.	1	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	2
	Manslaughter *	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1
Assault	Domestic violence related	2678	2366	2410	2004	2034	1992	2051	2035	2127	2303	2289	2636
	Non-domestic violence related	3946	3973	4264	3632	3399	3285	3512	3583	3685	3832	4024	4236
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	301	315	413	296	349	307	318	348	325	338	344	339
	Indecent assault, act of indecency	288	310	341	266	317	273	256	320	271	264	315	265
	Other sexual offences	155	186	198	156	129	138	116	160	152	180	159	161
Abduction and kidnapping		36	33	41	27	32	33	26	35	33	32	39	31
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	429	430	449	412	374	410	406	379	397	412	397	428
	Robbery with a firearm	62	49	70	44	62	50	40	40	28	33	50	34
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	248	210	247	180	201	222	213	242	180	181	216	168
Blackmail and extortion		1	13	4	4	5	5	4	10	5	9	8	4
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		1980	1870	2119	1644	1746	1824	1938	1999	1981	1968	2004	1921
Other offences against the person		139	122	183	121	134	115	125	160	127	131	174	156
Theft	Break and enter - dwelling	4519	3912	4369	4004	3856	4188	3844	3654	3865	3973	4013	3798
	Break and enter - non-dwelling	2600	2338	2359	2300	2301	2174	2402	2058	2122	2229	2124	2134
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	532	501	597	502	565	504	479	485	476	474	423	436
	Motor vehicle theft	2562	2281	2533	2432	2650	2408	2375	2286	2210	2307	2239	2141
	Steal from motor vehicle	4801	4291	4911	4805	5436	5242	5350	4623	4760	4798	4604	4570
	Steal from retail store	1437	1417	1595	1398	1621	1609	1474	1523	1411	1478	1498	1625
	Steal from dwelling	2348	1991	1977	1858	1812	1813	2023	1906	1920	2211	2158	2256
	Steal from person	1167	880	1136	1057	975	1000	985	907	901	949	933	1064
	Stock theft	43	57	58	48	46	57	39	52	57	50	40	49
	Fraud	2832	2686	3001	2739	3392	3190	3019	3129	2756	2648	2748	2258
Other theft	3892	3677	3667	3453	3592	3306	3498	3438	3306	3641	3597	3344	
Arson		558	518	550	618	667	562	699	737	684	825	693	646
Malicious damage to property		9198	8125	8662	8600	8567	8364	9377	9230	9344	10515	9461	9600
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	19	19	16	21	23	20	37	33	30	27	38	32
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	41	48	60	38	73	51	39	48	40	51	51	58

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2007

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2005 to March 2007**

Type of offence	Recorded criminal incidents											
	Jan 06	Feb 06	Mar 06	Apr 06	May 06	Jun 06	Jul 06	Aug 06	Sep 06	Oct 06	Nov 06	Dec 06
Drug offences												
Possession and/or use of cannabis	995	862	949	999	1246	1075	1142	1145	1014	838	845	967
Possession and/or use of amphetamines	155	145	207	211	186	187	222	229	210	214	201	190
Possession and/or use of ecstasy	94	79	33	68	42	71	79	67	120	78	73	97
Possession and/or use of other drugs	77	79	96	87	100	89	104	91	118	88	84	123
Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	12	3	6	20	6	19	21	14	21	11	8	4
Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	20	17	21	19	12	32	17	16	26	30	65	21
Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	24	52	40	39	54	54	43	63	27	33	35	48
Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	28	48	53	71	47	90	90	76	62	65	38	66
Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	32	57	19	33	13	40	26	49	33	22	26	39
Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	2	5	13	7	6	4	7	9	5	7	8	10
Cultivating cannabis	120	146	155	94	59	35	37	53	53	84	85	112
Manufacture drug	7	3	7	5	4	2	2	3	3	5	2	6
Importing drugs	5	1	3	1	3	1	2	2	1	5	1	1
Other drug offences	210	212	248	221	249	205	250	257	229	247	225	228
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	613	599	724	681	632	679	636	745	646	750	655	721
Disorderly conduct												
Trespass	793	663	769	724	606	644	695	696	708	816	698	788
Offensive conduct	531	465	473	512	412	389	443	477	510	536	536	644
Offensive language	509	452	522	476	390	384	392	456	437	468	453	518
Criminal intent	137	124	161	134	129	130	139	112	116	97	125	132
Betting and gaming offences	14	9	27	42	42	48	9	43	20	14	88	36
Liquor offences	1198	1112	1258	1305	1047	930	1008	1339	1263	1289	1631	1922
Pornography offences	2	3	8	6	6	16	9	16	8	11	12	6
Prostitution offences	8	12	26	12	27	21	10	6	14	13	18	18
Against justice procedures												
Escape custody	31	21	20	28	14	12	25	18	31	15	25	21
Breach Apprehended Violence Order	1057	1099	1019	854	961	880	860	884	909	1038	992	982
Breach bail conditions	1158	1184	1300	1141	1199	1104	1211	1140	1260	1340	1292	1731
Fail to appear	35	45	56	46	44	62	51	42	71	47	52	45
Resist or hinder officer	613	581	609	595	505	489	501	506	483	591	543	721
Other offences against justice procedures	43	49	55	42	47	55	46	60	60	76	66	63
Transport regulatory offences	2811	2616	3471	2805	2788	2835	3257	3331	3027	2482	2514	2631
Other offences	1473	1263	1361	1450	1317	1272	1405	1417	1342	1251	1335	1531

^Driving offences are not included in this table as these data are not easily obtainable on a quarterly basis.

BOCSAR collate and publish detailed driving offence information annually.

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2007

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2005 to March 2007**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>		
		<i>Jan 07</i>	<i>Feb 07</i>	<i>Mar 07</i>
Homicide	Murder*	10	7	7
	Attempted murder	3	4	3
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	.	1	.
	Manslaughter *	.	3	1
Assault	Domestic violence related	2714	2365	2406
	Non-domestic violence related	3790	3640	4153
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	332	340	384
	Indecent assault, act of indecency	365	289	313
	Other sexual offences	158	148	157
Abduction and kidnapping		24	27	42
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	404	378	467
	Robbery with a firearm	40	53	57
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	177	179	263
Blackmail and extortion		1	3	8
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		2187	2033	2170
Other offences against the person		145	138	159
Theft	Break and enter - dwelling	4046	3661	3955
	Break and enter - non-dwelling	2285	2040	2068
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	468	404	481
	Motor vehicle theft	2108	2095	2610
	Steal from motor vehicle	5249	4797	4463
	Steal from retail store	1399	1384	1679
	Steal from dwelling	2285	1863	1819
	Steal from person	1138	926	1016
	Stock theft	60	42	46
	Fraud	2794	2117	2549
	Other theft	3733	3315	3315
Arson		707	540	517
Malicious damage to property		9846	8270	8284
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	33	33	31
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	52	64	59

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2007

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2005 to March 2007**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>		
		<i>Jan 07</i>	<i>Feb 07</i>	<i>Mar 07</i>
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cannabis	928	837	992
	Possession and/or use of amphetamines	207	219	279
	Possession and/or use of ecstasy	91	68	129
	Possession and/or use of other drugs	98	108	125
	Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	7	12	.
	Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	19	11	25
	Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	37	31	28
	Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	38	39	41
	Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	13	22	19
	Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	3	9	4
	Cultivating cannabis	143	138	162
	Manufacture drug	2	2	1
	Importing drugs	1	1	1
	Other drug offences	258	210	213
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences		715	659	750
Disorderly conduct	Trespass	918	784	752
	Offensive conduct	585	452	569
	Offensive language	552	394	492
	Criminal intent	154	125	134
Betting and gaming offences		19	21	29
Liquor offences		1371	1099	1596
Pornography offences		7	3	11
Prostitution offences		5	26	14
Against justice procedures	Escape custody	13	12	20
	Breach Apprehended Violence Order	1046	1015	975
	Breach bail conditions	1472	1263	1463
	Fail to appear	57	38	37
	Resist or hinder officer	705	521	661
	Other offences against justice procedures	50	52	50
Transport regulatory offences		2814	2492	2629
Other offences		1525	1227	1395

^Driving offences are not included in this table as these data are not easily obtainable on a quarterly basis.

BOCSAR collate and publish detailed driving offence information annually.

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

Source: NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research