

NEW SOUTH WALES RECORDED CRIME STATISTICS

Quarterly Update
March 2010

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NSW Statistical Areas and Local Government Areas

REVISED EDITION

This is a revised edition of the original report. The revision was created in September 2018 to incorporate updates to the historic counts of murder and drug possession offences. The murder revisions have increased the number of murder victims by 4% between 2011 and 2017. The drug possession revisions have resulted in a 25% reduction in the volume of these offences from 2010 due to some incidents previously being double counted.

NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research

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SECTION 1:

**OVERVIEW OF TRENDS
IN VIOLENT AND PROPERTY CRIME**

**TABLE 1.1: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES
OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW STATISTICAL DIVISIONS (SDs) AND NSW**

Statistical Division	Violent Offences*			Property Offences**		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Sydney	Stable	Stable	0.9	-10.6%	-4.5%	1.0
Hunter	Stable	Stable	1.0	-7.5%	-3.1%	1.1
Illawarra	Stable	Stable	1.0	-9.2%	-6.3%	0.9
Richmond-Tweed	Stable	Stable	1.1	Stable	-2.4%	1.0
Mid-North Coast	Stable	Stable	1.1	Stable	Stable	1.1
Northern	Stable	Stable	1.4	Stable	Stable	1.1
North Western	Stable	-4.4%	1.9	Stable	-6.3%	1.4
Central West	Stable	2.2%	1.3	Stable	Stable	1.0
South Eastern	Stable	Stable	0.9	Stable	Stable	0.8
Murrumbidgee	Stable	Stable	1.2	-6.5%	Stable	1.0
Murray	Stable	Stable	1.0	Stable	Stable	1.2
Far West	Stable	Stable	2.1	Stable	-5.0%	1.2
NSW	Stable	Stable	1.0	-8.2%	-3.8%	1.0

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* **Violent offences** include: murder, assault - domestic violence related, assault - non-domestic violence related, assault police, robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, sexual assault and indecent assault / act of indecency / other sexual offences.

** **Property offences** include: break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, steal from retail store, steal from dwelling, steal from person, stock theft, other theft and fraud.

For further explanation of **violent offences** and **property offences**, see page 27, Note [7].

For further explanation of **rate calculation populations** and the **ratio to NSW rate**, see page 27, Footnote 3 and Note [8].

**TABLE 1.2: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES
OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL SUBDIVISIONS (SSDs)**

Metropolitan Statistical Subdivision	Violent Offences*			Property Offences**		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Inner Sydney	Stable	-3.9%	2.0	-9.8%	-6.4%	2.5
Eastern Suburbs	-17.7%	-5.8%	0.7	-24.8%	-6.7%	1.0
St George-Sutherland	Stable	1.2%	0.6	-8.7%	-4.7%	0.6
Canterbury-Bankstown	Stable	Stable	0.8	-9.5%	-3.9%	0.9
Fairfield-Liverpool	8.7%	Stable	0.9	-9.7%	-4.3%	0.9
Outer South Western Sydney	Stable	Stable	1.2	Stable	-4.4%	0.9
Inner Western Sydney	Stable	2.0%	0.7	-13.2%	-4.1%	1.0
Central Western Sydney	Stable	Stable	1.1	-8.5%	-4.2%	1.1
Outer Western Sydney	7.0%	1.8%	1.1	Stable	-2.6%	0.9
Blacktown	6.0%	2.7%	1.4	Stable	Stable	1.2
Lower Northern Sydney	Stable	Stable	0.4	-21.6%	-6.7%	0.7
Central Northern Sydney	Stable	Stable	0.3	-13.2%	-3.4%	0.5
Northern Beaches	Stable	2.0%	0.5	Stable	-5.1%	0.7
Central Coast	Stable	Stable	1.0	-14.6%	-2.9%	0.9
Newcastle	Stable	Stable	1.0	-8.5%	-3.6%	1.2
Wollongong	Stable	-3.1%	0.9	-12.4%	-8.0%	0.8

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* **Violent offences** include: murder, assault - domestic violence related, assault - non-domestic violence related, assault police, robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, sexual assault and indecent assault / act of indecency / other sexual offences.

** **Property offences** include: break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, steal from retail store, steal from dwelling, steal from person, stock theft, other theft and fraud.

For further explanation of **violent offences** and **property offences**, see page 27, Note [7].

For further explanation of **rate calculation populations** and the **ratio to NSW rate**, see page 27, Footnote 3 and Note [8].

TABLE 1.3: TRENDS^a IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS (LGAs)

NSW LGAs	Violent Offences*			Property Offences*		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Albury	ns	ns	1.3	ns	ns	1.6
Armidale Dumaresq	ns	ns	1.1	ns	ns	1.1
Ashfield	ns	-7.2	0.5	ns	-7.7	0.8
Auburn	ns	7.1	1.1	ns	ns	1.2
Ballina	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	0.9
Balranald	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Bankstown	ns	ns	0.8	-10.0	-4.0	1.0
Bathurst Regional	ns	ns	1.4	ns	-6.1	1.0
Bega Valley	ns	ns	0.8	ns	-6.2	0.8
Bellingen	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.7
Berrigan	ns	ns	0.5	ns	-14.0	0.5
Blacktown	6.0	2.7	1.4	ns	ns	1.2
Bland	ns	ns	0.7	ns	ns	0.6
Blayney	ns	ns	0.7	ns	ns	0.6
Blue Mountains	ns	4.5	0.8	ns	-4.7	0.6
Bogan	ns	ns	1.7	ns	ns	1.0
Bombala	ns	13.9	.	ns	ns	.
Boorowa	.	.	.	ns	ns	.
Botany Bay	ns	-4.0	0.9	ns	ns	1.6
Bourke	ns	-9.4	6.0	ns	-18.5	2.4
Brewarrina	ns	ns	.	ns	-11.6	.
Broken Hill	ns	ns	1.7	ns	-5.0	1.2
Burwood	13.0	ns	0.9	-21.0	-6.2	1.4
Byron	ns	ns	1.4	16.6	ns	1.6
Cabonne	46.7	ns	0.7	ns	ns	0.5
Camden	ns	ns	0.7	27.6	ns	0.8
Campbelltown	ns	ns	1.6	-9.7	-5.9	1.1
Canada Bay	ns	7.4	0.4	ns	ns	0.7
Canterbury	ns	ns	0.7	-8.7	-3.7	0.7
Carrathool	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Central Darling	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Cessnock	ns	ns	1.1	-19.9	-6.8	1.0
Clarence Valley	ns	ns	0.9	ns	-3.4	1.0
Cobar	ns	-9.4	1.3	ns	ns	0.9
Coffs Harbour	ns	ns	1.1	ns	ns	1.1
Conargo	.	.	.	.	.	.
Coolamon	ns	ns	0.5	56.5	ns	0.7
Cooma-Monaro	ns	ns	0.8	ns	-6.9	0.6
Coonamble	ns	-17.5	1.8	ns	ns	2.4
Cootamundra	ns	ns	1.3	ns	ns	0.7
Corowa Shire	ns	-11.3	0.6	ns	ns	0.8
Cowra	ns	7.0	1.7	ns	8.3	1.4
Deniliquin	ns	ns	1.2	ns	ns	1.0
Dubbo	ns	-4.5	1.7	ns	-12.3	1.3
Dungog	ns	ns	0.5	60.8	10.7	0.8
Eurobodalla	ns	ns	1.1	ns	ns	1.1
Fairfield	ns	ns	0.9	-8.2	-4.0	0.8
Forbes	ns	ns	1.7	ns	ns	1.4
Gilgandra	ns	ns	1.3	ns	ns	1.1
Glen Innes Severn	ns	ns	1.0	ns	ns	0.9
Gloucester	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	0.4
Gosford	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	0.9
Goulburn Mulwaree	7.1	ns	1.3	ns	-4.4	0.8
Great Lakes	ns	ns	1.2	-22.1	-5.7	0.8
Greater Hume Shire	ns	ns	0.5	ns	ns	0.6
Greater Taree	ns	ns	1.2	ns	5.5	1.3
Griffith	ns	2.8	1.5	29.3	-1.8	1.1
Gundagai	ns	ns	0.5	ns	ns	0.6
Gunnedah	ns	ns	1.5	ns	ns	1.1
Guyra	ns	ns	1.4	ns	ns	0.6
Gwydir	ns	ns	0.6	-28.2	ns	0.4
Harden	ns	ns	0.7	ns	ns	0.5
Hawkesbury	11.9	3.0	1.0	ns	ns	0.8
Hay	ns	ns	1.0	ns	ns	0.6
Holroyd	ns	ns	0.8	-11.8	-6.7	0.8
Hornsby	ns	ns	0.4	-14.2	-6.8	0.5
Hunters Hill	ns	ns	0.3	-21.6	-8.1	0.4
Hurstville	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	1.0
Inverell	ns	ns	1.7	-15.7	ns	1.0
Jerilderie	.	.	.	ns	ns	.
Junee	ns	ns	0.8	ns	ns	0.7
Kempsey	-19.9	ns	1.5	ns	ns	1.4
Kiama	ns	ns	0.5	ns	ns	0.6
Kogarah	ns	ns	0.2	ns	-2.5	0.3
Ku-ring-gai	ns	ns	0.2	ns	ns	0.5
Kyogle	ns	ns	1.5	ns	8.4	0.9
Lachlan	ns	ns	1.6	ns	ns	1.0
Lake Macquarie	ns	-4.2	0.8	ns	-3.3	0.9
Lane Cove	ns	ns	0.2	-39.4	ns	0.5
Leeton	ns	ns	1.1	ns	ns	1.1
Leichhardt	ns	ns	0.8	ns	-5.8	1.2
Lismore	ns	ns	1.5	ns	-11.2	0.9
Lithgow	ns	ns	1.3	ns	ns	0.9

TABLE 1.3: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS, VIOLENT AND PROPERTY OFFENCES OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS (LGAs)

NSW LGAs	Violent Offences*			Property Offences*		
	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months	Ratio [#] to NSW rate
Liverpool	11.3	2.1	1.0	-10.8	-4.6	1.0
Liverpool Plains	ns	ns	1.0	ns	ns	0.5
Lockhart	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.6
Lord Howe Island	.	.	.	.	.	.
Maitland	ns	3.5	1.0	ns	ns	1.1
Manly	ns	ns	0.8	ns	-6.8	1.0
Marrickville	ns	-10.0	0.8	ns	-5.4	1.1
Mid-Western Regional	ns	2.1	1.3	ns	ns	1.0
Moree Plains	ns	ns	3.1	ns	ns	2.3
Mosman	ns	ns	0.3	-30.7	-9.4	0.6
Murray	ns	ns	0.7	ns	ns	0.8
Murrumbidgee	ns	ns	.	ns	-12.0	.
Muswellbrook	ns	ns	1.4	ns	ns	1.3
Nambucca	ns	2.1	1.4	ns	ns	1.0
Narrabri	ns	ns	1.2	ns	ns	1.0
Narrandera	ns	ns	1.6	ns	ns	1.6
Narromine	ns	ns	1.4	59.6	ns	1.4
Newcastle	ns	-3.8	1.3	-13.4	-5.0	1.5
North Sydney	ns	ns	0.6	-13.1	-8.0	1.0
Oberon	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	0.6
Orange	ns	1.9	1.5	ns	ns	1.4
Palerang	ns	ns	0.5	ns	ns	0.5
Parkes	ns	11.1	1.5	ns	6.7	1.1
Parramatta	ns	ns	1.2	-8.4	-4.1	1.3
Penrith	ns	ns	1.2	ns	-1.8	1.0
Pittwater	14.6	ns	0.5	ns	-7.2	0.7
Port Macquarie-Hastings	ns	7.7	.	15.2	ns	.
Port Stephens	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	1.2
Queanbeyan	ns	-3.9	0.8	ns	ns	0.9
Randwick	-19.0	-5.4	0.8	-18.5	-4.6	0.9
Richmond Valley	-17.1	ns	1.6	ns	ns	1.0
Rockdale	ns	0.9	0.7	ns	-3.8	0.7
Ryde	-12.6	ns	0.5	-18.3	-5.9	0.6
Shellharbour	ns	-4.8	0.8	-15.4	-7.2	0.8
Shoalhaven	ns	ns	1.3	ns	ns	1.0
Singleton	ns	ns	0.7	ns	4.5	1.0
Snowy River	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	1.2
Strathfield	ns	5.6	1.1	-15.9	ns	1.3
Sutherland Shire	ns	4.4	0.6	-9.7	-7.3	0.6
Sydney	ns	ns	3.2	-12.1	-7.0	3.7
Tamworth Regional	ns	3.5	1.4	ns	ns	1.0
Temora	ns	ns	0.9	ns	ns	0.8
Tenterfield	ns	ns	1.0	ns	ns	1.2
The Hills Shire	ns	ns	0.4	-20.8	ns	0.6
Tumbarumba	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.7
Tumut Shire	ns	ns	1.0	ns	-7.2	0.6
Tweed	ns	4.2	0.8	ns	ns	1.0
Unincorporated Far West	.	.	.	.	.	.
Upper Hunter Shire	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.6
Upper Lachlan Shire	ns	ns	0.3	ns	13.6	0.6
Uralla	ns	ns	0.7	ns	-14.3	0.3
Urana	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Wagga Wagga	ns	ns	1.2	-17.8	ns	1.3
Wakool	ns	.	0.6	ns	ns	0.4
Walcha	70.0	ns	0.9	ns	13.0	0.5
Walgett	ns	-7.7	4.4	ns	ns	2.0
Warren	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.
Warringah	5.7	4.3	0.5	ns	-3.3	0.6
Warrumbungle Shire	ns	ns	1.1	ns	ns	0.8
Waverley	-18.0	-6.5	0.8	-28.6	-7.5	1.3
Weddin	ns	ns	0.5	ns	-6.6	0.5
Wellington	20.7	ns	1.9	53.1	ns	1.5
Wentworth	ns	0.7	2.2	49.4	ns	1.9
Willoughby	ns	ns	0.3	-24.4	-5.7	0.9
Wingecarribee	ns	ns	0.8	-25.6	-6.6	0.6
Wollondilly	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.5
Wollongong	ns	-2.7	1.0	-12.4	-8.6	0.9
Woollahra	ns	-6.0	0.5	-30.0	-9.3	1.0
Wyang	ns	ns	1.2	-15.0	-4.0	0.9
Yass Valley	ns	ns	0.6	ns	ns	0.6
Young	ns	ns	1.3	ns	ns	0.9
NSW	Stable	Stable	1.0	-0.1	0.0	1.0

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* For further explanation of **violent offences** and **property offences**, see page 27, Note [7].

For further explanation of **rate calculation populations** and the **ratio to NSW rate**, see page 27, Footnote 3 and Note [8].

Sydney LGA can be considered a special case since the population used to calculate the rate is much lower than the population using the area for work and entertainment.

This will be reflected in higher incident rates.

SECTION 2:
OVERVIEW OF TRENDS
IN RECORDED CRIME
BY OFFENCE TYPE
NSW

**TABLE 2.1: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES
OVER THE 60 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW**

<i>Offence category</i>	<i>Trend result and annual percentage change over the last 24 months</i>	<i>Trend result and average annual percentage change over the last 60 months</i>
Murder*	Stable	Stable
Assault - domestic violence related	Stable	Stable
Assault - non-domestic violence related	Stable	Stable
Sexual assault indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Stable Up by 3.3%	Up by 2.7% Stable
Robbery without a weapon	Down by 7.2%	Down by 6.2%
Robbery with a firearm	Stable	Down by 5.0%
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Down by 6.9%	Down by 11.6%
Break and enter dwelling	Down by 7.1%	Down by 4.0%
Break and enter non-dwelling	Down by 14.9%	Down by 9.2%
Motor vehicle theft	Down by 5.9%	Down by 6.2%
Steal from motor vehicle	Down by 12.8%	Down by 3.4%
Steal from retail store	Stable	Up by 2.9%
Steal from dwelling	Stable	Down by 2.9%
Steal from person	Stable	Down by 6.6%
Fraud	Down by 11.2%	Stable
Malicious damage to property	Down by 9.2%	Stable

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

TABLE 2.2: NUMBER AND TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR ALL OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW

Offence Category		Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend [^] over last 24 months	
		over the 12 months to March 2009	over the 12 months to March 2010	Trend test result	Percentage change
Homicide	Murder*	80	81	Stable	
	Attempted murder	44	35	Stable	
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	6	7	.	
	Manslaughter *	16	9	.	
Assault	Domestic violence related assault	25,994	25,846	Stable	
	Non-domestic violence related assault	42,047	40,227	Stable	
	Assault Police	2,894	2,588	Stable	
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	4,222	4,319	Stable	
	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	5,176	5,349	Up	3.3%
Abduction and kidnapping		402	288	Down	-28.4%
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	4,124	3,827	Down	-7.2%
	Robbery with a firearm	358	444	Stable	
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	1,756	1,635	Down	-6.9%
Blackmail and extortion		78	190	Up	143.6%
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		26,851	28,334	Up	5.5%
Other offences against the person		1,482	1,407	Stable	
Theft	Break and enter dwelling	44,411	41,275	Down	-7.1%
	Break and enter non-dwelling	21,876	18,620	Down	-14.9%
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	5,701	5,210	Down	-8.6%
	Motor vehicle theft	23,555	22,177	Down	-5.9%
	Steal from motor vehicle	54,076	47,165	Down	-12.8%
	Steal from retail store	20,369	20,661	Stable	
	Steal from dwelling	21,278	21,507	Stable	
	Steal from person	10,535	9,243	Stable	
	Stock theft	554	495	Down	-10.6%
	Fraud	39,041	34,650	Down	-11.2%
Other theft	37,061	34,585	Stable		
Arson		7,379	6,887	Stable	
Malicious damage to property		108,866	98,797	Down	-9.2%
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	435	618	Up	42.1%
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	742	844	Stable	
	Possession and/or use of cannabis	12,561	13,356	Stable	
	Possession and/or use of amphetamines	2,237	1,904	Down	-14.9%
	Possession and/or use of ecstasy	1,634	1,769	Stable	
	Possession and/or use of other drugs	1,635	1,984	Up	21.3%
	Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	130	225	Stable	
	Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	264	379	Stable	
	Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	542	524	Stable	
	Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	840	536	Down	-36.2%
	Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	434	533	Stable	
	Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	102	178	Up	74.5%
	Cultivating cannabis	1,162	1,192	Up	2.6%
	Manufacture drug	54	73	Stable	
Importing drugs	25	35	Stable		
Other drug offences	3,256	3,499	Stable		
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences		8,835	7,737	Down	-12.4%
Disorderly conduct	Trespass	9,059	8,630	Stable	
	Offensive conduct	8,674	9,113	Stable	
	Offensive language	6,762	6,606	Stable	
	Criminal intent	1,513	1,519	Stable	
Betting and gaming offences		303	279	Stable	
Liquor offences		17,780	17,925	Stable	
Pornography offences		225	256	Stable	
Prostitution offences		193	166	Stable	
Against justice procedures	Escape custody	210	194	Stable	
	Breach Apprehended Violence Order	11,883	11,744	Stable	
	Breach bail conditions	24,113	25,150	Up	4.3%
	Fail to appear	902	1,096	Up	21.5%
	Resist or hinder officer procedures	7,858	7,439	Stable	
Transport regulatory offences		683	533	Down	-22.0%
Transport regulatory offences		40,842	44,330	Up	8.5%
Other offences		15,598	15,075	Stable	

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* For murder and manslaughter incidents, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

SECTION 3:

**TRENDS, RATE COMPARISONS AND
RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS
FOR MAJOR OFFENCES
NSW REGIONS AND LGAS**

TABLE 3.1A: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW SDs

Statistical Division	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Sydney	n.c.	2.9	ns	10.3	10.5	ns	ns	-7.3	-10.6	-15.0	-8.3	-16.9	-3.0	ns	ns	-10.5	-10.2
Hunter	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	-28.0	ns	-18.7	ns	-10.4	ns	ns	ns	-11.1	ns
Illawarra	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	13.6	ns	.	ns	ns	-25.4	ns	-14.0	ns	ns	ns	-20.1	ns
Richmond-Tweed	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Mid-North Coast	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	-19.2	ns	20.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Northern	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	-29.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-12.5
North Western	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	26.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Central West	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	-23.2	ns	-22.0	ns	ns	-20.6	ns	ns
South Eastern	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	20.0	ns	ns	ns
Murrumbidgee	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-11.0
Murray	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-23.7	ns
Far West	n.c.	ns	16.4	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-25.6	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
NSW	ns	ns	ns	ns	3.3	-7.2	ns	-6.9	-7.1	-14.9	-5.9	-12.8	ns	ns	ns	-11.2	-9.2

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* The trend test for Sydney and NSW on the offence of murder is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.1B: RATIO TO NSW RATE[^] OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS PER 100,000 POPULATION FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW SDs

Statistical Division	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Sydney	n.c.	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.3	0.9	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.3	1.2	0.9
Hunter	n.c.	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.6	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.4	0.6	0.7	1.2
Illawarra	n.c.	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.5	1.1
Richmond-Tweed	n.c.	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.9	1.5	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.5	0.7	0.6	1.0
Mid-North Coast	n.c.	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	1.3	1.6	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.5	0.6	0.5	1.1
Northern	n.c.	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	1.3	1.7	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.5	0.4	0.5	1.4
North Western	n.c.	2.4	1.9	2.0	1.8	0.4	0.0	0.6	2.0	2.0	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.9	0.3	0.7	1.8
Central West	n.c.	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	1.3	1.5	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.6	0.4	0.5	1.5
South Eastern	n.c.	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.7	1.3	0.5	0.8	0.6	1.2	0.4	0.6	1.1
Murrumbidgee	n.c.	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.3	1.2	1.8	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.8	0.4	0.5	1.3
Murray	n.c.	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	1.3	2.2	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.7	0.5	0.5	1.3
Far West	n.c.	3.3	1.7	1.6	1.9	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.2	1.4	0.8	1.0	0.6	2.6	0.3	0.4	1.8
NSW	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

[^] For further explanation of **rate calculation populations** and the **ratio to NSW rate**, see page 27, Footnote 3 and Note [8].

* The rate calculations on the offence of murder is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.1C: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW SDs

Statistical Division	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Sydney	n.a.	14,316	22,443	2,209	3,029	3,169	415	1,366	23,938	8,220	14,349	29,449	13,469	10,307	7,488	27,305	53,617
Hunter	n.a.	2,462	3,902	437	485	215	9	95	4,121	2,735	2,670	5,068	1,816	2,625	516	2,227	11,010
Illawarra	n.a.	1,546	2,380	285	300	140	7	53	2,352	1,075	1,168	2,245	1,360	1,318	322	1,147	6,546
Richmond-Tweed	n.a.	985	1,590	202	240	69	4	17	1,251	967	568	1,597	702	1,084	209	661	3,449
Mid-North Coast	n.a.	1,307	1,973	271	279	60	5	33	2,275	1,258	1,022	2,162	763	1,362	223	705	4,916
Northern	n.a.	1,033	1,495	188	190	34	2	5	1,435	812	428	1,139	586	854	86	476	3,474
North Western	n.a.	1,025	1,263	142	163	27	0	16	1,374	626	425	1,051	351	682	53	391	2,956
Central West	n.a.	932	1,376	181	180	44	1	19	1,348	695	430	1,255	459	898	85	446	3,821
South Eastern	n.a.	736	1,137	156	175	21	0	13	924	729	362	1,147	395	751	102	590	3,224
Murrumbidgee	n.a.	732	1,096	117	157	30	0	12	1,075	732	368	1,033	393	852	73	388	2,914
Murray	n.a.	495	667	81	111	16	1	6	893	679	333	872	329	599	77	264	2,184
Far West	n.a.	274	213	22	32	2	0	0	289	85	53	145	38	175	8	48	561
NSW	81	25,846	40,227	4,319	5,349	3,827	444	1,635	41,275	18,620	22,177	47,165	20,661	21,507	9,243	34,650	98,797

* Regional murder counts are in the Crime Mapping Tool (<http://crimetool.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/bocsar/>) and elsewhere on the BOCSAR website (www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/)

TABLE 3.1D: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO MARCH 2009, NSW SDs

Statistical Division	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Sydney	n.a.	13,909	23,769	2,002	2,740	3,456	322	1,474	26,778	9,665	15,642	35,425	13,892	10,238	8,724	30,520	59,698
Hunter	n.a.	2,644	3,885	518	537	203	17	132	4,432	3,364	2,631	5,655	1,677	2,593	559	2,505	12,314
Illawarra	n.a.	1,602	2,514	299	264	136	4	48	2,547	1,441	1,280	2,610	1,241	1,333	318	1,436	7,232
Richmond-Tweed	n.a.	982	1,669	196	226	70	10	14	1,278	1,017	622	1,424	676	1,061	237	777	3,812
Mid-North Coast	n.a.	1,501	2,012	259	288	69	1	25	1,859	1,556	915	1,797	667	1,367	199	842	5,066
Northern	n.a.	1,124	1,617	203	216	48	1	9	1,554	871	436	1,146	444	919	82	475	3,972
North Western	n.a.	1,087	1,276	130	199	26	1	12	1,088	708	383	971	382	691	66	460	3,328
Central West	n.a.	915	1,423	181	194	39	0	11	1,616	905	496	1,608	432	869	107	454	4,058
South Eastern	n.a.	736	1,163	148	196	22	0	12	966	766	349	1,079	342	626	72	643	3,257
Murrumbidgee	n.a.	690	1,151	138	150	22	1	10	1,062	849	399	1,213	355	788	94	503	3,275
Murray	n.a.	528	674	99	128	30	1	8	933	620	341	950	232	641	69	346	2,167
Far West	n.a.	274	183	29	28	3	0	1	298	111	60	195	29	152	8	74	571
NSW	80	25,994	42,047	4,222	5,176	4,124	358	1,756	44,411	21,876	23,555	54,076	20,369	21,278	10,535	39,041	108,866

* Regional murder counts are in the Crime Mapping Tool (<http://crimetool.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/bocsar/>) and elsewhere on the BOCSAR website (www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/)

TABLE 3.2A: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW METROPOLITAN SSDs

Metropolitan Statistical Subdivision	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Inner Sydney	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-15.6	-14.4	-14.5	ns	ns	ns	ns	-11.4
Eastern Suburbs	n.c.	-24.2	-17.6	46.6	ns	-34.8	.	-40.2	-38.8	ns	-22.2	-31.4	-31.2	ns	ns	-19.8	-21.9
St George-Sutherland	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	31.5	ns	.	ns	ns	-30.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Canterbury-Bankstown	n.c.	10.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-22.9	-11.7	-18.0	-11.8	ns	-24.5	ns	-10.8
Fairfield-Liverpool	n.c.	13.5	ns	ns	ns	ns	75.8	ns	ns	-12.5	-13.4	-23.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	-8.8
Outer South Western Sydney	n.c.	2.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	13.6	ns	ns	-7.7	-16.4	21.5	ns	-26.4	ns
Inner Western Sydney	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-17.1	ns	ns	ns	-21.4	ns	-33.5	ns	ns
Central Western Sydney	n.c.	7.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-9.9	ns	-10.5	-18.4	ns	16.0	-18.7	ns	-12.3
Outer Western Sydney	n.c.	8.0	ns	29.8	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	-21.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	-21.8	ns	-12.0
Blacktown	n.c.	8.6	1.5	ns	21.2	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-10.4	ns
Lower Northern Sydney	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-46.6	ns	ns	-35.4	16.0	ns	-26.3	-15.8	ns
Central Northern Sydney	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-11.9	-21.8	-22.6	-17.1	ns	ns	-23.0	-10.3	-8.4
Northern Beaches	n.c.	3.7	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-23.1	ns	ns	15.5	ns	ns
Central Coast	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-20.6	ns	ns	-24.9	ns	ns	ns	-24.0	-16.3
Newcastle	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	-24.0	ns	-22.8	ns	-11.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	-12.8
Wollongong	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	25.5	ns	.	ns	ns	-38.3	ns	-23.2	ns	ns	ns	-17.2	ns

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* A trend test for murder will not be performed where the number of victims is fewer than 20 in either year of the test period.

TABLE 3.2B: RATIO TO NSW RATE[^] OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS PER 100,000 POPULATION FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW METROPOLITAN SSDs

Metropolitan Statistical Subdivision	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Inner Sydney	n.c.	1.1	2.4	1.3	1.6	4.4	3.3	3.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.7	2.5	1.4	7.9	3.3	1.3
Eastern Suburbs	n.c.	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.6	1.4	0.7
St George-Sutherland	n.c.	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8
Canterbury-Bankstown	n.c.	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.3	2.6	1.6	0.8	0.6	1.5	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.5	1.5	0.6
Fairfield-Liverpool	n.c.	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.4	2.5	1.9	1.1	0.6	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.7	1.1	0.7
Outer South Western Sydney	n.c.	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	0.8	1.3	0.9	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.7	1.3
Inner Western Sydney	n.c.	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.6	1.8	0.9	0.5	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.6	1.0	1.6	0.6
Central Western Sydney	n.c.	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.8	3.1	2.4	1.2	0.7	1.4	1.0	1.2	0.7	1.1	1.7	0.7
Outer Western Sydney	n.c.	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.9	1.2
Blacktown	n.c.	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.8	0.6	1.5	1.5	0.7	1.5	1.0	1.5	0.9	1.0	1.7	1.3
Lower Northern Sydney	n.c.	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	1.2	0.5	0.6	1.1	0.5
Central Northern Sydney	n.c.	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.5
Northern Beaches	n.c.	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8
Central Coast	n.c.	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.6	1.1
Newcastle	n.c.	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.2	0.7	1.1	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.4	0.7	0.8	1.3
Wollongong	n.c.	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	1.0

[^] For further explanation of **rate calculation populations** and the **ratio to NSW rate**, see page 27, Footnote 3 and Note [8].

* The rate calculations on the offence of murder is for the number of victims, not incidents.

TABLE 3.2C: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW METROPOLITAN SSDs

Metropolitan Statistical Subdivision	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Inner Sydney	n.a.	1,389	4,712	279	414	820	71	270	2,483	1,321	1,492	6,281	2,573	1,448	3,568	5,584	6,091
Eastern Suburbs	n.a.	501	1,094	85	150	133	21	52	1,348	358	719	1,411	638	714	514	1,744	2,422
St George-Sutherland	n.a.	1,072	1,630	132	213	270	24	86	1,399	519	1,033	2,116	982	703	331	1,834	4,846
Canterbury-Bankstown	n.a.	1,046	1,179	104	182	221	54	124	1,509	482	1,575	1,952	674	497	234	2,327	2,926
Fairfield-Liverpool	n.a.	1,462	1,633	216	242	282	58	167	2,435	637	1,503	2,235	990	622	363	2,010	3,797
Outer South Western Sydney	n.a.	1,343	1,522	192	216	182	20	81	1,881	518	1,035	1,440	583	826	204	891	4,673
Inner Western Sydney	n.a.	389	637	61	125	152	30	76	949	250	617	1,315	462	358	254	1,451	1,544
Central Western Sydney	n.a.	1,358	1,783	172	246	338	67	191	2,401	625	1,462	2,365	1,181	767	482	2,762	3,563
Outer Western Sydney	n.a.	1,377	1,988	235	290	160	17	70	1,573	630	1,278	2,052	822	843	223	1,474	5,288
Blacktown	n.a.	1,779	2,073	243	263	285	12	105	2,635	549	1,443	2,016	1,290	812	373	2,477	5,579
Lower Northern Sydney	n.a.	376	767	76	148	81	20	41	1,148	510	437	1,224	1,054	470	255	1,711	2,195
Central Northern Sydney	n.a.	568	812	102	144	82	11	46	1,816	549	431	1,583	688	693	154	1,355	3,231
Northern Beaches	n.a.	396	839	67	127	74	3	17	757	345	338	1,235	536	572	239	807	2,535
Central Coast	n.a.	1,260	1,774	245	269	89	7	40	1,604	927	986	2,224	996	982	294	878	4,927
Newcastle	n.a.	2,064	3,343	378	402	198	8	92	3,555	2,214	2,383	4,598	1,664	2,217	477	2,020	9,371
Wollongong	n.a.	890	1,510	181	187	110	7	46	1,447	563	850	1,449	1,041	775	256	871	4,158

* Regional murder counts are in the Crime Mapping Tool (<http://crimetool.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/bocsar/>) and elsewhere on the BOCSAR website (www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/)

TABLE 3.2D: NUMBER OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES, OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO MARCH 2009, NSW METROPOLITAN SSDs

Metropolitan Statistical Subdivision	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Inner Sydney	n.a.	1,427	5,040	240	348	962	80	295	2,525	1,565	1,743	7,343	2,638	1,334	4,061	6,002	6,871
Eastern Suburbs	n.a.	661	1,327	58	134	204	15	87	2,201	378	924	2,056	927	797	658	2,174	3,103
St George-Sutherland	n.a.	1,073	1,698	127	162	279	18	109	1,600	746	1,073	2,348	963	676	384	1,942	5,328
Canterbury-Bankstown	n.a.	949	1,277	121	150	279	39	146	1,478	625	1,783	2,381	764	484	310	2,461	3,282
Fairfield-Liverpool	n.a.	1,288	1,664	179	195	251	33	152	2,226	728	1,735	2,901	1,056	590	427	2,306	4,162
Outer South Western Sydney	n.a.	1,307	1,806	174	182	172	18	79	1,656	604	1,076	1,560	697	680	210	1,211	4,999
Inner Western Sydney	n.a.	382	663	85	108	172	14	93	1,145	293	649	1,486	588	418	382	1,473	1,636
Central Western Sydney	n.a.	1,260	2,009	160	217	380	46	218	2,665	667	1,633	2,899	1,136	661	593	2,970	4,061
Outer Western Sydney	n.a.	1,275	1,916	181	259	138	16	73	1,676	806	1,099	1,908	787	837	285	1,580	6,008
Blacktown	n.a.	1,638	2,042	200	217	265	12	104	2,626	594	1,359	2,174	1,161	840	372	2,766	5,709
Lower Northern Sydney	n.a.	396	885	63	144	105	14	43	2,150	568	529	1,895	909	581	346	2,031	2,480
Central Northern Sydney	n.a.	587	887	114	225	96	8	37	2,062	702	557	1,909	785	694	200	1,510	3,528
Northern Beaches	n.a.	382	833	75	153	53	5	6	749	417	356	1,605	497	566	207	939	2,647
Central Coast	n.a.	1,284	1,722	225	246	100	4	32	2,019	972	1,126	2,960	984	1,080	289	1,155	5,884
Newcastle	n.a.	2,206	3,364	426	439	189	13	121	3,835	2,867	2,385	5,165	1,537	2,215	522	2,266	10,746
Wollongong	n.a.	940	1,572	194	149	108	3	41	1,582	912	936	1,887	931	795	258	1,052	4,526

* Regional murder counts are in the Crime Mapping Tool (<http://crimetool.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/bocsar/>) and elsewhere on the BOCSAR website (www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/)

TABLE 3.3A: TRENDS^a IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW LGAs

NSW LGAs	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Albury	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	-16.5	-16.5	ns	ns	26.9	ns	ns
Armidale Dumaresq	n.c.	-22.7	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Ashfield	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-50.8	ns	ns
Auburn	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	-15.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-17.4
Ballina	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	104.2	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Balranald	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Bankstown	n.c.	20.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	-24.5	-17.9	-19.7	-18.6	ns	ns	ns	-11.3
Bathurst Regional	n.c.	ns	13.2	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Bega Valley	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Bellingen	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Berrigan	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	-62.3	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Blacktown	n.c.	8.6	1.5	ns	21.2	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-10.4	ns
Bland	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Blayney	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Blue Mountains	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Bogan	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	-52.7
Bombala	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Boorowa	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Botany Bay	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	ns	.	.	-40.9	ns	ns	ns	26.7	ns	ns	ns	-17.2
Bourke	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-28.6
Brewarrina	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Broken Hill	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-29.3	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Burwood	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-29.6	-56.1	-41.4	ns	ns	ns
Byron	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-24.9
Cabonne	n.c.	110.0	ns	.	.	.	.	.	33.3	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Camden	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	34.6	ns	25.2	70.2	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Campbelltown	n.c.	3.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	11.5	ns	ns	-21.8	-21.2	ns	ns	-32.0	ns
Canada Bay	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Canterbury	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-15.5	ns	ns	ns	ns	-10.1
Carrathool	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Central Darling	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	48.8
Cessnock	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-24.8	-25.5	ns	-23.8	-26.0	ns	.	-42.1	ns
Clarence Valley	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-13.9	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-17.2
Cobar	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Coffs Harbour	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Conargo	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Coolamon	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Cooma-Monaro	n.c.	-56.0	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Coonamble	n.c.	ns	-40.5	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	55.0	.	.	ns
Cootamundra	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Corowa Shire	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Cowra	n.c.	42.9	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	-45.5	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Deniliquin	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Dubbo	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	19.6	-29.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Dungog	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	145.8	.	60.0	.	ns	.	.	ns
Eurobodalla	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	-38.4	ns
Fairfield	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	-14.9	ns	ns	-24.7	ns	ns	-14.6	-12.5
Forbes	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Gilgandra	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Glen Innes Severn	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Gloucester	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Gosford	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-17.8	-17.5
Goulburn Mulwaree	n.c.	ns	ns	80.0	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Great Lakes	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	-44.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Greater Hume Shire	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Greater Taree	n.c.	ns	-16.4	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	57.8	ns	ns	ns	ns
Griffith	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	40.4	ns	85.2	151.4	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Gundagai	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Gunnedah	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Guyra	n.c.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	-43.1
Gwydir	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Harden	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Hawkesbury	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-32.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-19.9
Hay	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Holroyd	n.c.	9.7	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	-14.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-14.6
Hornsby	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-27.4	ns	ns	-19.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Hunters Hill	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Hurstville	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	16.3	ns	.	ns	-29.0	ns	ns	ns	29.2	ns	ns	ns	-16.2
Inverell	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Jerilderie	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Junee	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Kempsey	n.c.	-34.2	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	67.4	ns	ns	ns	-28.4	ns	.	ns	-8.5
Kiama	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Koqarah	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-28.6	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Ku-ring-gai	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Kyogle	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	ns
Lachlan	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Lake Macquarie	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Lane Cove	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	-61.1	ns	ns	-40.8	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Leeton	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-60.8	.	ns	.	.	-24.3

TABLE 3.3A: TRENDS[^] IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 24 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW LGAs

NSW LGAs	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter dwelling	Break and enter non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Leichhardt	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Lismore	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-14.5
Lithgow	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Liverpool	n.c.	18.8	1.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-10.0	-12.0	-33.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Liverpool Plains	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Lockhart	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Lord Howe Island	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Maitland	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-32.5	ns	ns	55.1	ns	-18.8	ns	ns
Manly	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-27.0	31.3	ns	ns	ns	ns
Marrickville	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	36.3	ns	ns	ns
Mid-Western Regional	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	8.8	.	68.6	ns
Moree Plains	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	ns	28.3	ns	ns	63.5	ns	.	ns	ns
Mosman	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	-58.1	-55.7	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Murray	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Murrumbidgee	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Muswellbrook	n.c.	ns	28.4	.	ns	.	.	.	65.8	53.7	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Nambucca	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	-29.1	ns	-7.8	.	ns	.	ns	-18.3
Narrabri	n.c.	ns	-32.8	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-32.0	ns
Narrandera	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns
Narromine	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	248.1	103.8	.	57.9	.	ns	.	.	ns
Newcastle	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	-26.3	-17.5	-31.6	ns	-19.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	-14.0
North Sydney	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.	.	-47.0	ns	ns	-38.7	ns	ns	ns	ns	14.0
Oberon	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Orange	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-39.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Palerang	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	-40.0	.	ns	.	.	ns
Parkes	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns
Parramatta	n.c.	ns	-13.7	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-10.6	ns	ns	-26.2	ns	20.9	-26.8	ns	ns
Penrith	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-28.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-7.8
Pittwater	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	.	.	ns	-19.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Port Macquarie-Hastings	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	59.5	.	.	.	20.8	ns	ns	53.9	ns	ns	ns	38.2	ns
Port Stephens	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-22.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-23.9
Queanbeyan	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	23.5	29.6	ns	ns	ns
Randwick	n.c.	-28.4	-20.5	ns	37.7	ns	ns	ns	-24.3	ns	ns	-26.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	-19.5
Richmond Valley	n.c.	ns	-21.5	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-37.0	ns	.	.	ns	ns
Rockdale	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Ryde	n.c.	ns	-20.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-29.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-48.8	-33.2	ns
Shellharbour	n.c.	-23.8	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-39.3	-19.2	-29.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	-26.4
Shoalhaven	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	21.4	21.6	ns	ns	ns
Singleton	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	45.9	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns
Snowy River	n.c.	.	-8.9	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Strathfield	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-16.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-19.0
Sutherland Shire	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	83.6	ns	.	.	ns	-44.8	ns	-17.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	-9.5
Sydney	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-17.7	-26.2	-18.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-13.8
Tamworth Regional	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-23.0	82.7	ns	ns	ns	-16.0
Temora	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Tenterfield	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns
The Hills Shire	n.c.	ns	-19.1	ns	-47.5	ns	.	.	-27.4	ns	-23.0	-25.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	-17.8
Tumbarumba	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Tumut Shire	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Tweed	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Unincorporated Far West	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Upper Hunter Shire	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns
Upper Lachlan Shire	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Uralla	n.c.	.	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	93.5
Urana	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Wagga Wagga	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	-35.3	-35.9	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-14.3
Wakool	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Walcha	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Walgett	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	.	ns	.	ns	.	ns	ns
Warren	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns	.	.	ns
Warringham	n.c.	ns	14.0	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	-25.9	ns	ns	ns	ns	-17.7
Warrumbungle Shire	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns
Waverley	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	-58.1	.	.	-59.2	ns	ns	-27.5	-36.0	ns	ns	ns	-21.2
Weddin	n.c.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Wellington	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	102.8	ns	###	ns	ns	ns	.	.	47.2
Wentworth	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	124.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	38.5
Willoughby	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.	.	-59.8	ns	ns	-45.1	20.0	ns	-37.5	-16.4	-26.5
Wingecarribee	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	-36.4	ns	ns	ns	-45.3	-42.8	.	.	-48.9
Wollondilly	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	42.9	.	.	ns
Wollongong	n.c.	ns	ns	ns	35.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	-37.5	ns	-26.0	ns	ns	ns	ns	-14.0
Woollahra	n.c.	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	.	.	-40.2	-9.2	-36.1	-43.2	ns	ns	-46.7	ns	-28.2
Wyong	n.c.	ns	11.7	ns	ns	ns	.	.	-30.5	ns	ns	-25.4	ns	ns	29.5	-29.4	-15.1
Yass Valley	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	ns
Young	n.c.	ns	ns	.	.	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	106.7	76.2	ns	ns	ns	32.8
NSW	ns	ns	ns	ns	3.3	-7.2	ns	-6.9	-7.1	-14.9	-5.9	-12.8	ns	ns	ns	-11.2	-9.2

[^] For further explanation of **trend results**, see page 27, Notes [5] and [6].

* A trend test for murder will not be performed where the number of victims is fewer than 20 in either year of the test period.

TABLE 3.3B: RATIO TO NSW RATE^ OF RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS PER 100,000 POPULATION FOR MAJOR OFFENCES OVER THE 12 MONTHS TO MARCH 2010, NSW LGAs

Table with 16 columns for NSW LGAs and 16 crime categories: Murder, Assault - domestic violence related, Assault - non-domestic violence related, Sexual assault, Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences, Robbery without a weapon, Robbery with a firearm, Robbery with a weapon not a firearm, Break and enter dwelling, Break and enter non-dwelling, Motor vehicle theft, Steal from motor vehicle, Steal from retail store, Steal from dwelling, Steal from person, Fraud, Malicious damage to property. Rows list 105 LGAs and NSW. Values are ratios to NSW rate, with some cells in red (above 2.0) and yellow (1.0-2.0).

^ For further explanation of rate calculation, populations and the ratio to NSW rate, see page 27, Footnote 3 and Note [8]. A result of '.' indicates either that there were no relevant offences recorded in the LGA, or that the population is less than 3,000 people and no rate was calculated.

Sydney LGA can be considered a special case since the population used to calculate the rate is much lower than the population using the area for work and entertainment and this will be reflected in higher incident rates.

* Murder counts and rates at the LGA level are available from the BOCSAR Crime Mapping Tool (http://crimetool.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/bocsar) and in various datasets on the BOCSAR website (http://www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au)

NOTES: TRENDS IN RECORDED CRIMINAL INCIDENTS FOR NSW

[1] Irrespective of how trends in recorded crime are presented, their interpretation is a difficult task. The recorded criminal incident data presented in this report are based on information derived from the NSW Police Force Computerised Operational Policing System (COPS), so only those incidents which are reported to, or detected by, police are included. The trends in recorded crime shown in this report will, therefore, reflect movements in the underlying factors which influence the detection, reporting and recording of crime, as well as changes in the true level of crime in the community.

[2] An alternative measure of the level of crime in Australia is available from crime victim surveys, for example the *Crime Victimization Survey* which is conducted every year by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS)¹. As well as providing an estimate of the victimisation rate at the State level for a selected set of offences, this survey measures the proportion of crimes which are not reported to police, and are therefore not recorded in the official statistics. In particular, personal crimes, such as assault and robbery, are less likely to be reported than crimes which involve households. For example, *Crime Victimization Australia, 2008-09* shows that in the 12 month period to June 2009, while 70.0 per cent of *break and enter offences* in NSW were reported to police, only 39.3 per cent of *physical assault* and 22.7 per cent of *threatened assault* was reported². Given that some offences have low reporting rates, it is possible that changes in recorded crime rates over time for these offences may be reflecting changes in reporting rates.

[3] Public willingness to report crime, however, is just one of the extraneous factors which can affect trends in recorded crime. Shifts in policing policy can also have a marked effect on the number of recorded drug offences, drink driving offences, cases of offensive behaviour or of receiving stolen goods. For these offences, therefore, recorded rates probably do not accurately reflect actual rates. For this reason, the more detailed comparisons of crime rates and examination of trends in this document are restricted to offence categories which are more likely to be reported to, rather than detected by police.

[4] The interpretation of trends in official reports of crime can be considerably more difficult than the interpretation of trends in unemployment or inflation statistics. The ease with which recorded crime statistics can be misunderstood creates a temptation to offer an authoritative explanation for each major crime trend. Indeed, in many instances it is simply impossible to state with any assurance why a particular trend has appeared. This report, therefore, confines itself to identifying and describing trends in recorded crime, rather than explaining them.

[5] For each offence category or subcategory (except murder), a statistical test for trend was applied to the monthly numbers of recorded criminal incidents over the relevant period. In the case of murder, the statistical test for trend was applied to the monthly numbers of victims over the same period. The trend test used was Kendall's rank-order correlation test (see, for example, Conover, W.J. 1980, *Practical Non-Parametric Statistics*, 2nd ed, John Wiley and Sons, pp 256-260). A two-tailed test was used to determine whether there had been an increasing or decreasing trend in the recorded numbers of criminal incidents over the relevant period covered in the report. Some month to month variations in the numbers of recorded incidents could be due in part to seasonal factors. The test for trend is not sensitive to seasonal variations; it is sensitive only to a generally increasing or generally decreasing trend over the time period examined.

[6] For the **trend tests throughout this publication**, where a statistically significant trend was found ($p < .05$), the extent of the trend is indicated by percentage change in the total number of recorded criminal incidents between the latest two consecutive 12-month periods for 24 month tests; and the average annual percentage change between the first 12-month period and the latest 12-month period for longer tests. A trend test was not performed if there were fewer than 20 incidents in any of the years for the period in question. The result ' . ' indicates that a trend test was not performed. A non-significant test result ($p > .05$) is denoted by 'Stable' or by 'ns' in some larger LGA tables.

[7] In order to present an overview of crime trends in NSW the information in Section 1 relates to aggregate *violent and property crime*. Violent offences include: *murder, assault - domestic violence related, assault - non-domestic violence related, assault police, robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, sexual assault and indecent assault / act of indecency / other sexual offences*. Property offences include: *break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, steal from retail store, steal from dwelling, steal from person, stock theft, other theft and fraud*.

[8] The ratio to NSW rate statistics are a comparison of a NSW regional rate per 100,000 population to the NSW rate per 100,000 population. A ratio of one indicates parity with the NSW rate. Ratios indicating double the NSW rate (or more) before rounding are highlighted in red, whilst ratios indicating half the NSW rate (or less) before rounding are highlighted in yellow.

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2009, *Crime Victimization Australia, 2008-09*, Cat. No. 4530.0, ABS, Sydney.

2. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2009, *Crime Victimization Australia, 2008-09*, page 15, Cat. No. 4530.0, ABS, Sydney.

3. For the **rate calculations throughout this publication**, population data were obtained from the Australian Bureau of Statistics publication: *Regional Population Growth Australia 2008-09* Cat. No. 3218 (for 2008 and 2009 population estimates). As no population estimates were available for 2010 when this report was published, rates for 2010 were calculated using 2009 population estimates.